

High Winds and Orographic Wind Jets from QuikSCAT

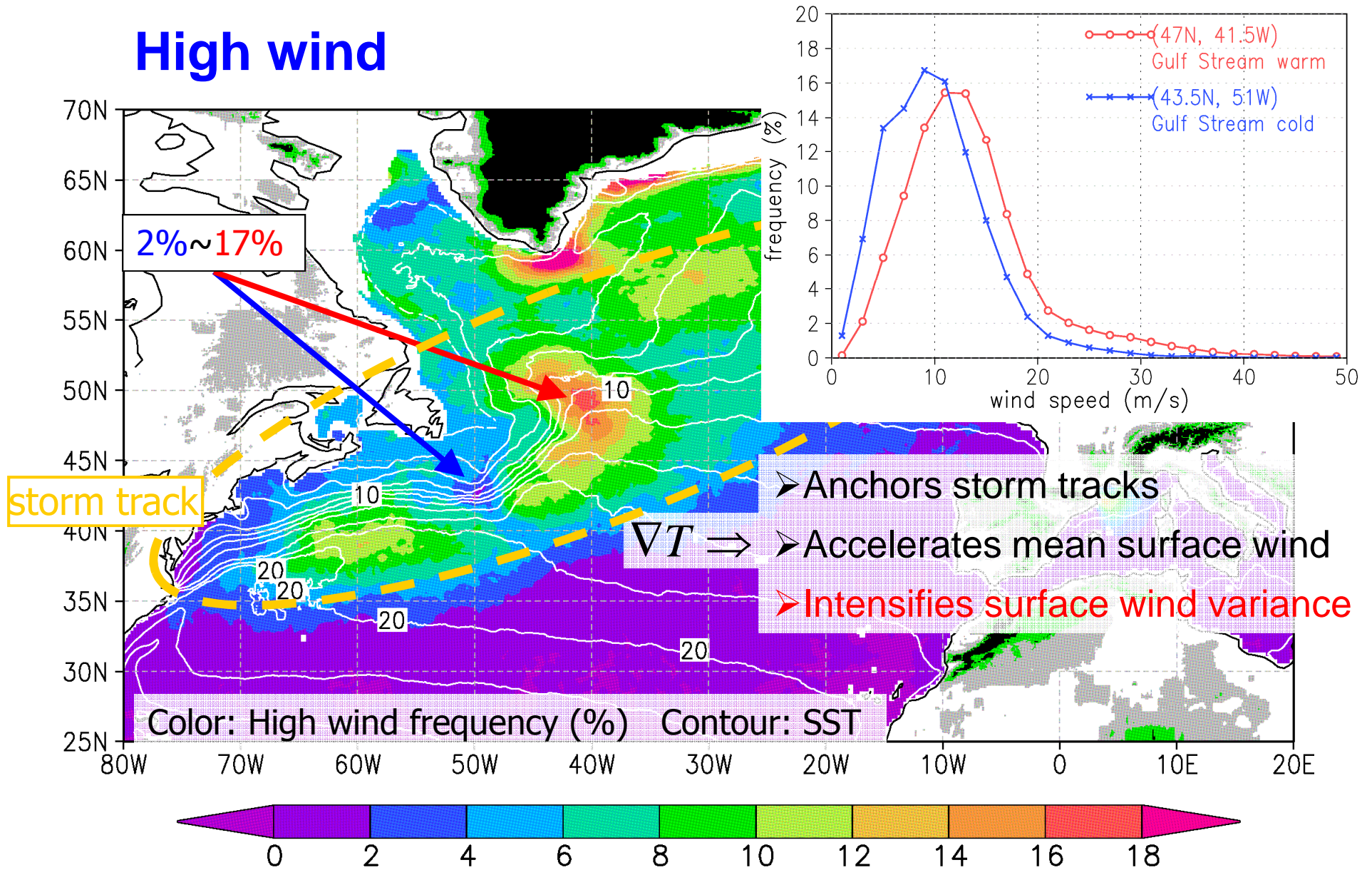
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With Hiroki Tokinaga, Takeaki Sampe, Shing Chang,
Ed Yang, Sachiko Yoshida

Scatterometer and climate

- Input for NWP analysis
- **Driving field for high-resolution ocean models**: importance of continuity and consistency
- **Multi-sensor** (e.g. SSH) **synthesis** for climate research ($\sqrt{\text{mean state}}$; $\sqrt{\text{intraseasonal}}$, interannual, decadal-secular)
 - High winds
 - Orographic effects
 - Ocean fronts

