

Improved OVW Retrievals in Extreme High Wind Events using QuikSCAT

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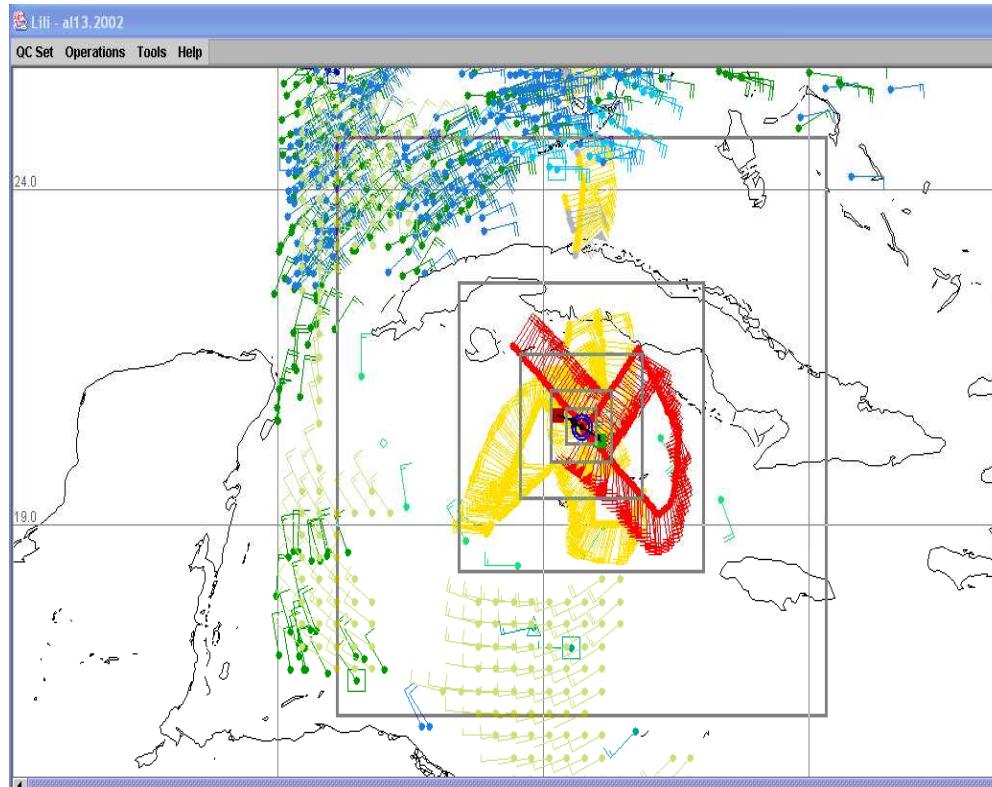
University of North Carolina – Asheville

OVWST Meeting 2008

“Q-Winds” Extreme High Wind Events Measurements

- Ocean vector winds retrieval algorithm
 - Tailored for Tropical Cyclone ocean vector wind measurements
 - High resolution 12.5 km wind vector cells
- Q-Winds OVW retrievals independent validation using
 - NOAA-HRD H*Wind analysis
 - Compared with JPL L2B-12.5 km

NOAA HRD H*Wind Surface Analysis

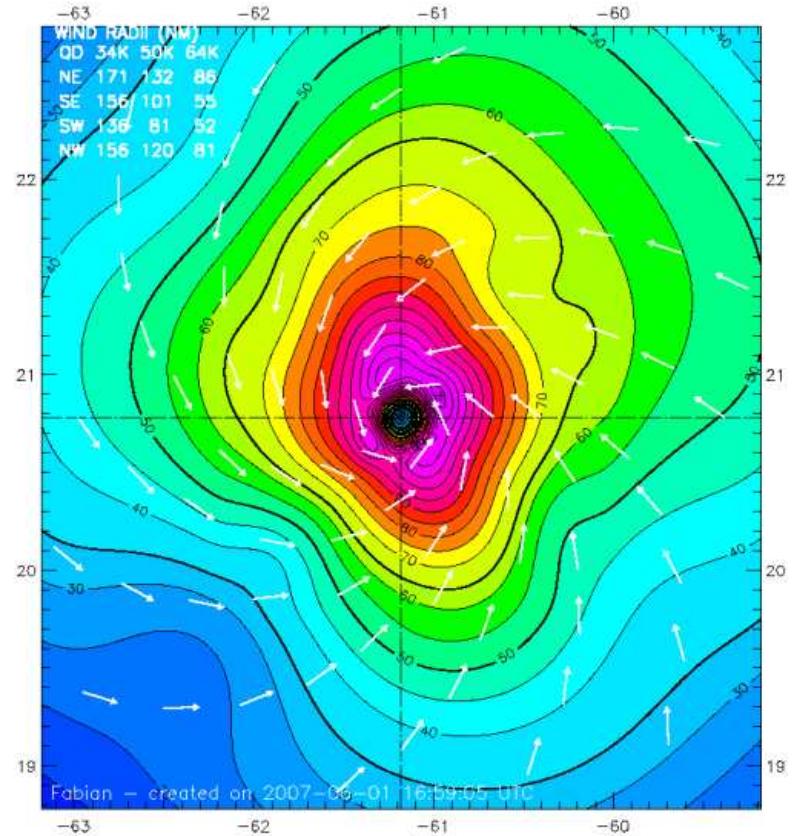


- High resolution (6 km) hurricane surface wind field, (1-min average)

Hurricane Fabian 2149 UTC 02 SEP 2003

Max 1-min sustained surface winds (kt)
Valid for marine exposure over water, open terrain exposure over land
Analysis based on GPSSONDE_MBL from 1826 - 2300 z; SHIP from 1818 - 0000 z; AFRC from 1730 - 2009 z;
DRIFTING_BUOY from 1800 - 0000 z; METAR from 1755 - 0000 z;
SFMR from 1740 - 2319 z;

2149 z position interpolated from 2100 OFCL_ATCF; mslp = 944.0 mb



Observed Max. Surface Wind: 123 kts, 16 nm NW of center based on 1933 z GPSSONDE_MBL
Analyzed Max. Wind: 123 kts, 15 nm NE of center

