

New Release of Oceanic Scatterometer and Radiometer Turbulent Air-Sea Fluxes

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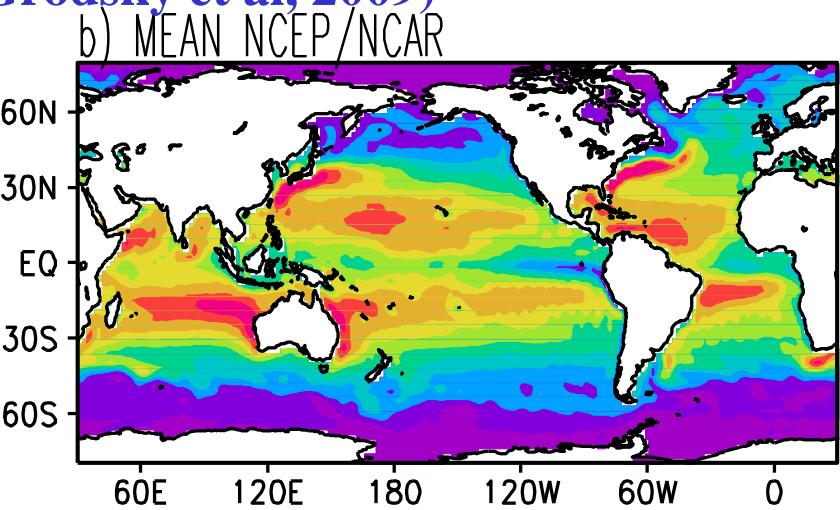
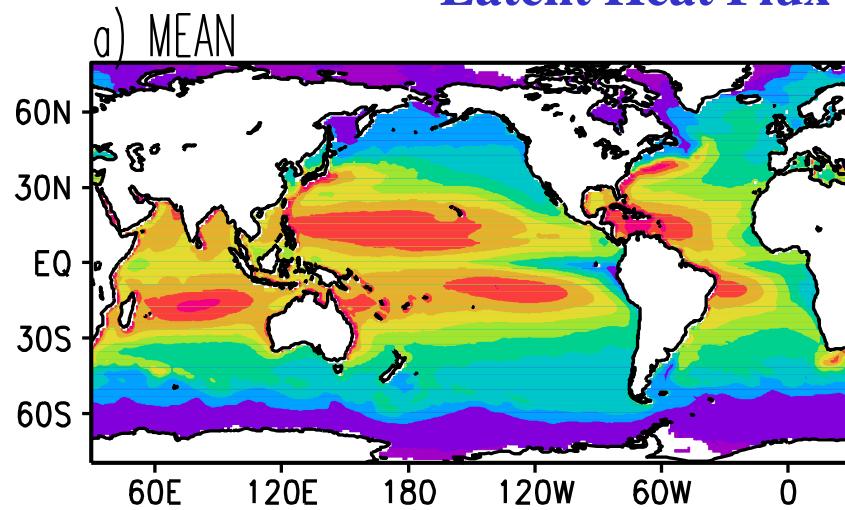
Univ de Bretagne Ouest (LPO/UBO). France.

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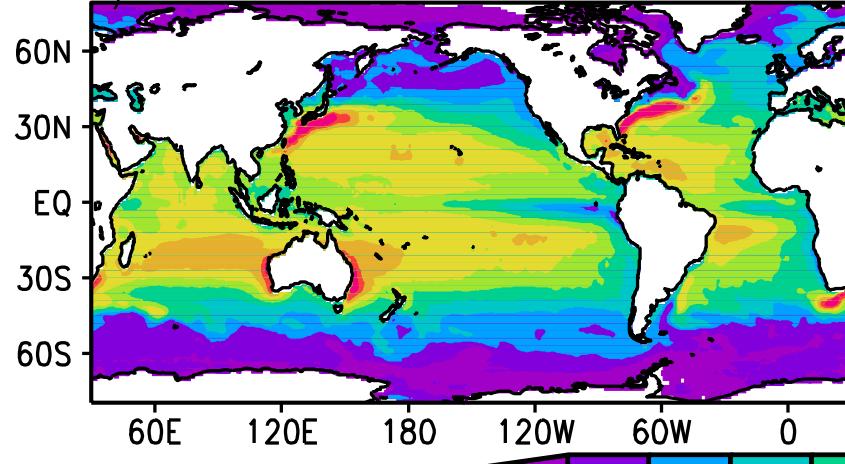
➤ Background

❑ 17 years of Satellite Fluxes over Global Ocean (Weekly / Monthly / $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$)