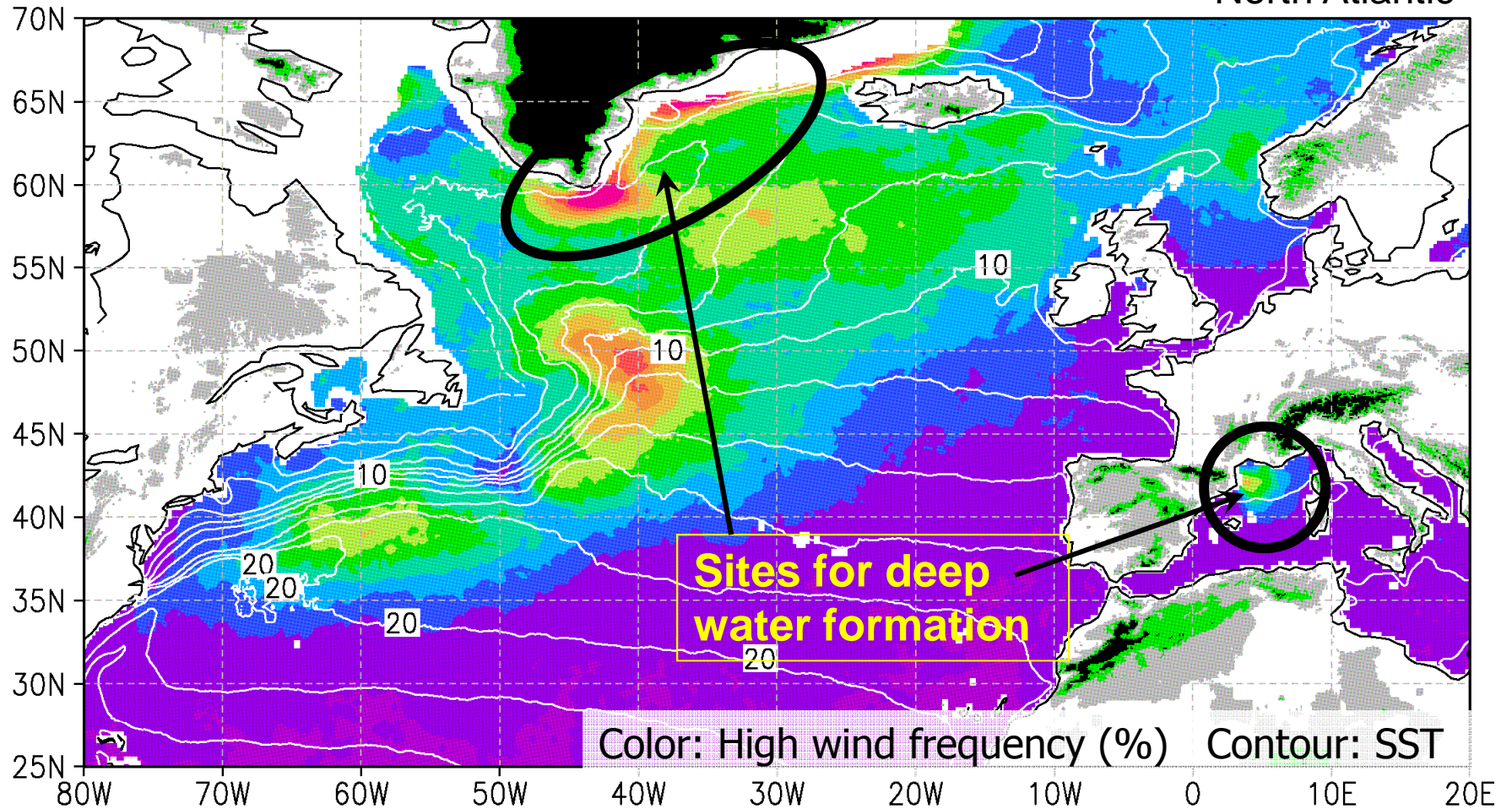
High wind



● SST frontal effects (more frequent over warmer waters)

High wind

North Atlantic

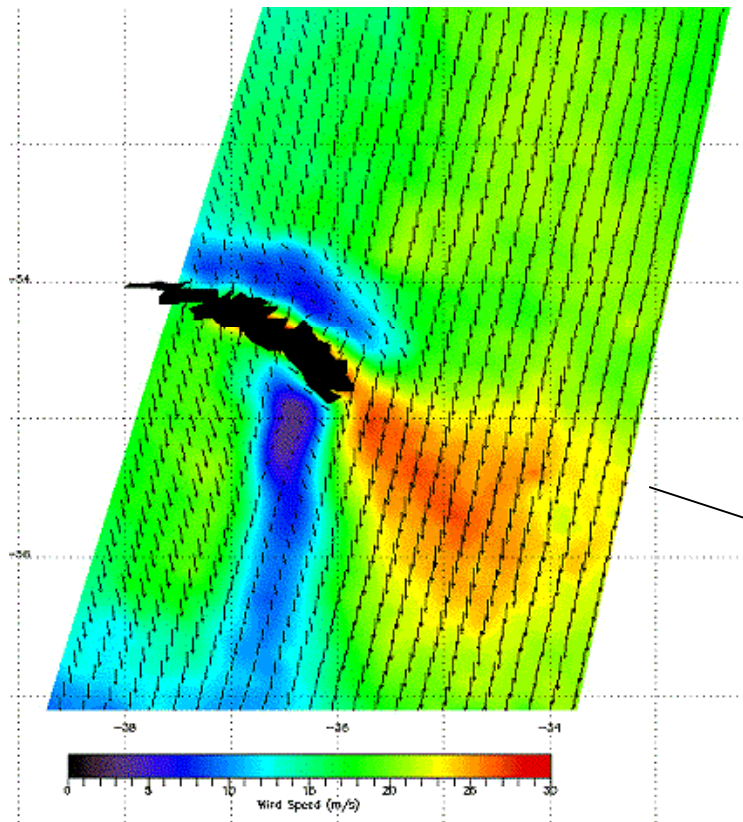


● Orography (Greenland, France-"mistral")