Experimental research product of NOAA / AOML / Hurricane Research Division

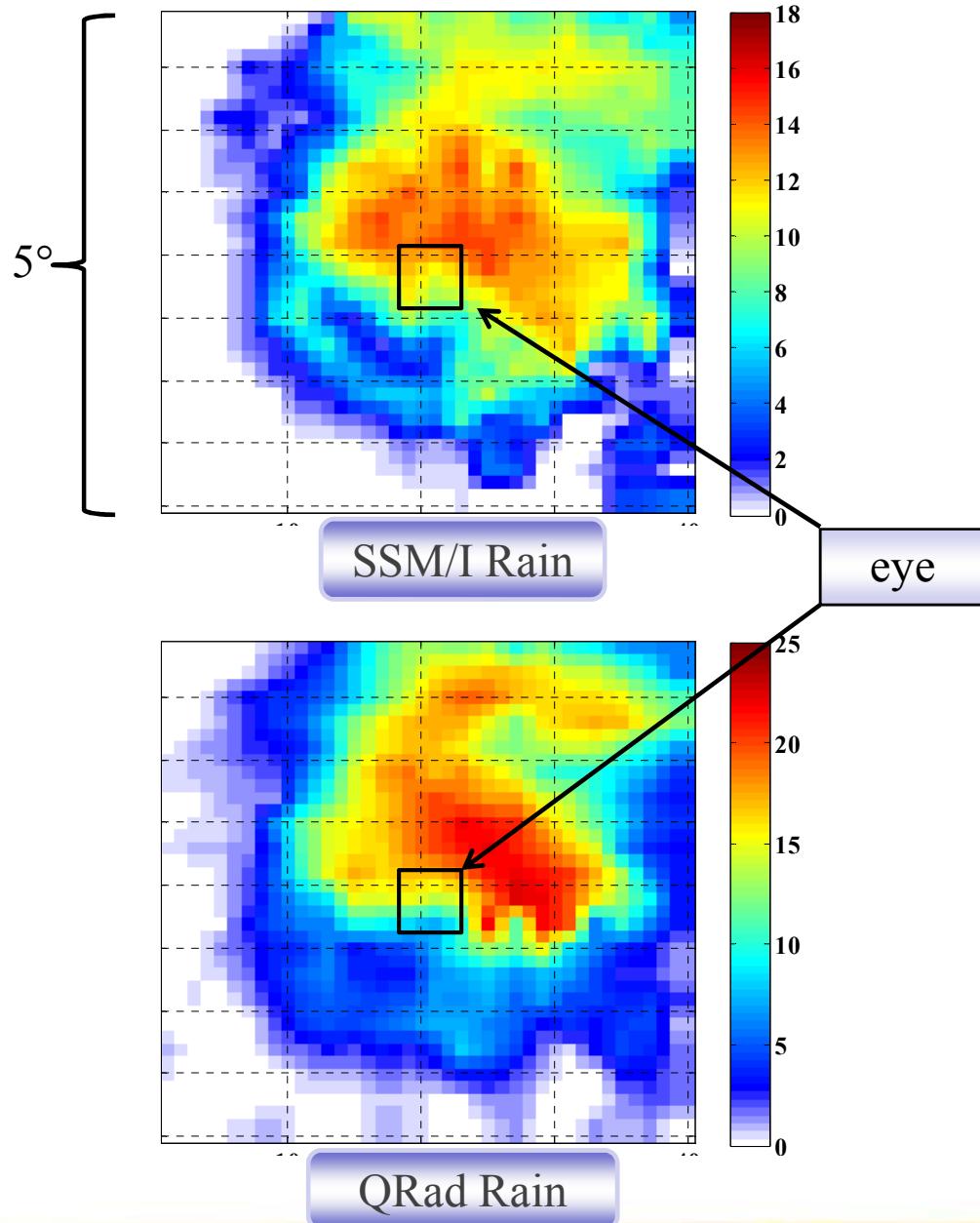
Q-Winds Attributes

Unique SeaWinds active/passive retrieval algorithm

- **QuikSCAT Radiometer (QRad) to identify rain contamination**

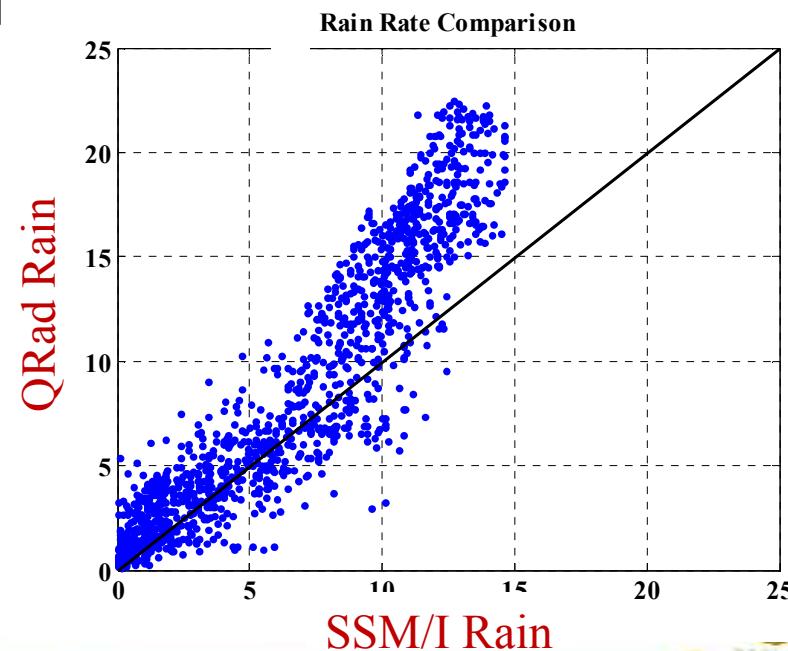
QRad & SSMI Rain Comparison in Hurricane Ivan

UCF



The good news!

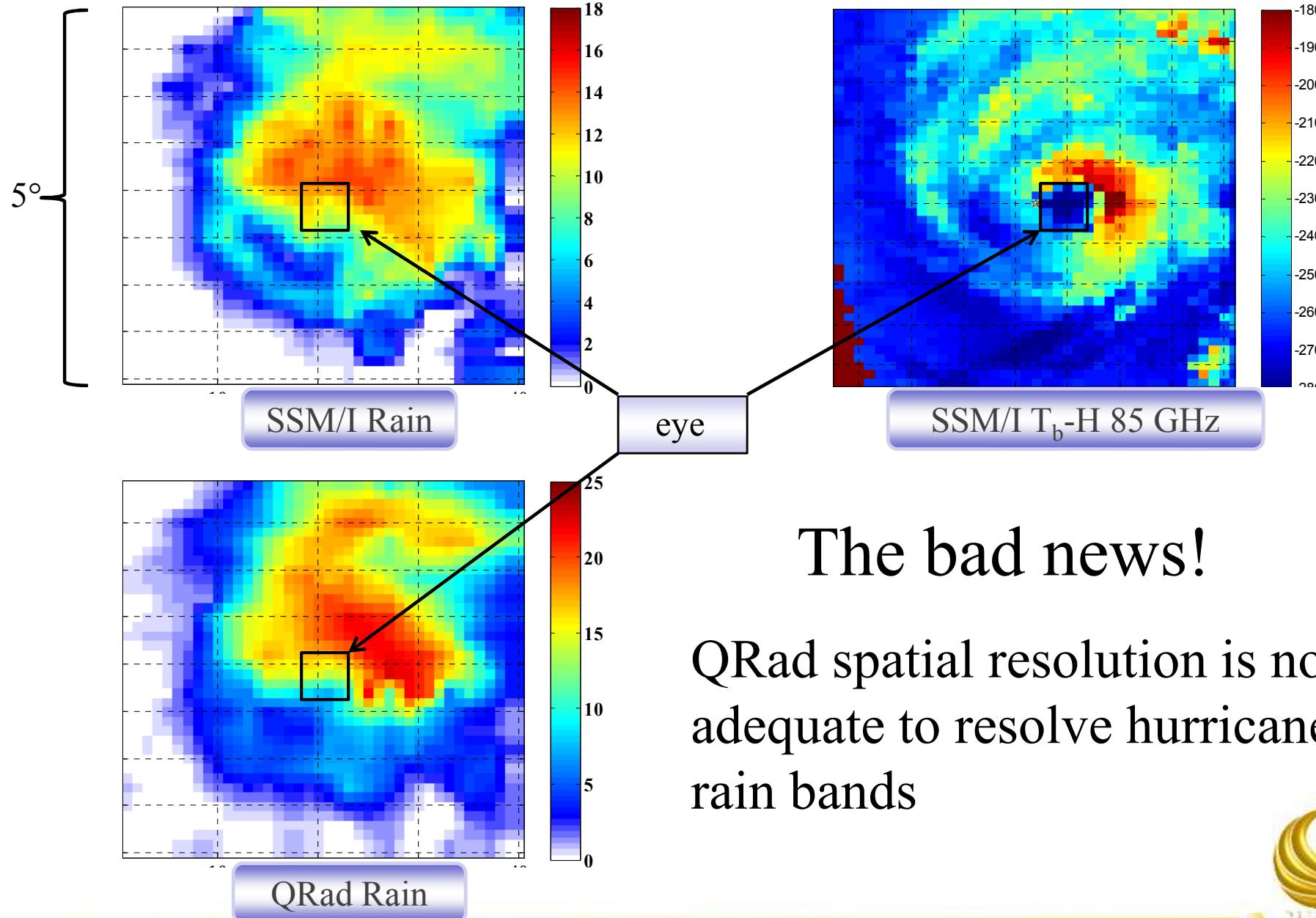
QRad measures rain as well as SSMI retrievals