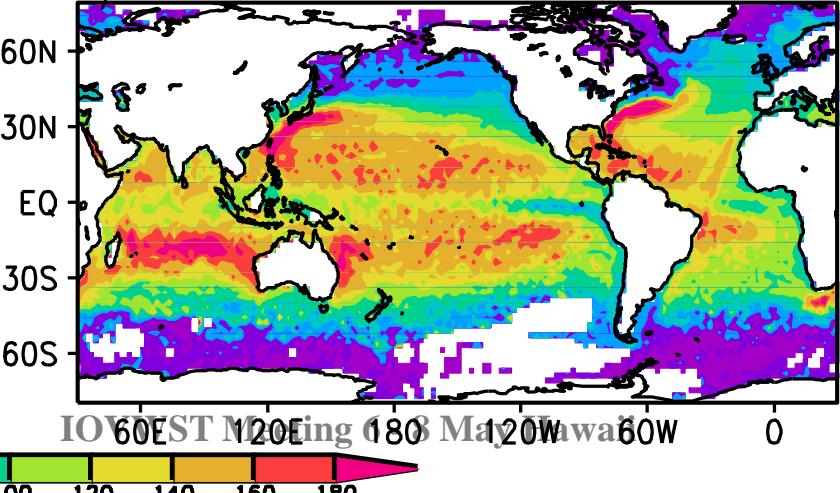
Latent Heat Flux (Grodsky et al, 2009)



c) MEAN WHOI

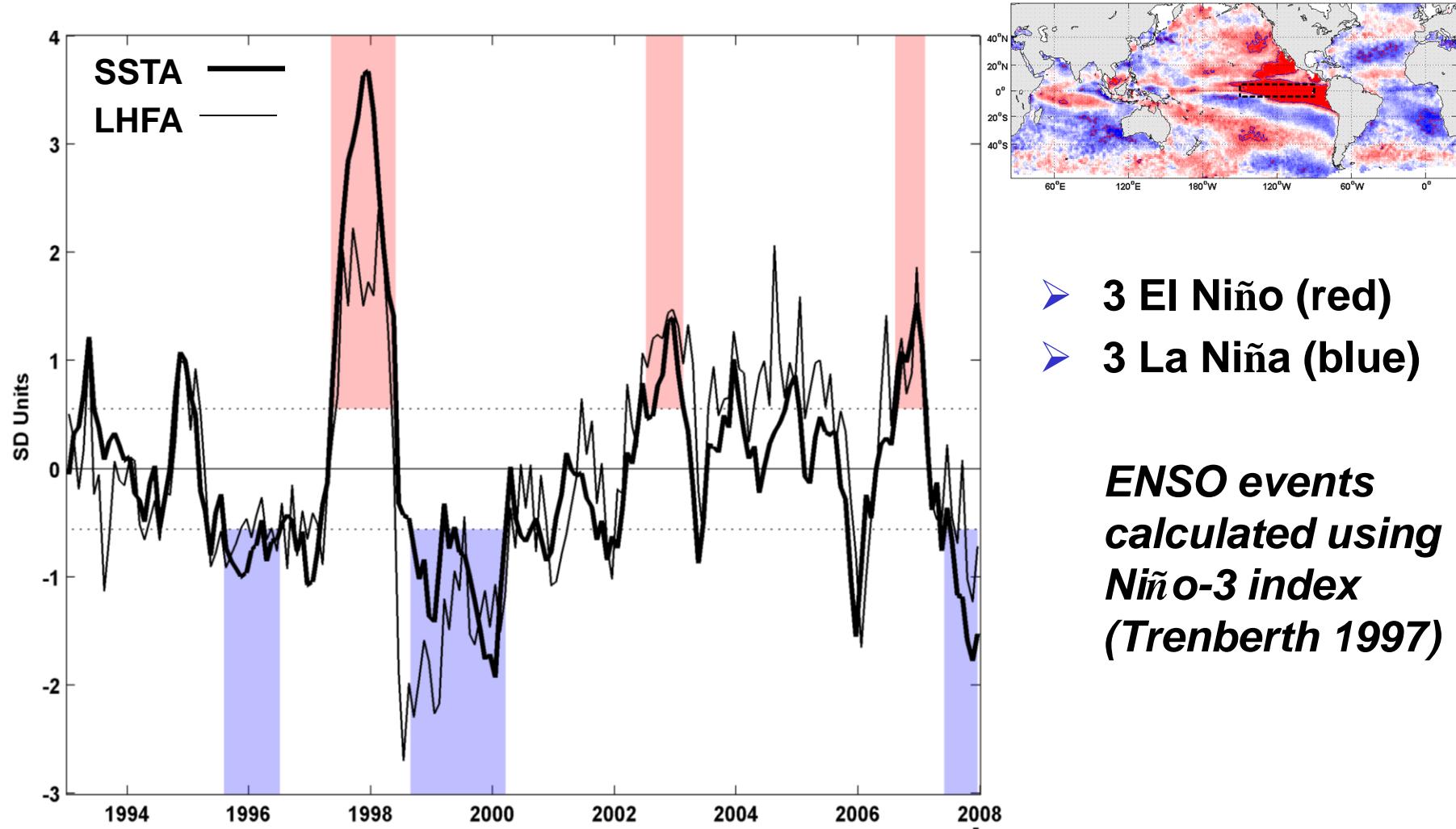


d) MEAN ICOADS



ENSO Signal in LHF (Mestas et al, 2013)