● Preferred sites for deep water formation

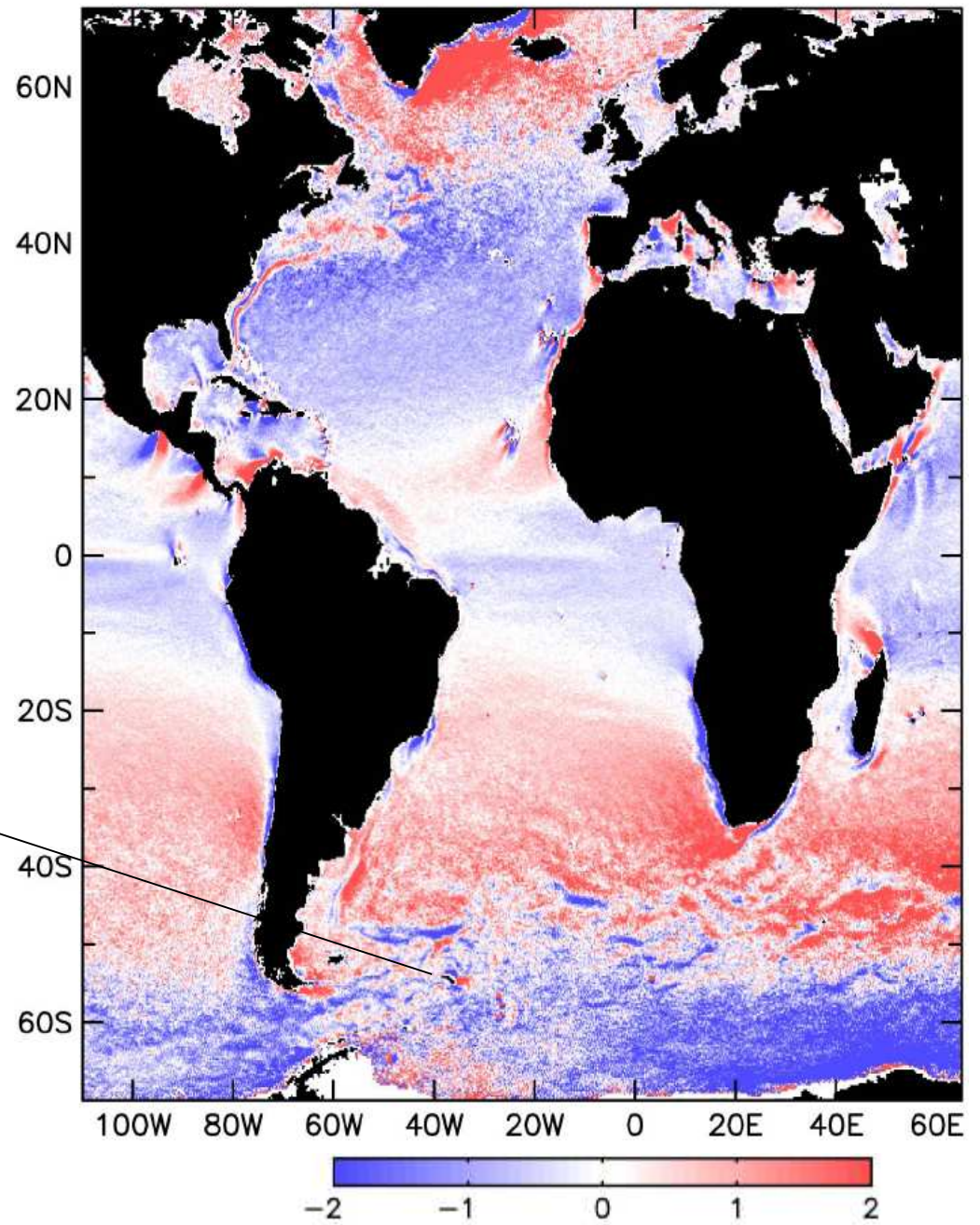
Sampe & Xie (2007, BAMS)

Orographic wind jets



Five distinct wind regimes near South Georgia Island in NSCAT (M. Freilich)

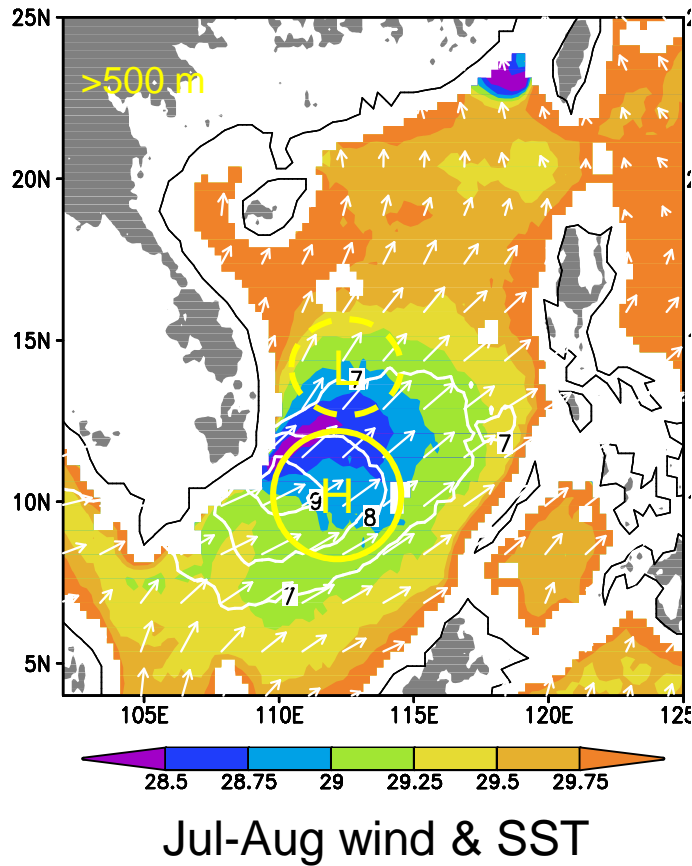
QuikSCAT Wind Stress Curl



Chelton et al. (2004, *Science*)

Orographic jets → Ocean circulation (We) & SST

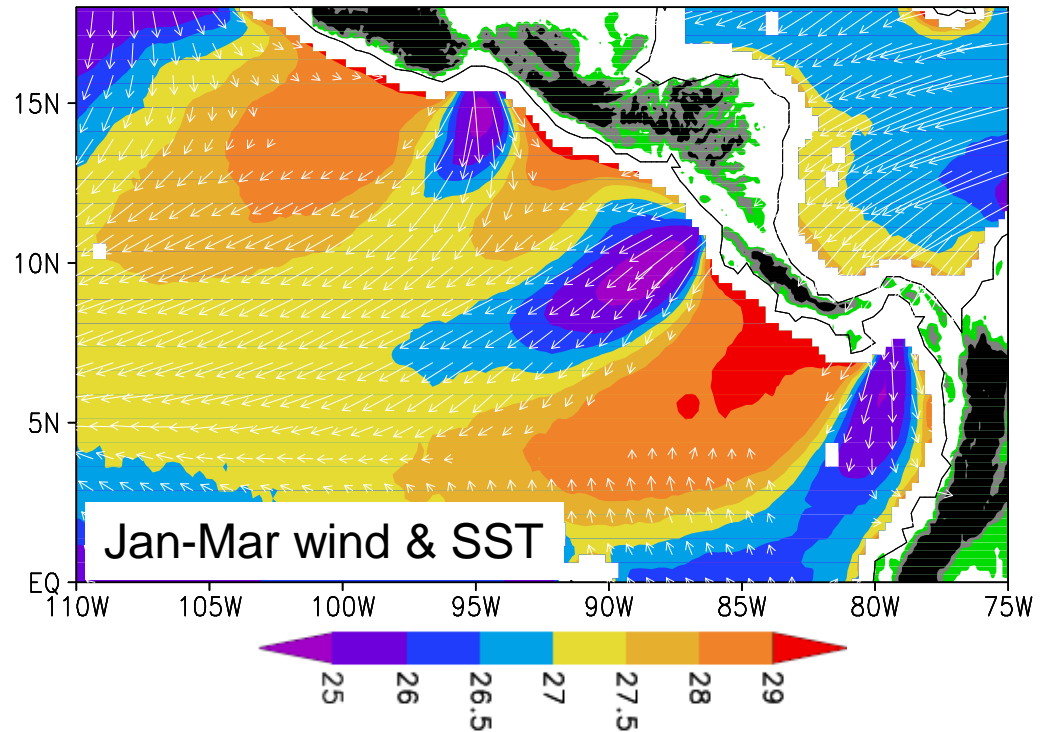
① South China Sea: orog. forcing from the **west**