CFRSL

QRad & SSMI Rain Comparison in Hurricane Ivan

UCF



Q-Winds Attributes

Unique OVW active/passive retrieval algorithm

QuikSCAT Radiometer (QRad) passive T_b 's used to correct rain effects

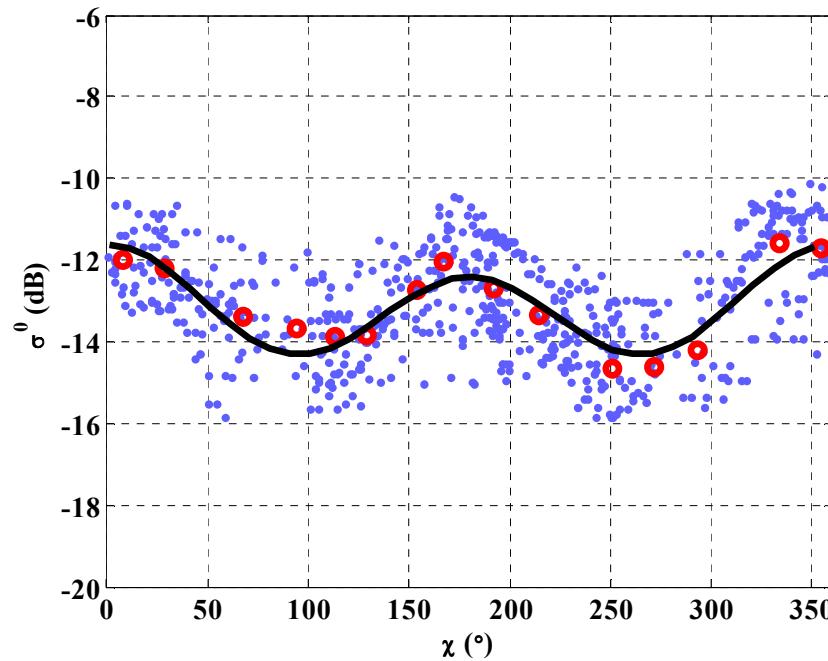
- ❖ Two-way rain attenuation/transmissivity
- Uses special geophysical model function (XW-GMF)
“tuned” for hurricanes



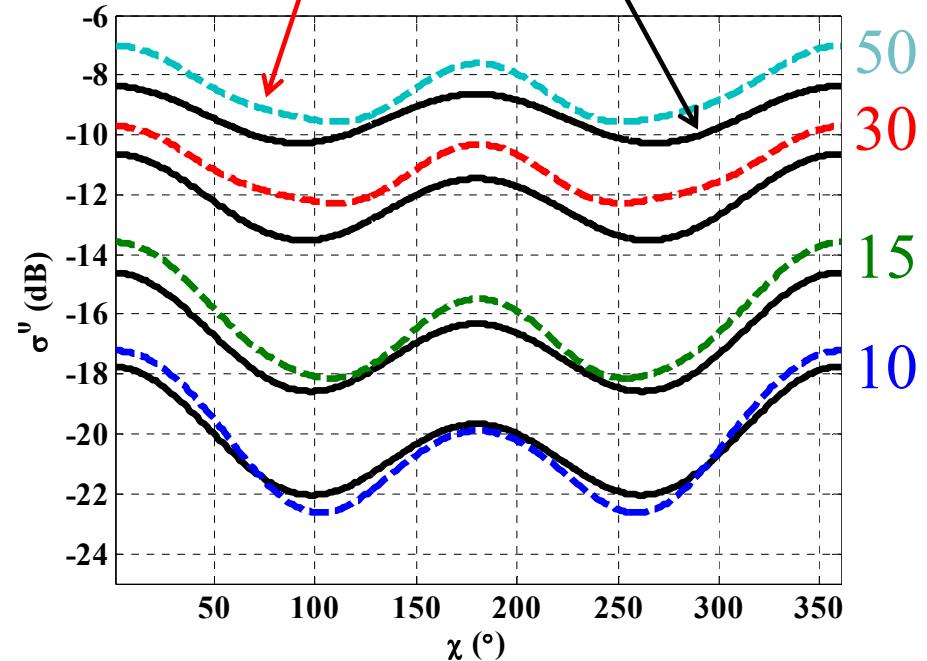
Extreme Winds GMF (XW-GMF)

Rain-free or light-rain attenuation corrected sigma-0 collocated with H*Wind surface wind vector

Binned Wind Speed @ 30 m/s



QS-GMF & XW-GMF H-pol



Q-Winds Attributes

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QuikSCAT Radiometer (QRad) passive T_b 's used to correct rain effects

- ❖ Two-way rain attenuation/transmissivity

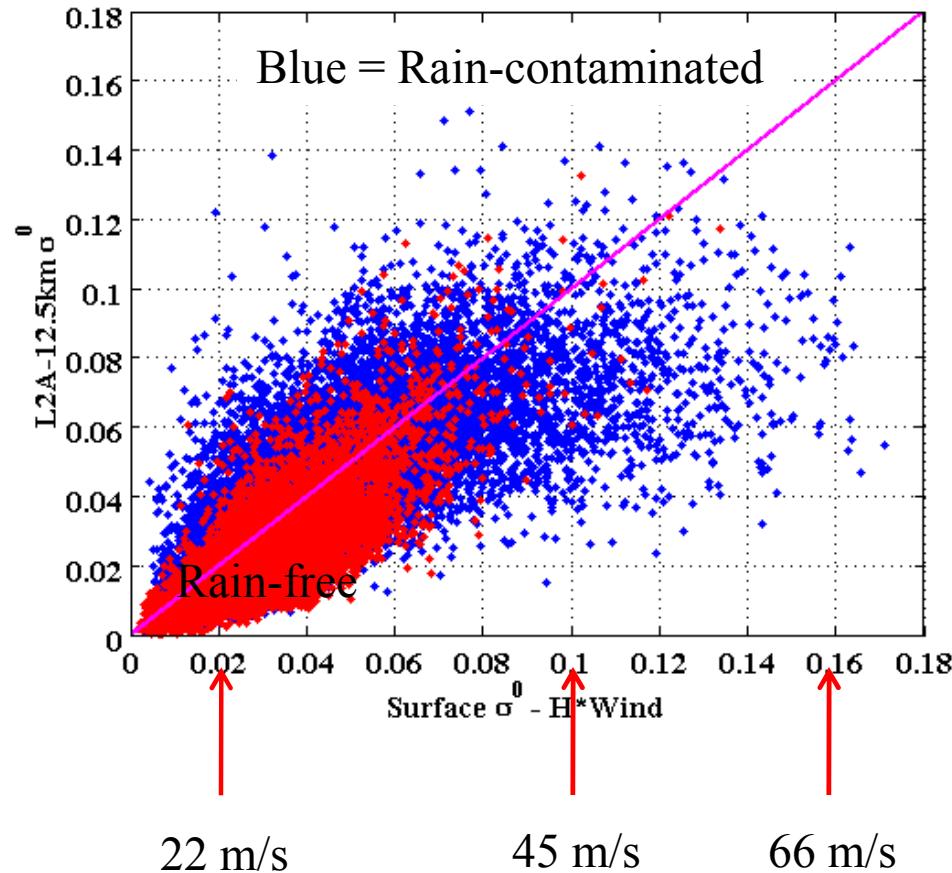
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- QuikSCAT Radiometer (QRad) passive T_b 's used to correct rain effects
 - ❖ Estimate two-way rain transmissivity for light rains
 $< 6 \text{ mm/hr}$ averaged over 12.5 km wind vector cells