Definition: El Niño and La Niña periods occur when the smoothed (5-month running) Niño-3 SSTAs remain warmer than 0.5°C or colder than -0.5°C for at least six consecutive months (*Trenberth ,1997*)



Turbulent Flux Accuracy Requirements

Grodsky S. A., A. Bentamy, J. A. Carton, R. T. Pinker , 2009: Intraseasonal latent heat flux based on satellite observations *Journal of Climate* 2009 early online release, posted April 2009 DOI: 10.1175/2009JCLI2901.1

Santorelli A. , R. T. Pinker, A. Bentamy, K. B. Katsaros, W. M. Drennan, A. M. Mestas-Nuñez, J. A. Carton· 2011 : Differences between two estimates of air-sea turbulent heat fluxes over the Atlantic Ocean. *JGR*, VOL. 116, C09028, 19 PP., doi:10.1029/2010JC006927



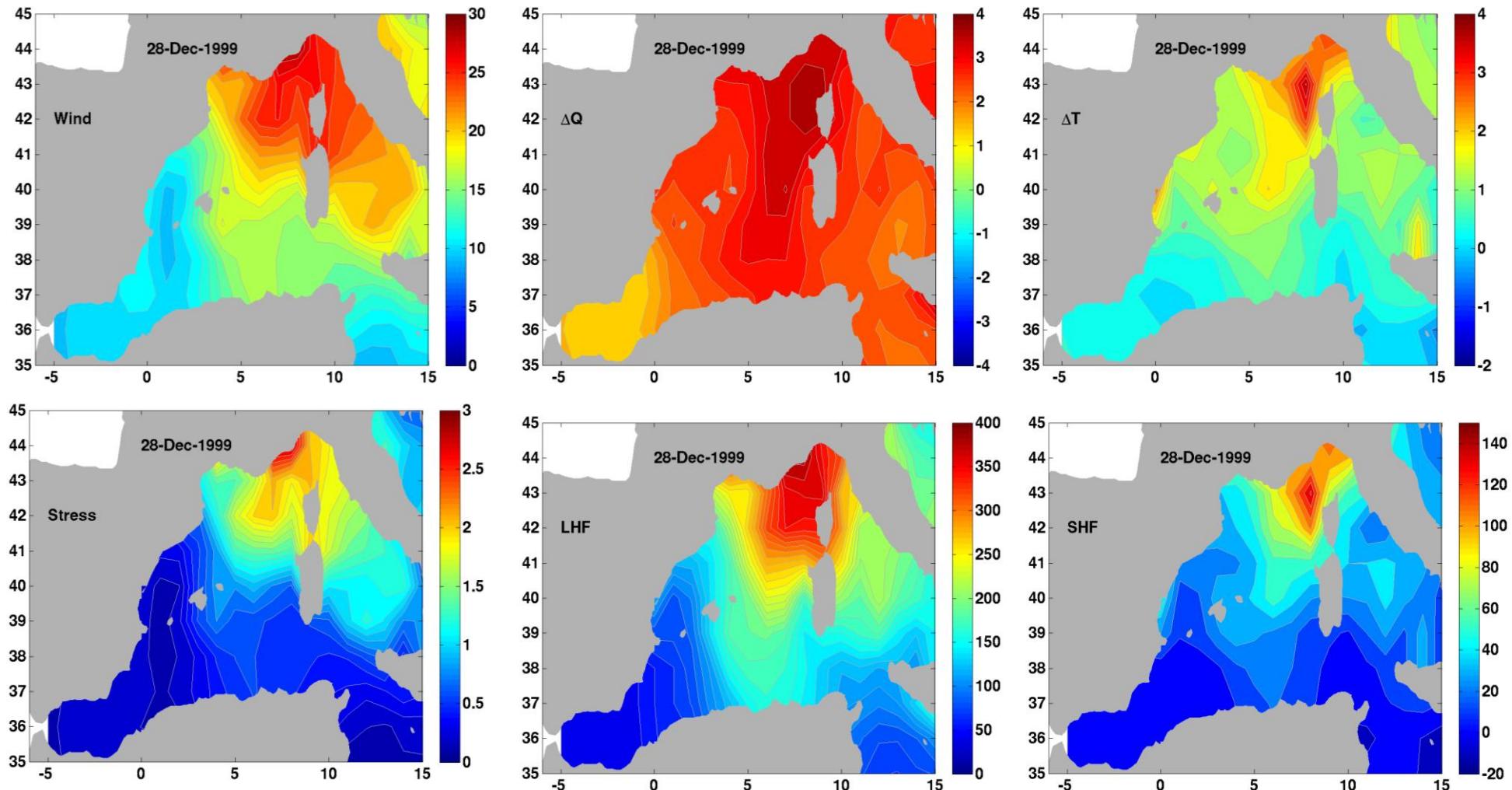
- Improvements of:
 - Specific air humidity
 - Surface wind speed
 - Air Temperature
- Improvement of spatial and temporal resolutions