Xie et al. (2003, 2007, JGR)

Comparative study at similar latitudes

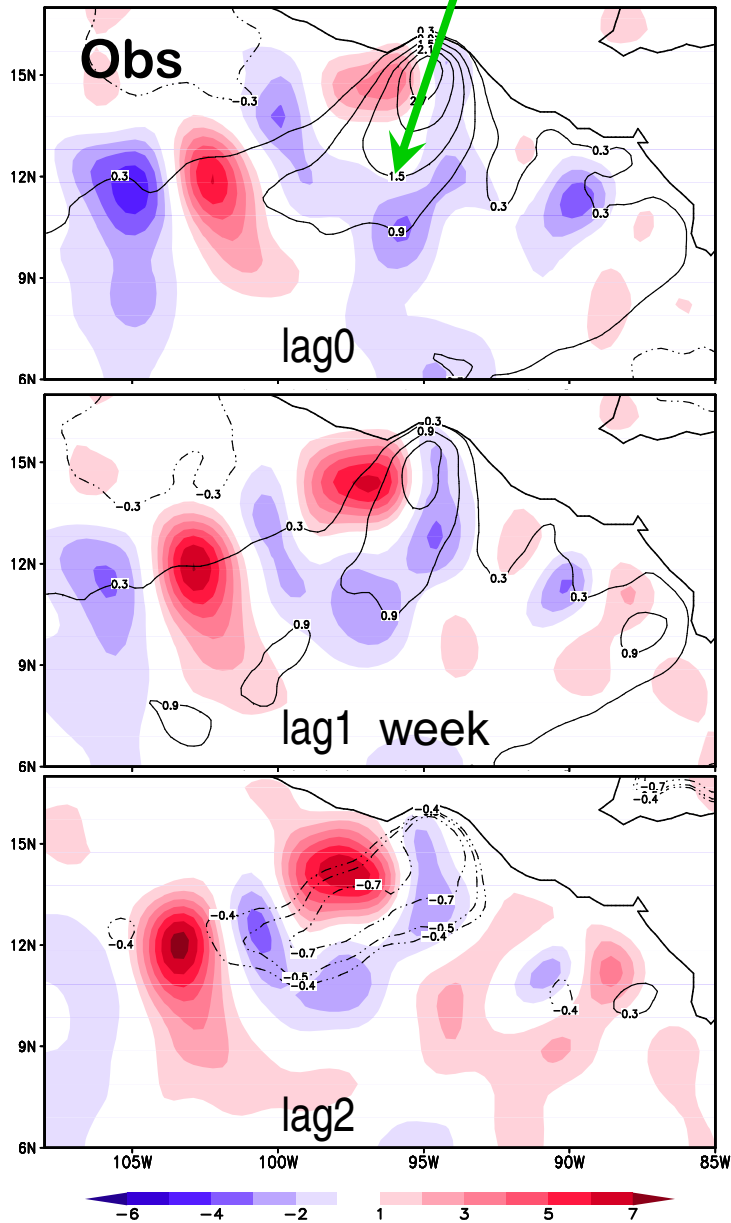
② Eastern Pacific: orog. forcing from the **east**