Meas Sigma-0 & H*Wind estimated Sig-0 Comparisons

Rain-free & Rain-contaminated Sig-0

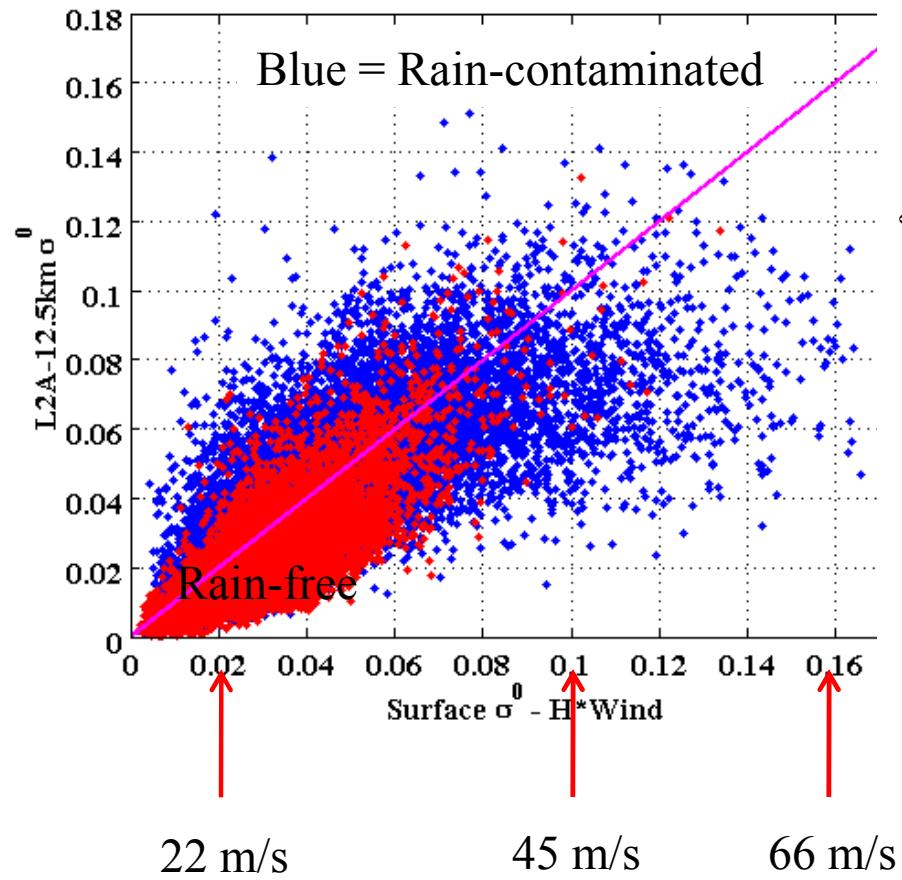


$$\sigma_{meas}^0 = L2A_12.5km\ sigma - 0$$

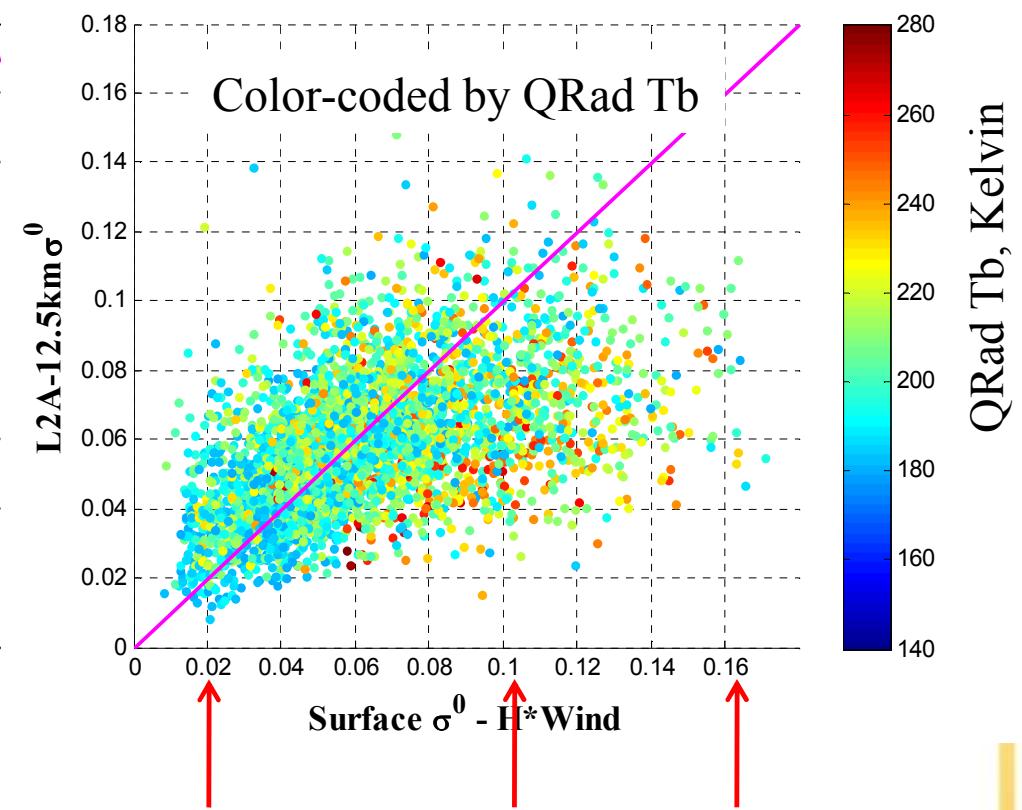
$$\sigma_{surface}^0 = XWGMF(H^*Wind)$$

Meas Sigma-0 & H*Wind estimated Sig-0 Comparisons

Rain-free & Rain-contaminated Sig-0



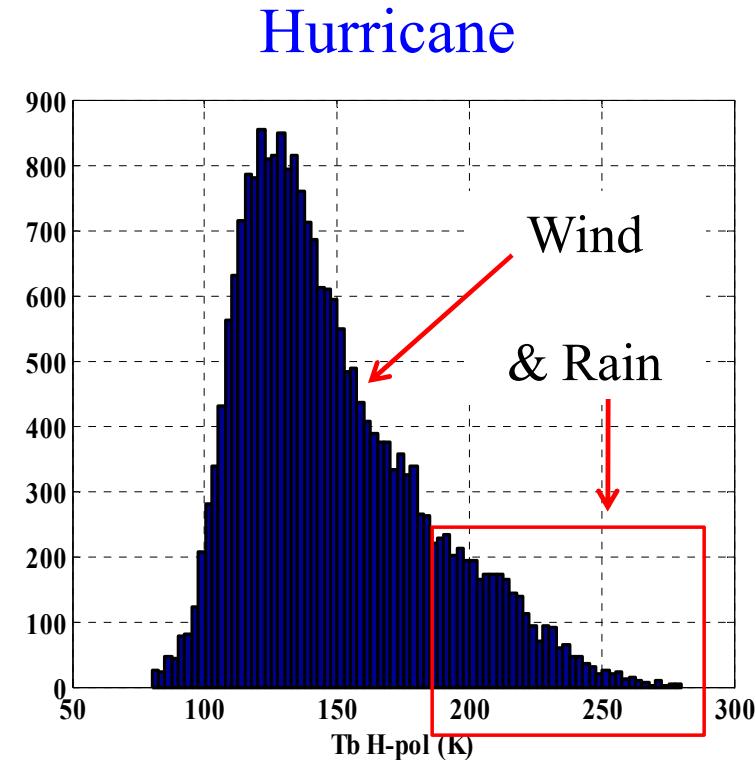
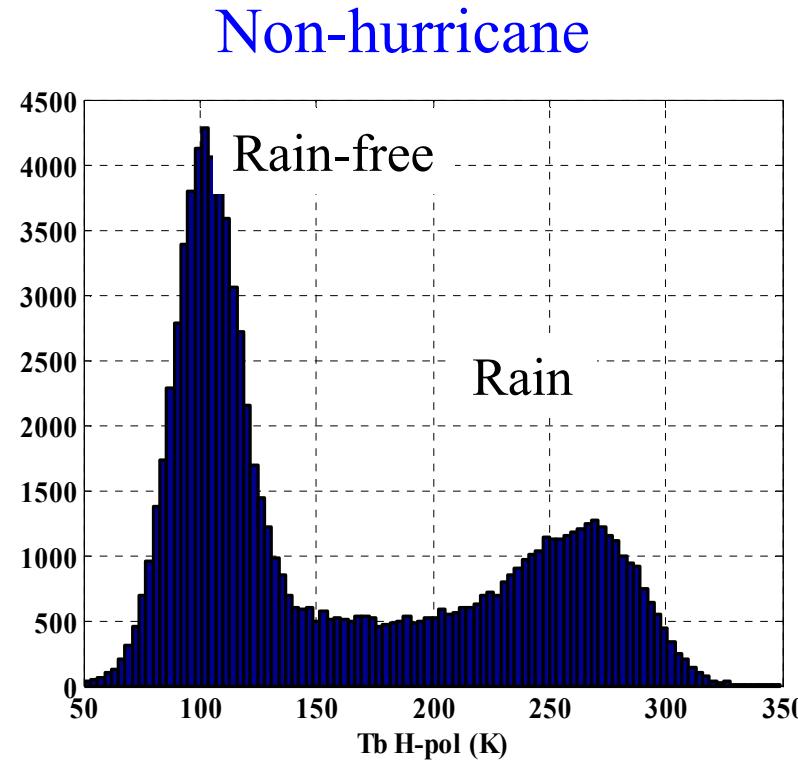
Rain-contaminated Sig-0