New Release of Turbulent Fluxes (Bentamy *et al*, 2013)

Main Changes

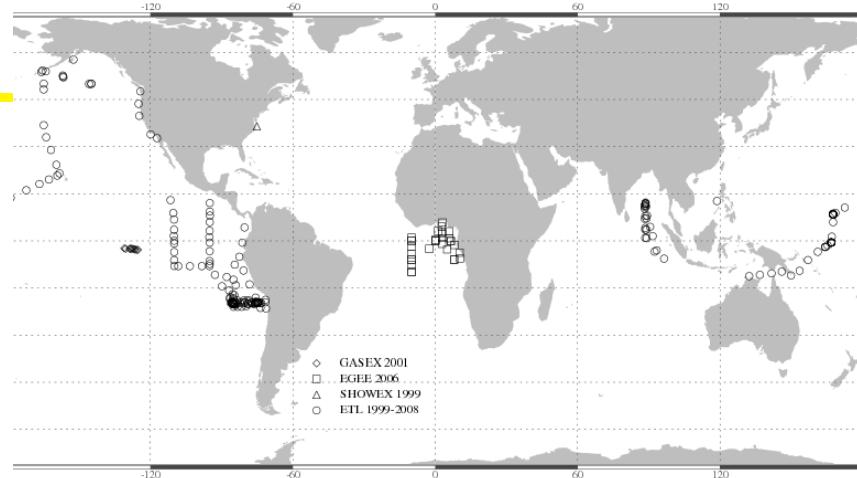
- **Wind :**
 - QuikScat retrievals (V3 (Fore *et al*, 2011)) including (Bentamy *et al*, 2012) results
 - **Specific Air Humidity :**
$$qa_{10} = f_1(Tb_{19V}) + f_2(Tb_{19H}) + f_3(Tb_{22V}) + f_4(Tb_{37V}) + g(\text{SST}) + h(\Delta T)$$
Tb are from SSM/I F11 – F15
 - **Air Temperature:**
 - Corrected Era Interim
 - **Sea Surface Temperature**
 - HR SST V2 (Reynolds *et al*, 2007)
- **Objective Method** (Bentamy *et al* , 2011)
**Calculations of Global Daily and Monthly
0.25°x0.25° Flux Analyses.**