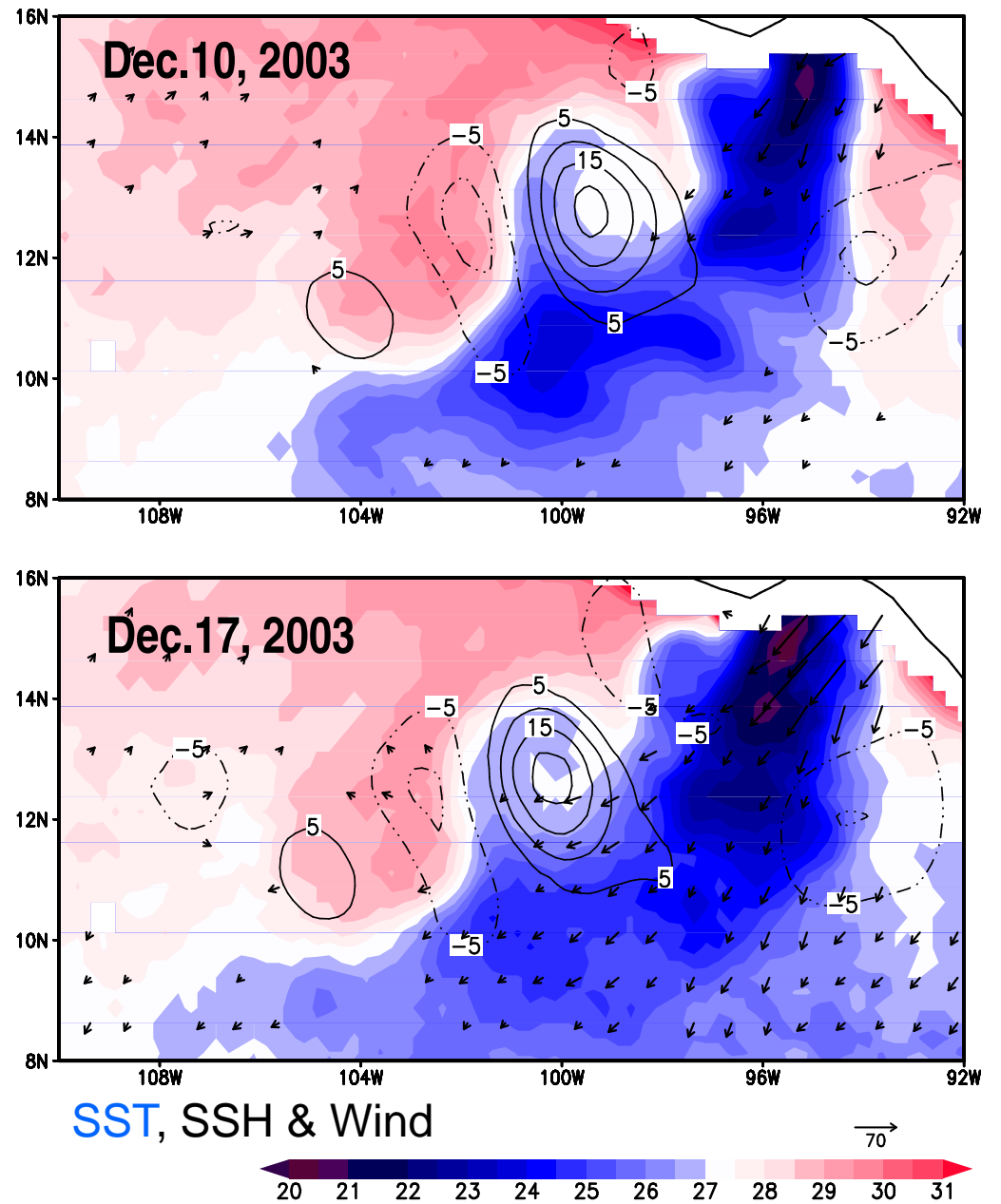
Xie et al. (2005, JC)

High-wind composites

SSH (color) & Wind speed



SST effect



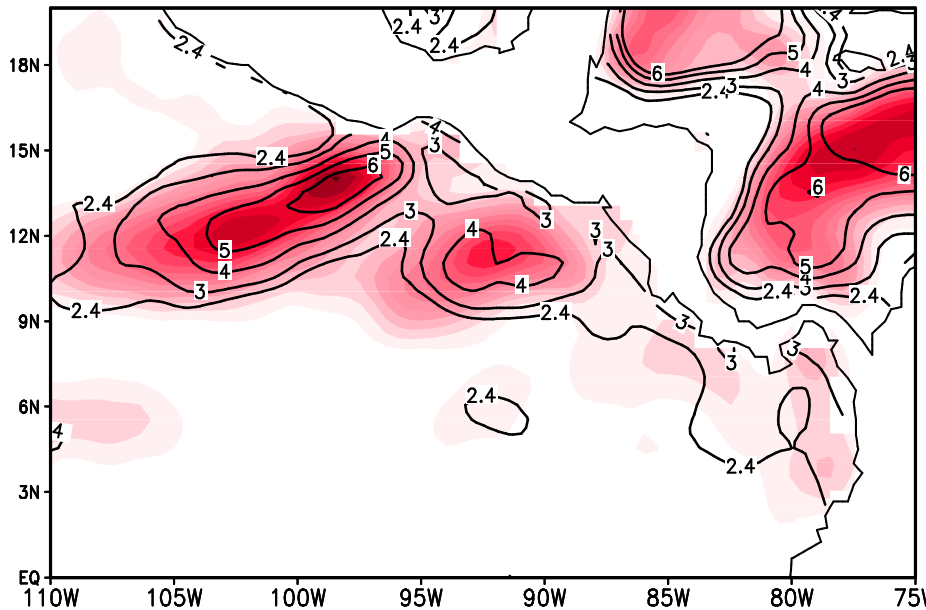
SST, SSH & Wind

Global, eddy-resolving (0.1°) hindcast (**OFES**) forced by QuikSCAT winds (1999 -)



Obs (color) vs OFES ISV

20-120-day SSHA STD (Nov-Feb)

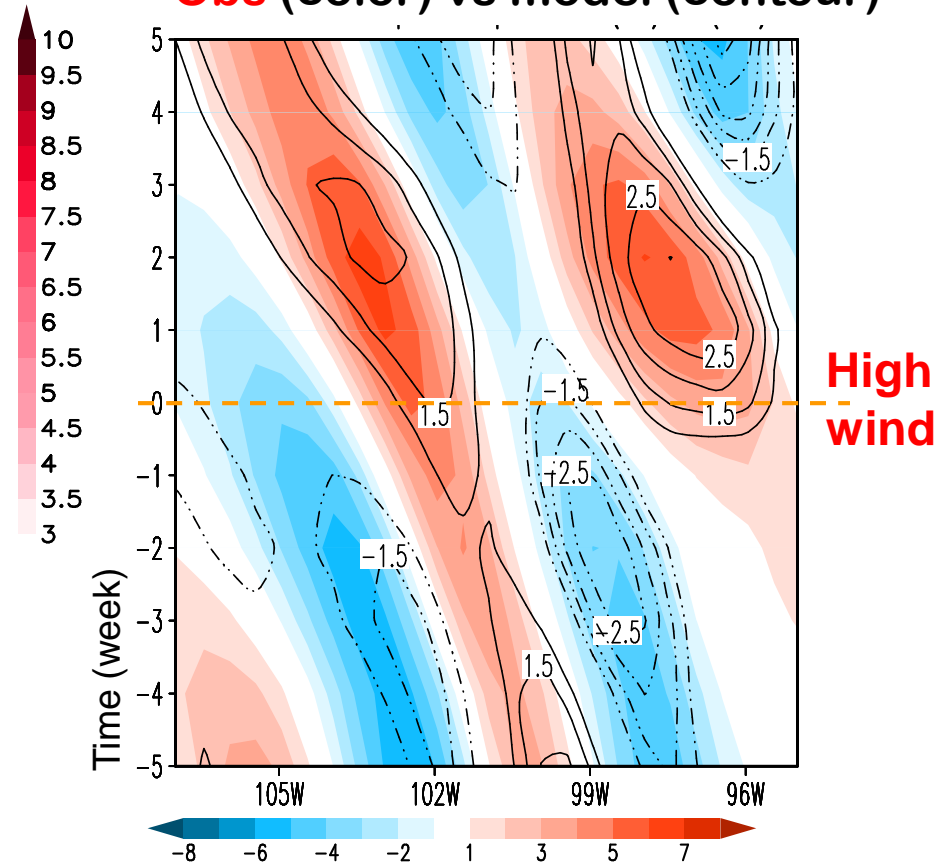


Model underestimates by 50%

← QSCAT: not enough resolution & misses high winds near coast.