QRad T_b H-pol Histograms

➤ Using QRad Tb's:

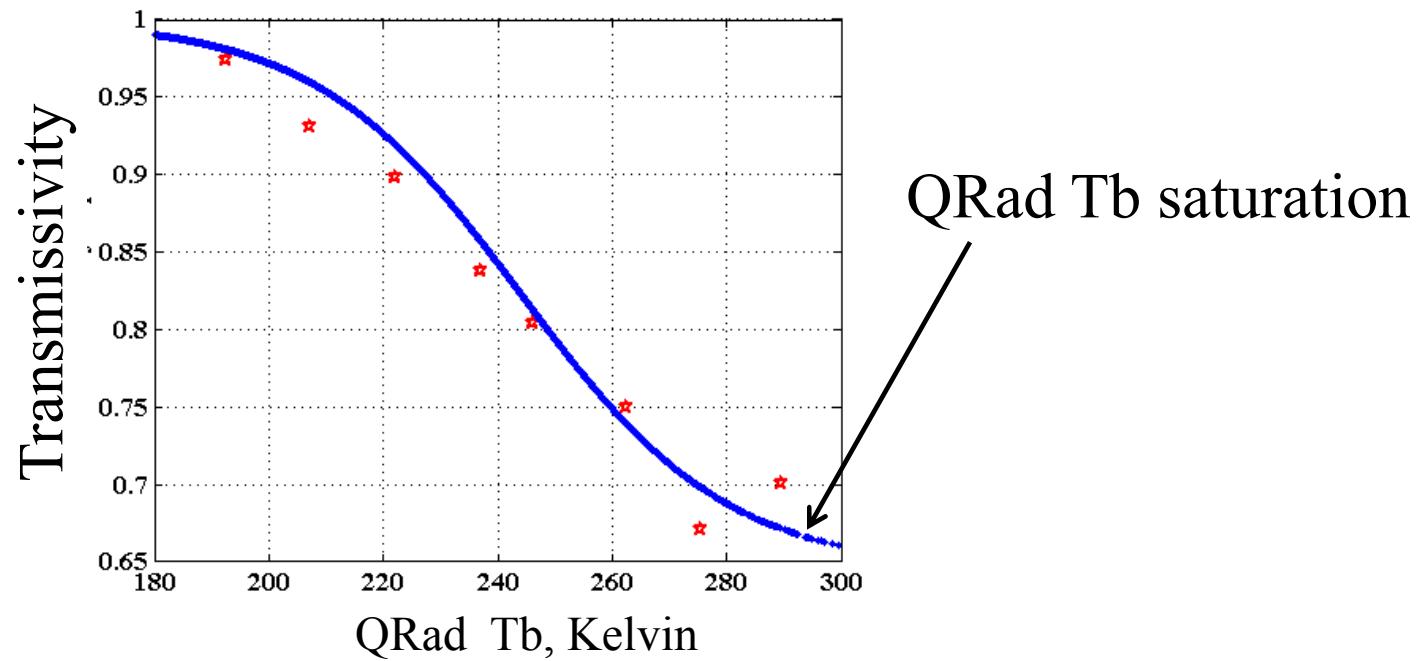
- for Winds < 20 m/s: it is possible to separate rain & rain-free conditions
- For extreme high winds: it is NOT possible



Rain Transmissivity Correction

- Rain transmissivity (τ)

$$\tau = \frac{\langle \sigma^o_{meas} \rangle}{\langle \sigma^o_{surface} \rangle} = \frac{Sigma - 0_{L2A-12.5km}}{XWGMF(H * Wind)}$$



QRad Tb saturation

Q-Winds Attributes

Unique OVW active/passive retrieval algorithm

QuikSCAT Radiometer (QRad) passive T_b 's used to correct rain effects

- ❖ Two-way rain attenuation/transmissivity

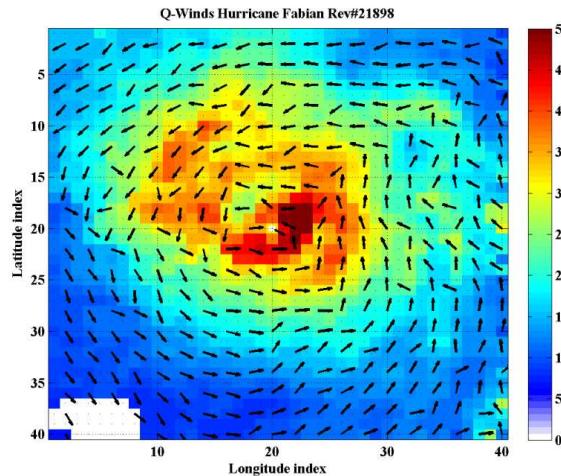
Uses special geophysical model function (XW-GMF)
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QuikSCAT Radiometer (QRad) passive T_b 's used to correct rain effects

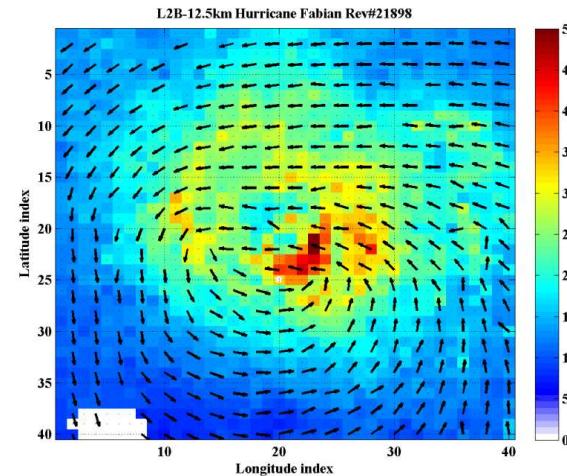
- ❖ Estimate two-way rain transmissivity
- Uses standard MLE OVW retrieval



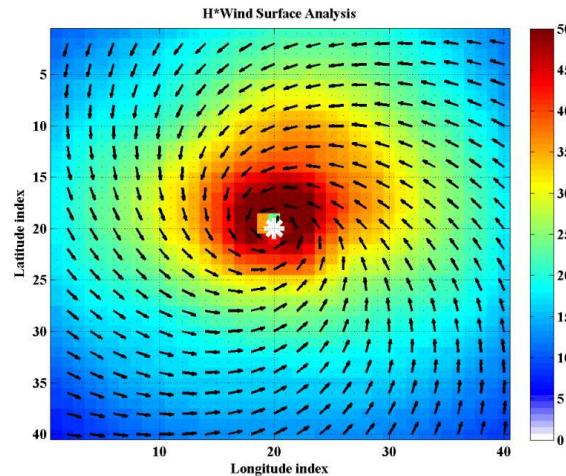
Hurricane Fabian (09/02/2003)