Daily Fluxes from Remotely Sensed Data

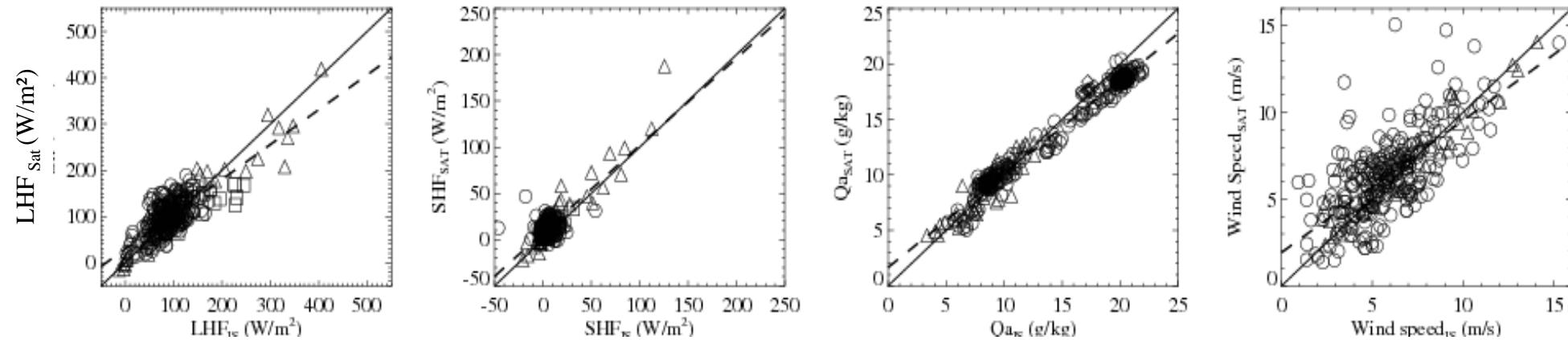


Assessment of the Turbulent Flux Accuracy

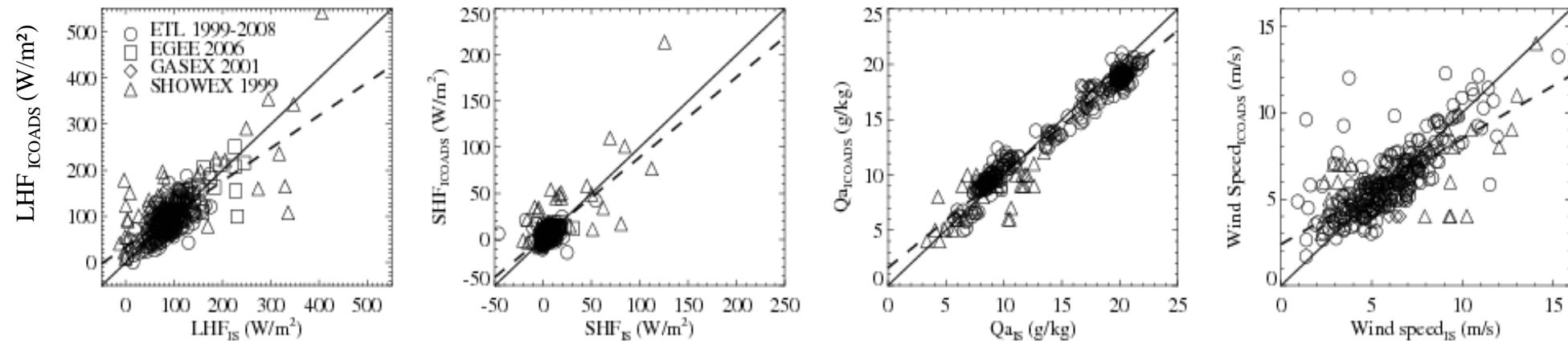
► Spatial and temporal Collocation of Daily Estimates



In-Situ / Satellite

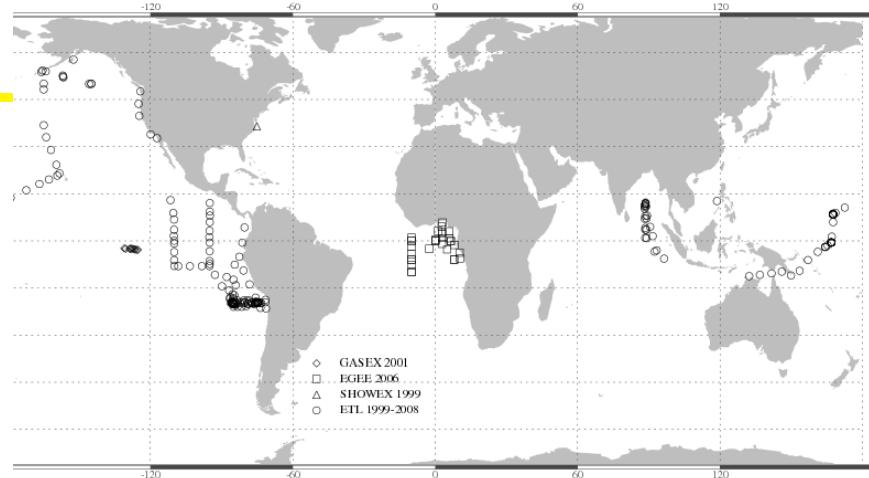
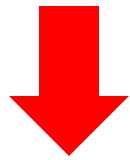


In-Situ / ICOADS(Berry et al, 2011)



Assessment of the Turbulent Flux Accuracy

- Spatial and temporal Collocation of Daily Estimates
- Outliers are excluded



	LHF (W/m ²)		SHF(W/m ²)		Stress(10 ⁻³ N/m ²)	
	Bias	SDE	Bias	SDE	Bias	SDE
Brunke <i>et al,</i> 2011	Ifremer	-6.0	31.5	-1.9	11.9	-7.5
	ERA-I	17.6	34.7	2.7	14.2	-2.3
	CFSR	19.3	44.8	-0.3	22.6	4.8
	HOAPS	1.7	50.3	-1.4	18.1	89.1
	OAFLUX	11.6	41.0	2.2	18.1	