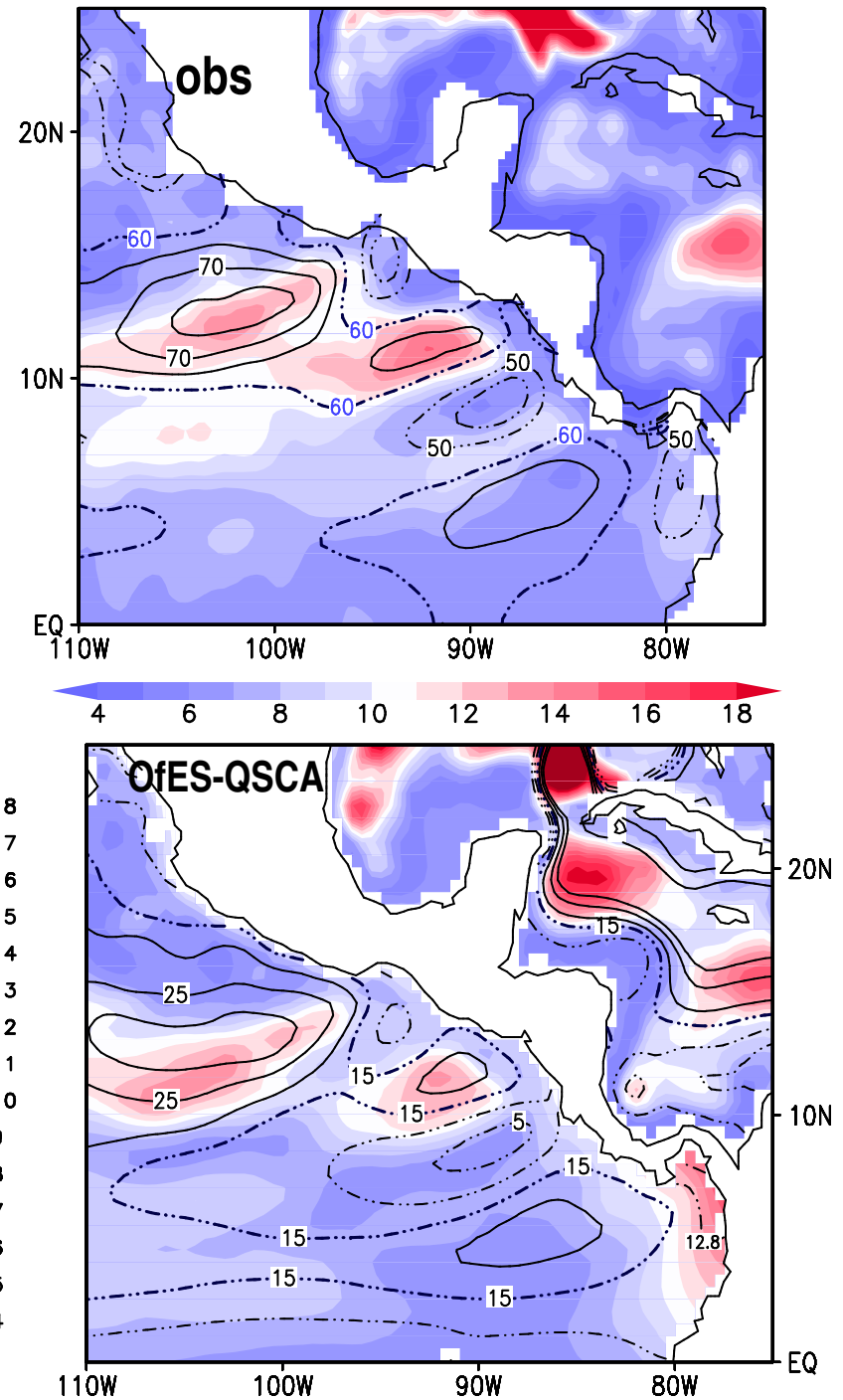
High-wind Composite of SSHA

Obs (color) vs model (contour)



Winter SSH: Mean (contour) & STD (shade)