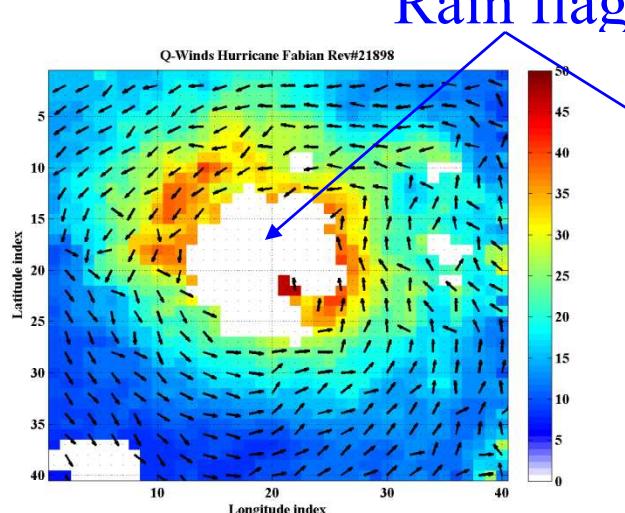
Q-Winds



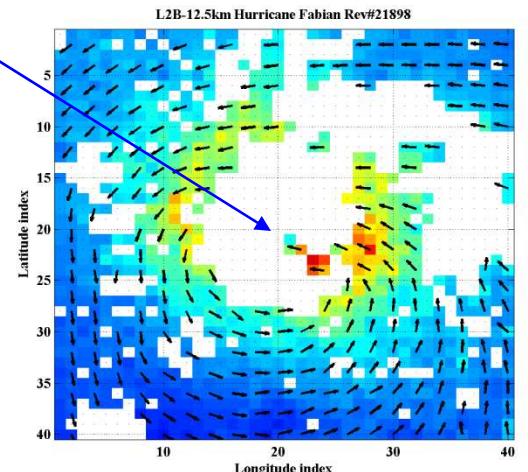
L2B-12.5km



H*Wind

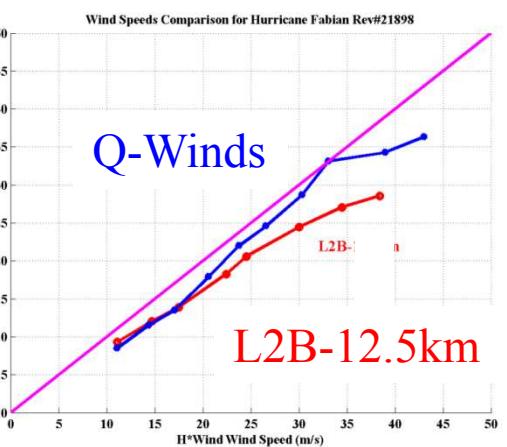


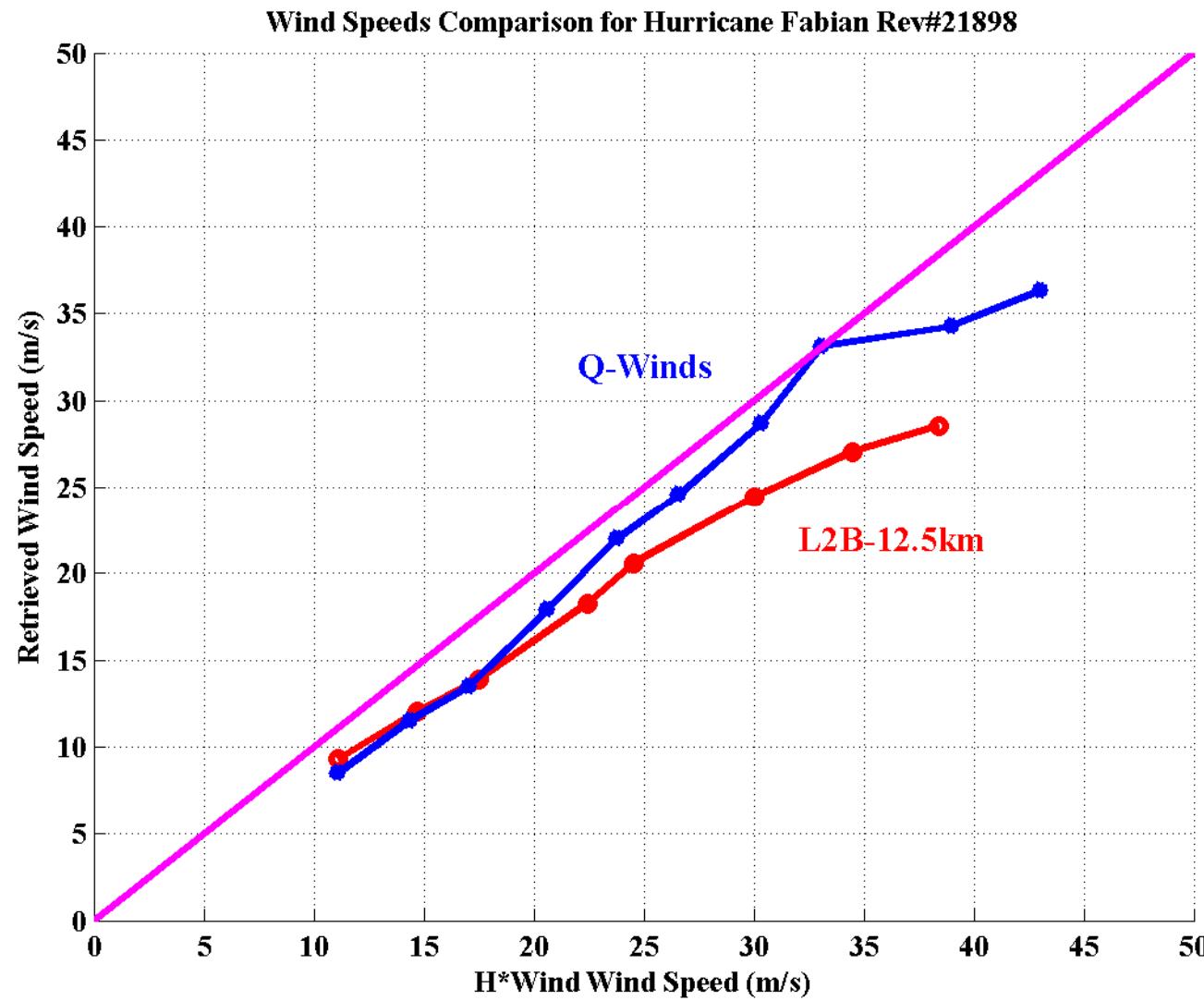
Q-Winds



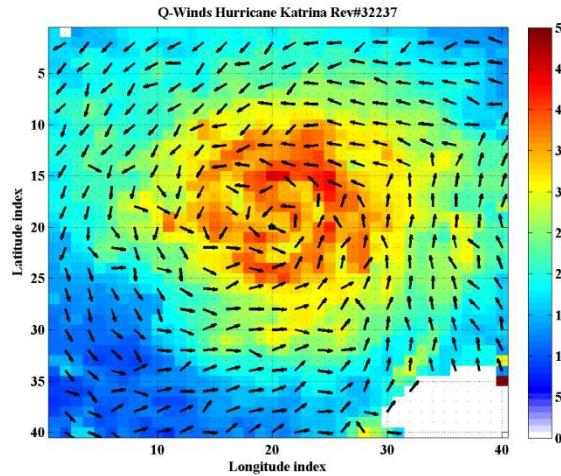
L2B-12.5km

Retrieved Wind Speeds

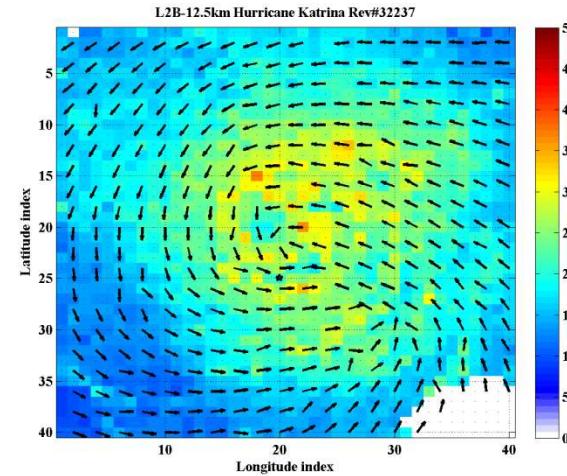




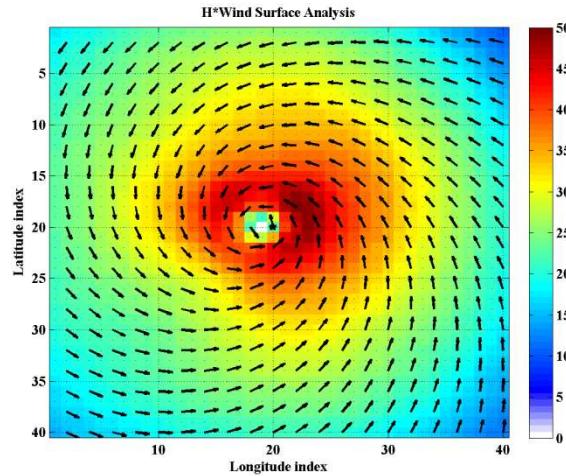
Hurricane Katrina (08/25/2005)