ICOADS / Satellite Comparisons

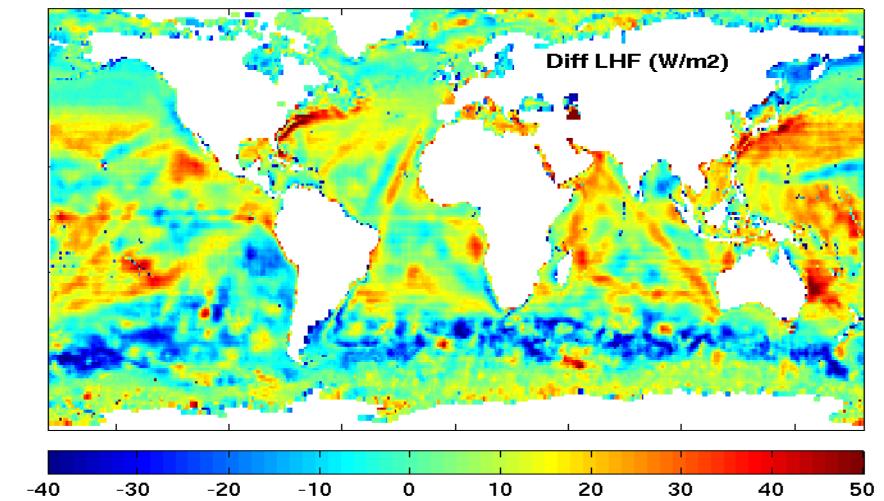
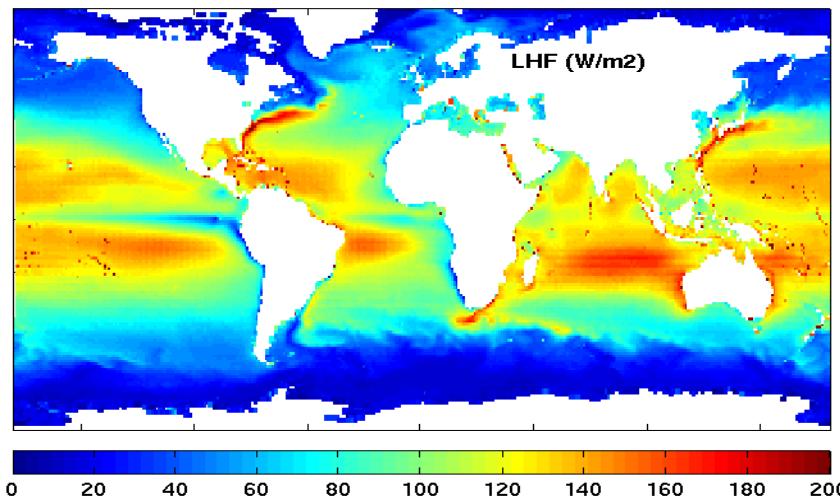
Impact of Basic Variables

$$dLhf = (\partial Lhf / \partial U)dU + (\partial Lhf / \partial Ce)dCe + (\partial Lhf / \partial Qa)dQa + (\partial Lhf / \partial Qs)dQs$$

$$= dLHF_U + dLHF_{Ce} + dLHF_{Qa} + dLHF_{Qs}$$

$$Lhf = \rho \times Lv \times U \times (Qs - Qa)$$

$$dU = U_{noCS} - U_{satellite}; dCe = Ce_{noCS} - Ce_{satellite}; dQa = Qa_{noCS} - Qa_{satellite}; dQs = Qs_{noCS} - Qs_{satellite}$$



ICOADS / Satellite Comparisons

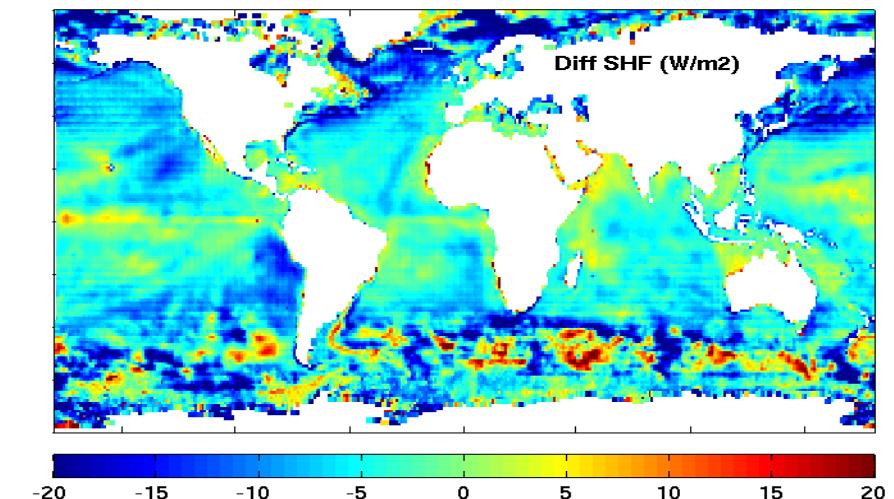
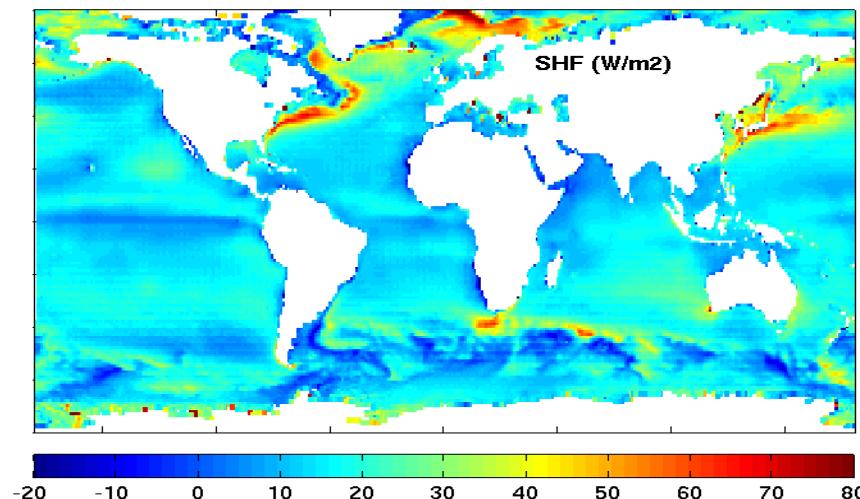
Impact of Basic Variables

