Compact Ocean Wind Vector Radiometer: Mission Status and Future Constellations

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and STP-H8 cal/val team

STP-H8 Mission

TEMPEST (90-183 GHz) COWVR (18-34 GHz)

Space Force mission to demonstrate new low-cost microwave sensor technologies for weather

- COWVR: measures ocean surface wind vector, integrated water vapor, cloud liquid water, rain rate
- NASA provided TEMPEST flight spare: measures water vapor profile, convective precipitation
- Continuous operations since January 7, 2022 (3.4 years)
- Operations secured through August 2025 (extension in discussion with NASA/JAXA/ISS)
- Science data processing at JPL
- Supports DoD operational weather (JTWC, FNMOC, NRL) with 1-2 hour latency products
- Data distributed via PO.DAAC (updated daily)
- NASA funding supports ASAP working group for combined COWVR/TEMPEST studies

Credit D. Pettit

WIND VECTOR VALIDATION RESULTS COWVR V10 (PUBLIC RELEASE)

Credit NASA











COWVR and MetOp-B/C KNMI ASCAT Intercomparison

- COWVR matched with co-incident observations from the Advanced Scatterometer (ASCAT) on MetOp-B/C
- Match-ups defined as <25km spatial and <u>+</u> 30 mins temporal
- Both COWVR and ASCAT product quality flags applied, but no other filtering



EUMETSAT/OSI SAF, KNMI, 2019-11-15, MetOp-C ASCAT Level 2 25.0km Ocean Surface Wind Vectors





COWVR 2-Look Retrieval Algorithm

- COWVR designed for full 360° un-blocked conical scan
- Using fore and aft looks:
 - Isolates wind direction signal in V/H-pol channels which are otherwise dominated by atmosphere, significantly improving signal to noise
 - Reduces number of ambiguities by having samples at two relative wind directions
- COWVR algorithm adapted from WindSat (Brown et al., 2006)

Atmospheric attenuation

2-look algorithm Skill and Ambiguities (COWVR-ASCAT)

- Very little "nudging" required above 6m/s wind speed
- Algorithm produces 2 solutions on average, typically separated by 180°
- Still some room for improvement at lower winds to reach noise limited simulated performance







Wind Vector Comparison (COWVR-ASCAT statistics)

Wind direction uncertainty < 25° globally, better than WindSat (1-look)



Long-term Calibration and Stability



- COWVR is demonstrating electronic calibration sources for an operational conical imager
- Long-term calibration stabilized using periodic views of cold sky during ISS upward pitch maneuvers



Wind vector validation statistics stable in time relative to ASCAT

Wind Speed (COWVR-ASCAT)

Wind Direction(COWVR-ASCAT) WS>6m/s & > <u>+</u> 90° outliers removed



Data Access via PO.DAAC

Free Text Search	Temporal Search	
Enter search text COWVR Perform Search Reset	Start Date	
Capabilities Filter		Filter by Text
Found 3 matching dataset(s) COWVR STP-H8 Surface Wind Vector and Column-Integrated Atmospheric Watcow (COWVR_STPH8_L2_EDR_V10.0) WATER VAPOR INDICATORS SURFACE WINDS PRECIPITATION PROFILES Information Coverage Data Access Documentation Column Councertain	ipitable water vapor, and integrated Theses measurements make up the eter) sensor aboard the international over the satellite swath are available in age shown in the thumbnail is for a full	<page-header><image/><image/><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></page-header>
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٢ Feedback ➡) Log In 1000 km Public data available with 500 mi 1 day latency Each granule (file) is 1 C hour 0 1/7/2022 to present +-Mar May

Apr

Jun

Jul

Compact Ocean Wind Vector Radiometer (COWVR) Environmental Data Record (EDR) Quick-start Users Guide

1

Prepared by: Shannon Brown (shannon.t.brown@jpl.nasa.gov), Mary Morris Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology Date: 9/25/2024 Version 1.0



- Quick start user guide available on PO.DAAC
- Short document to get acquainted with data fields, flagging, ISS considerations, etc.

Unique COWVR Sampling from ISS



COWVR 3.5-Year Annual Mean Wind Speed and Direction

Diurnal Sampling

Good sampling over diurnal cycle each month

Diurnal Sampling Near Equator



Annual Harmonic Amplitude (Zonal)



1st Harmonic



Zonal: Annual 2nd Harmonic



2nd Harmonic

Annual Harmonics Amplitude (Meridional)



Meridional: Annual 2nd Harmonic



1st Harmonic



2nd Harmonic

1

Diurnal Harmonic Amplitude (Zonal)





2nd Harmonic



Zonal: Diurnal 2nd Harmonic



Diurnal Harmonic Amplitude (Meridional)





2nd Harmonic







Compact Ocean Wind Vector Radiometer (COWVR) technology demonstrated:

Enables a low-cost constellation for rapid revisit ocean vector wind measurement and microwave imaging supplementing operational scatterometer constellation in SSO orbits



+C/X-band configuration

Mission Status

- **COWVR design is validated** for precision microwave imagery and retrievals
- Paves way for new class of small-satellite conical microwave imagers (NASA AOS, DoD, NOAA)
- Uniquely samples winds combined with atmosphere over diurnal cycle
- Providing low-latency (~2 hour) operational data since September 2022
- All COWVR and TEMPEST data, including L2 (EDRs), are **available on NASA Earth Data through PO.DAAC** (search COWVR)
- COWVR will remain operational on ISS through at least August 2025 and may continue into 2026

Small Satellite Conical Microwave Imagers Are Ready!



Support arm blockage correction implemented in ATCF imagery starting November 2024 adding extra 40% to swath





Support arm blockage correction implemented in ATCF imagery starting November 2024 adding extra 40% to swath



Applied as an angle dependent spillover correction





AL12 Kirk 10/4/2024



AL12 Kirk 10/4/2024

2

Hurricane Gilma 8/24/2024

> Cat 5 Hurricane Milton 10/8/2024

Archive Access our old version of TCWeb



ISS COWVR/TEMPEST TC Imagery Available on the NRL TC-Web page



https://www.nrlmry.navy.mil/tcweb/active/?stormId=EP072023&platform=iss

Credit NRL

COWVR Imagery Available in Automated Tropical Cyclone Forecasting System (ATCF)

TS 20W (ROKE) - 30 Sep / 114044Z

Latency typically 2 hours







About Ares Ares Support

2006Z 2106Z 2106Z NEW CALEDON

The Automated Tropical Cyclone Forecasting System (ATCF[®]) developed by NRL Monterey is a computer based application designed to automate and optimize the forecasting process at operational U.S. Department of Defense and National Weather Service tropical cyclone warning centers.

Credit NRL

TC Imagery

Operational Users

- The Joint Typhoon Warning Center
- The Naval Pacific Meteorology and Oceanography Center
- The Naval Atlantic Meteorology and Oceanography Center
- The National Hurricane Center
- The Central Pacific Hurricane Center

"This work uses the GeoIPS(R) software package written and developed by the Naval Research Laboratory Marine Meteorology Division. https://github.com/NRLMMD-GEOIPS/"

COWVR/TEMPEST Synergy (July 20, 2024, Central Atlantic)

Convection from TEMPEST with COWVR surface wind direction

JPL Compact Ocean Wind Vector Radiometer

Small-sat Compatible Design

Only reflector rotates

Simple spin mechanism

Single broadband feed horn

Fully polarimetric

360° Conical Scan (fore/aft)



Built for 20% of the cost of a traditional microwave imager, with 100% of the data quality