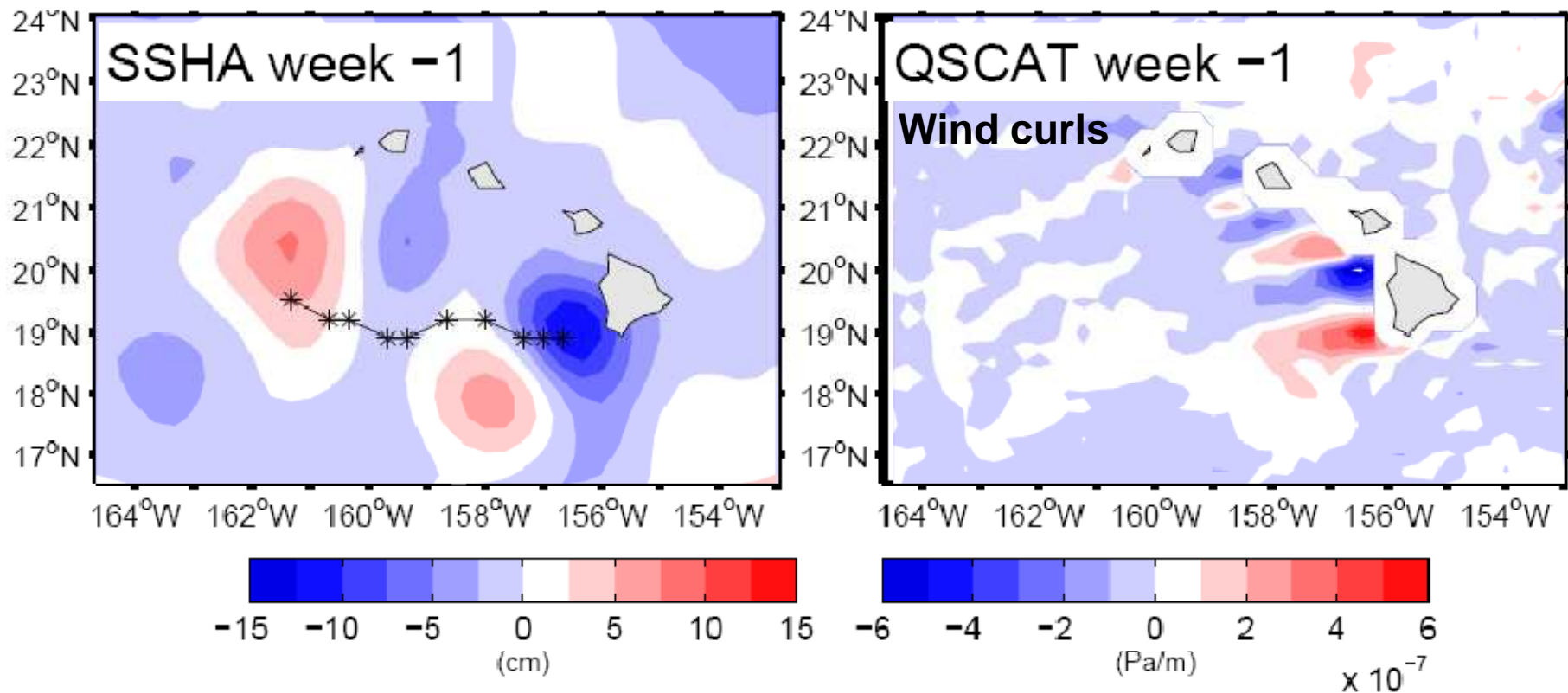
- QSCAT run captures high-variance bands but underestimate amplitudes ($\sigma \sim 20$ vs. 14 cm)
- NCEP run fails to simulate patterns both in the mean and variance.



Lee cyclones of Hawaii

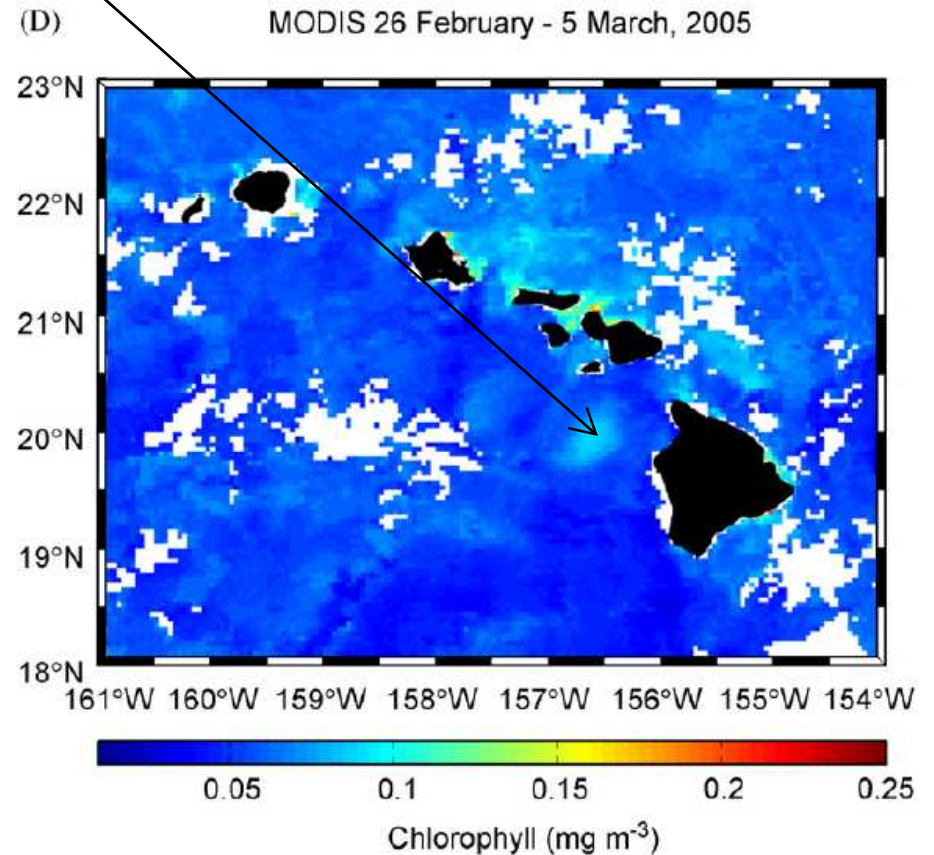
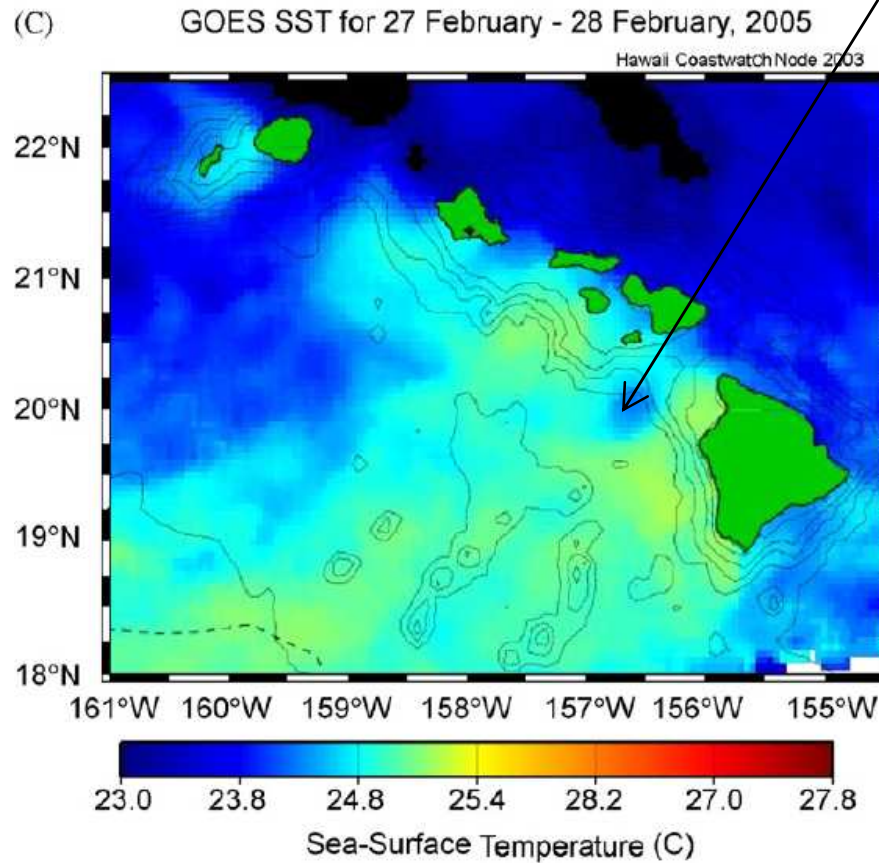
are often forced by subseasonal strengthening of the NE trades and wind wake.