$$dShf = (\partial Lhf / \partial U)dU + (\partial Lhf / \partial Ch)dCh + (\partial Lhf / \partial Ta)dTa + (\partial Lhf / \partial Sst)dSst$$

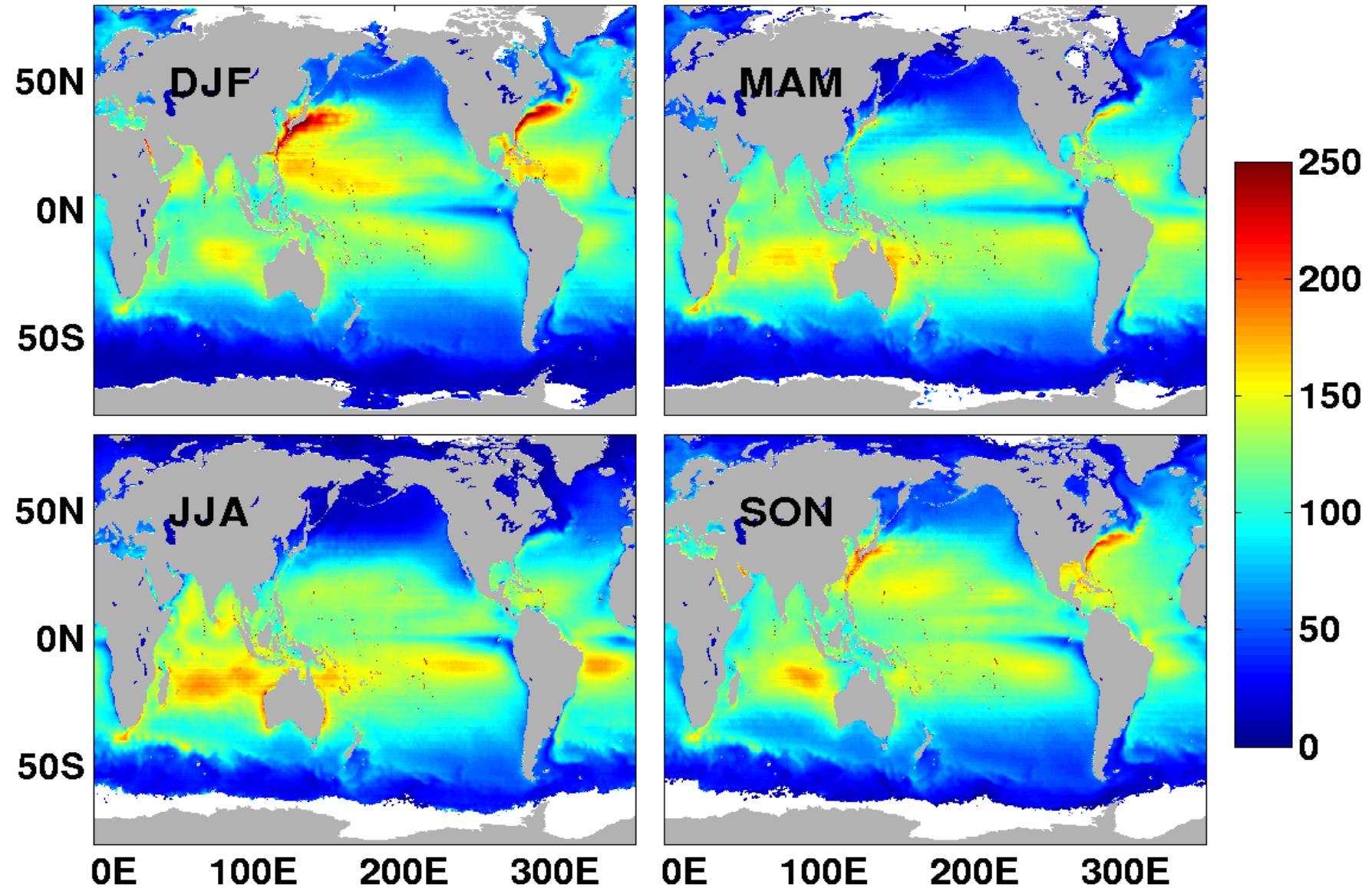
$$= dLHF_U + dLHF_{Ch} + dLHF_{Ta} + dLHF_{Sst}$$