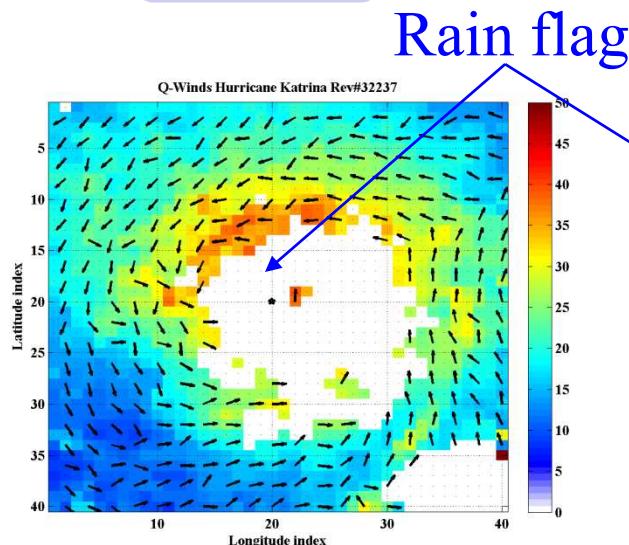
Q-Winds



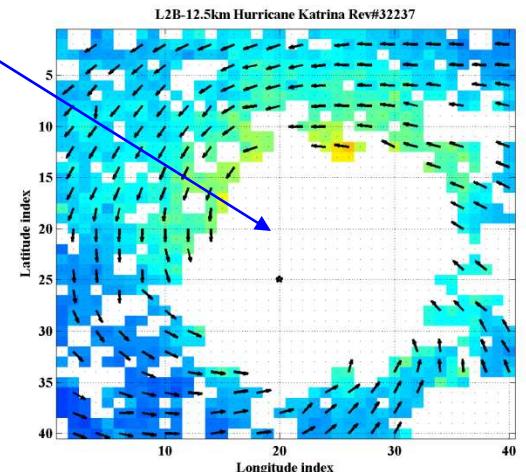
L2B-12.5km



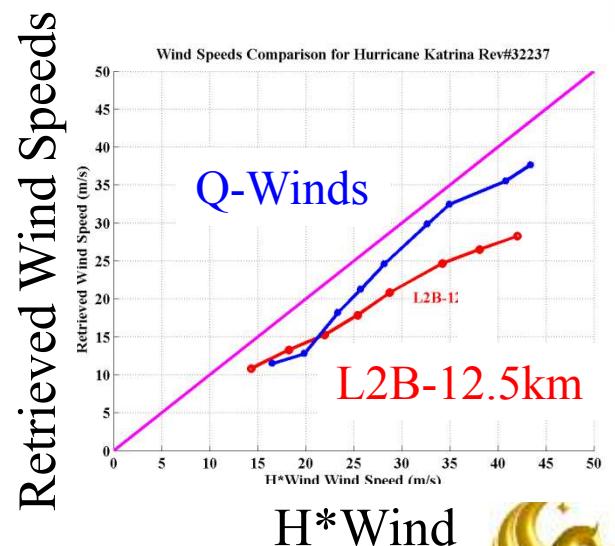
H*Wind



Q-Winds

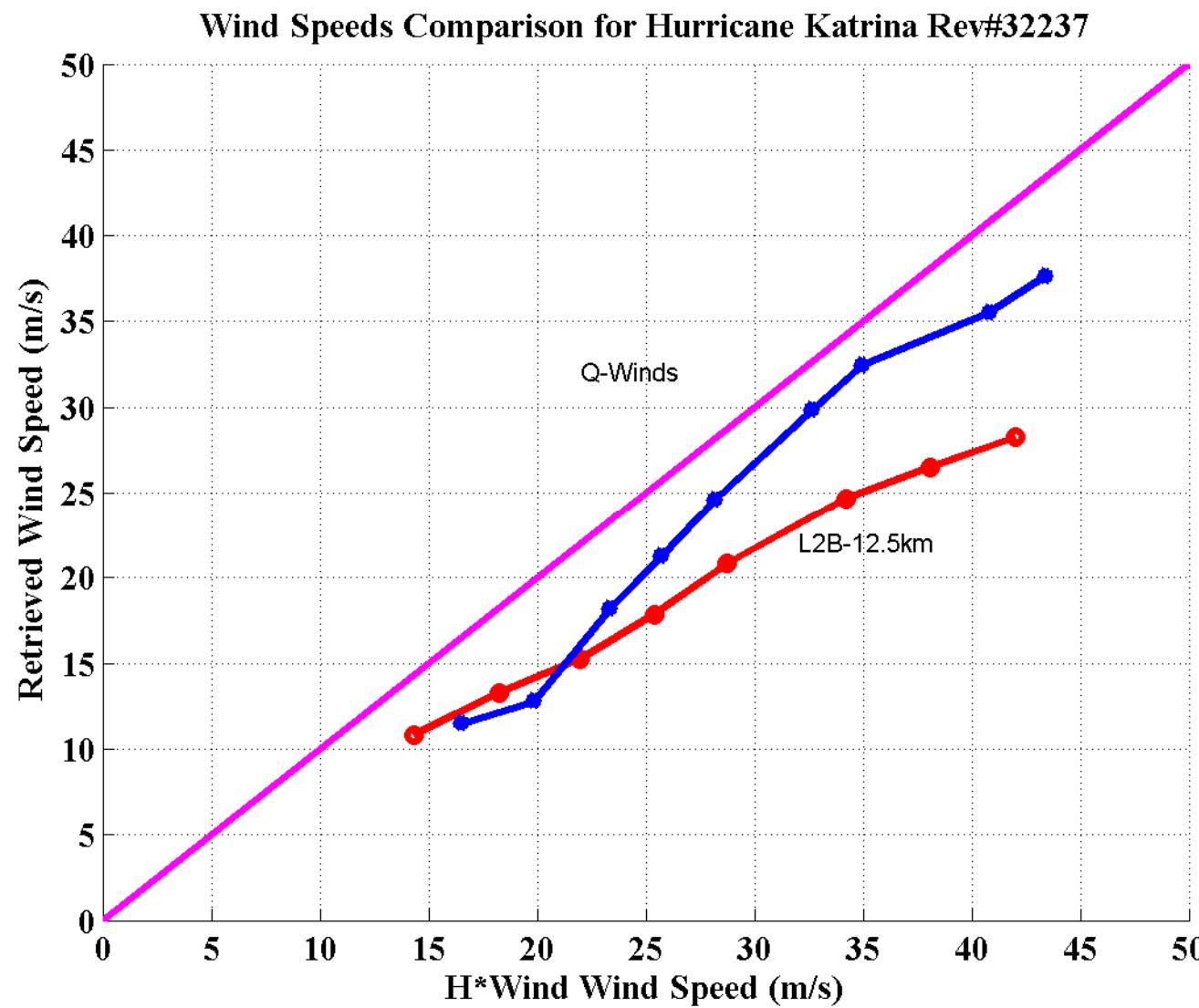


L2B-12.5km

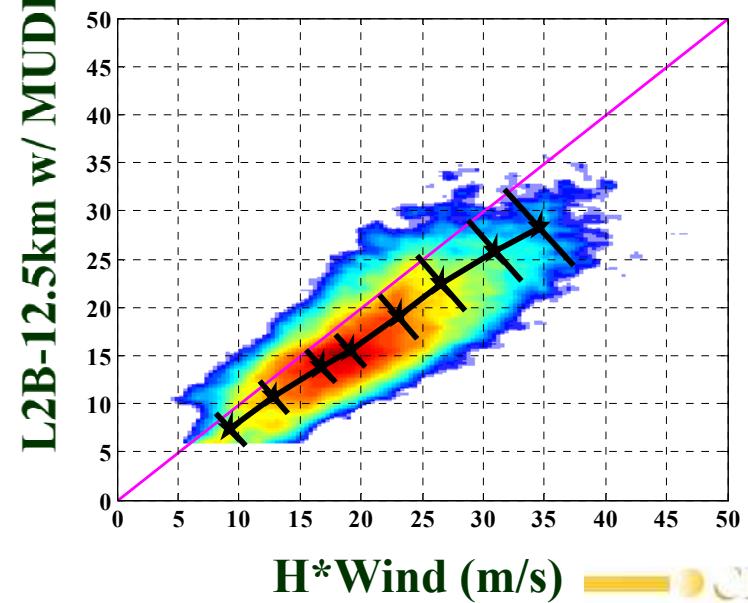
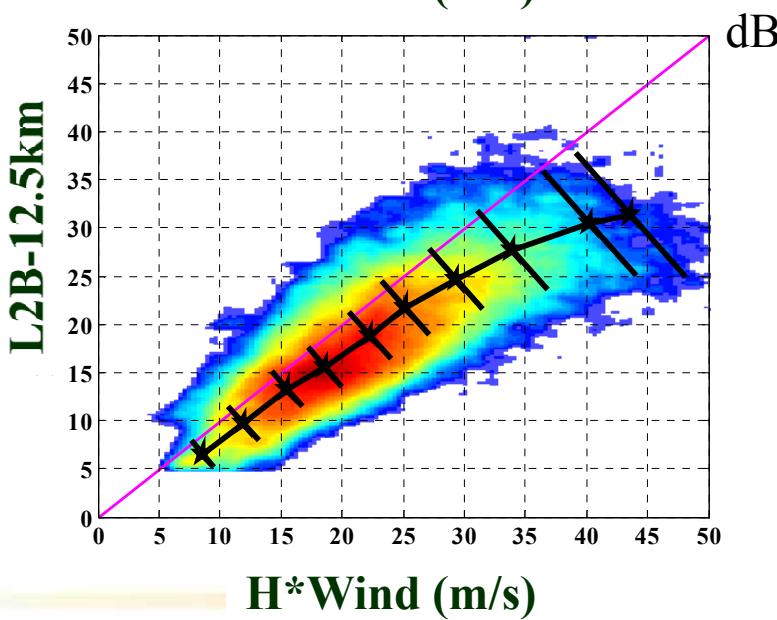
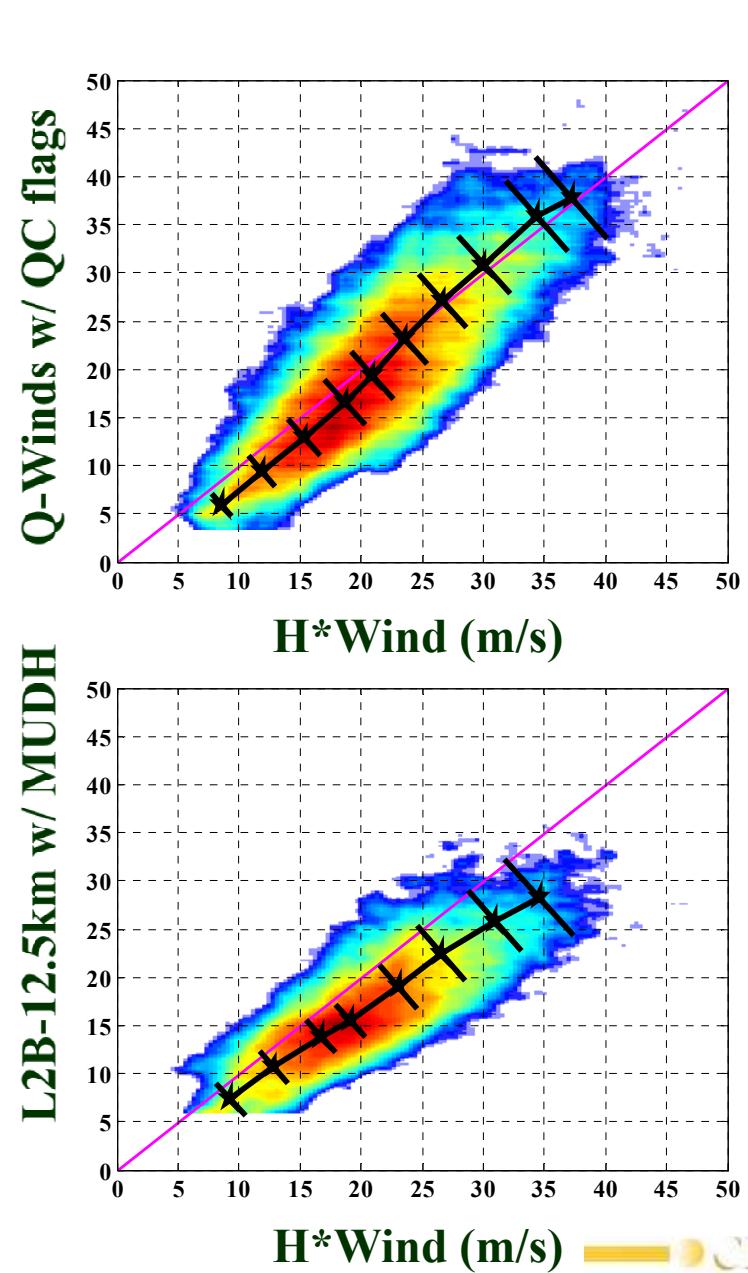
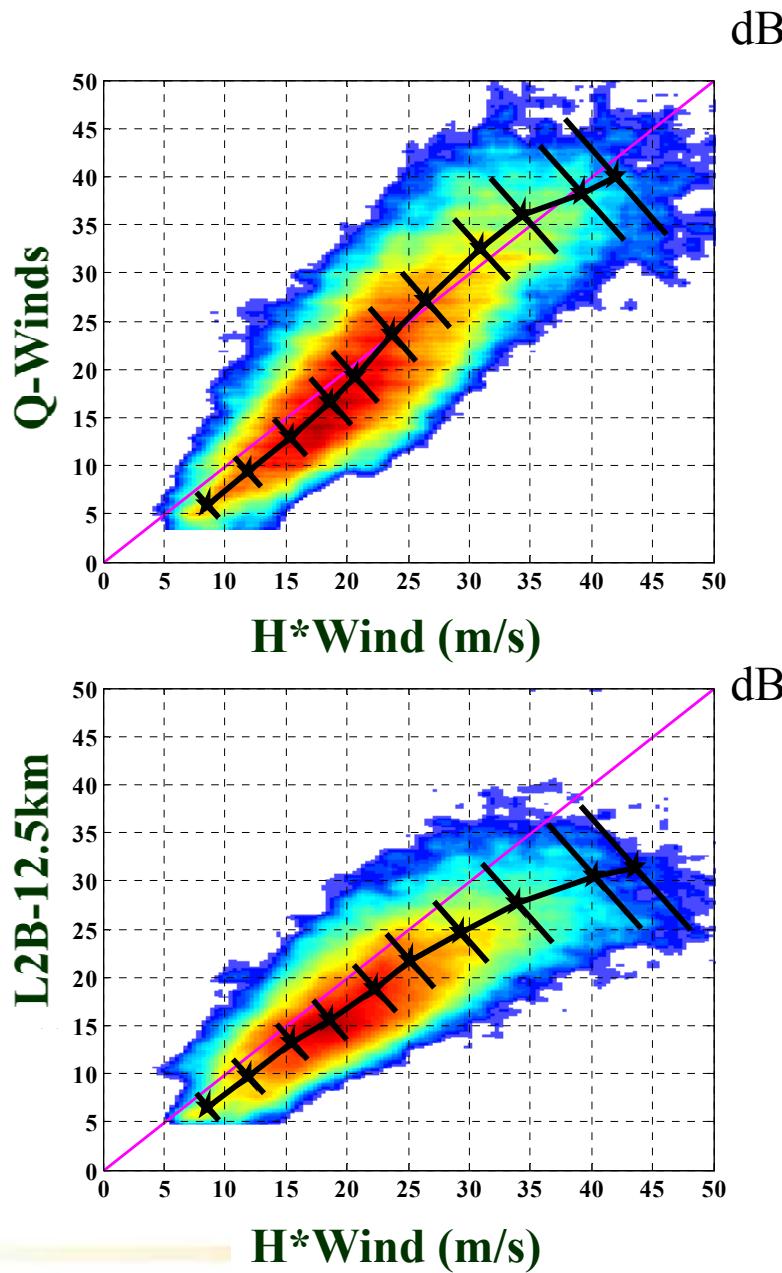


H*Wind





Wind Speeds Comparison for 18 Revs



Summary

- Collocated QRad T_b provides improved rain effects correction/flagging
 - Corrects transmissivity for light rain $< 6 \text{ mm/hr}$
 - Excessive rain rate QC flagging
- Q-Winds wind speeds comparison to H*Wind:
 - Exhibits no apparent saturation for wind speeds $< 40 - 45 \text{ m/s}$
- QuikSCAT L2B-12.5km compared to H*Wind
 - Shows severe wind speed saturation
 - ❖ Maximum wind speeds approach $\sim 30 - 35 \text{ m/s}$ in mean