Composite referenced to SSH lee of the Big Island

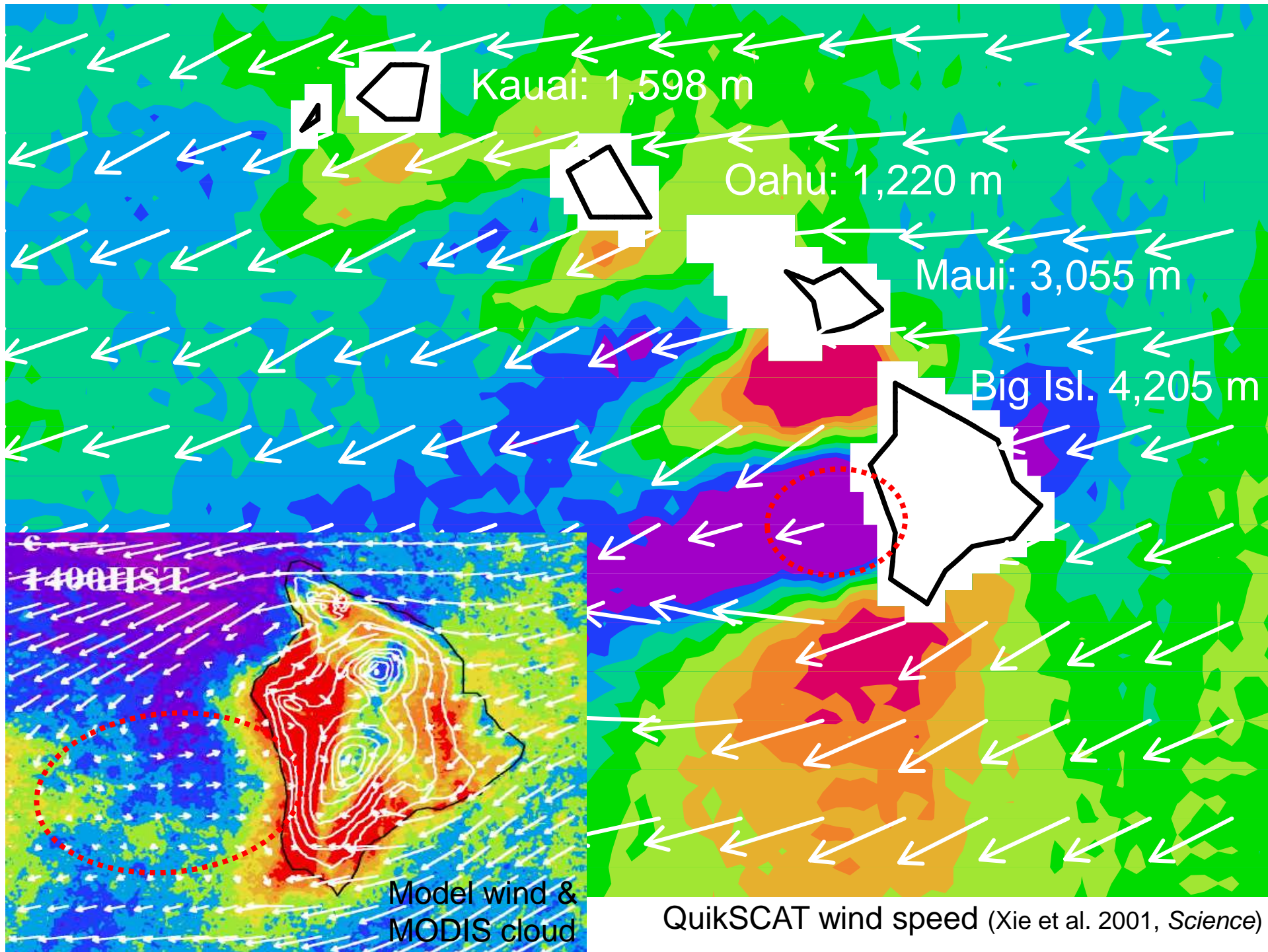


S. Yoshida, B. Qiu & P. Hacker 2009, Wind generated eddy characteristics in the lee of the island of Hawaii. *JGR-Oceans*, in revision.

Cyclone Opal (E-Flux III)



Verdeny et al, 2008, DSR



Scatterometer and climate

- **Multi-sensor** (e.g. SSH) **synthesis** for climate research (mean state & intraseasonal OK; **interannual, decadal-secular??**)
 - High winds (SST front & orography)
 - Orographic jets → subseasonal formation of mesoscale eddies with signatures in SST & bio productivity
- **Driving field for high-resolution ocean models**: importance of continuity and consistency