$$Shf = \rho \times CP \times U \times (Sst - Ta)$$

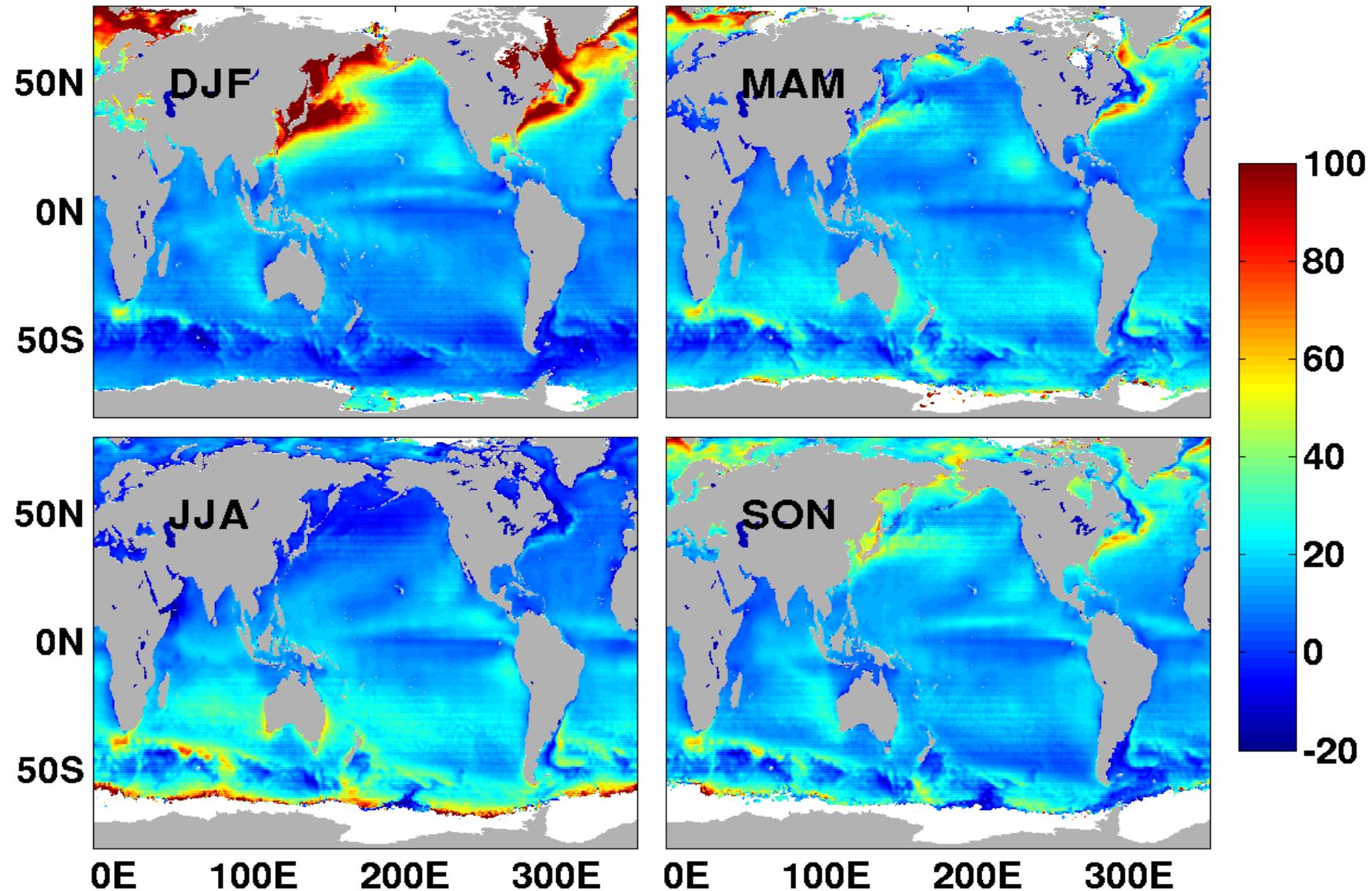
$$dU = U_{buoy} - U_{satellite}; dCh = Ch_{buoy} - Ch_{satellite}; dTa = Ta_{buoy} - Ta_{satellite}; dSst = Qsst_{buoy} - Qsst_{satellite}$$



LHF Seasonal Patterns



SHF Seasonal Patterns



Summary / Perspectives

- Flux Improvements are achieved
- Better Results at global scale
- Good Agreement with In-situ Estimates
- Long Time Series: 1999 - 2009
- Further Validations
- Spatial and Temporal Resolutions Issues
- Forcing Impact : exp. Upwelling systems
- Extended Time Period: 1992 - 2012