

High-Resolution Data Assimilation of Ocean Vector Winds for Tropical Cyclone Prediction Using a Coupled Atmosphere-Ocean Model

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In the eye of Katrina

OBJECTIVES

To develop initialization method and data assimilation for high-resolution (~1 km) hurricane research and future prediction model (e.g., WRF and fully coupled atmosphere-wave-ocean model) using scatterometer winds.

- National Science Board: Toward a National Agenda for Hurricane Science and Engineering (2006)
NOAA Science Advisory Board: Hurricane Intensity Research Working Group Report (2006)

Hurricane Fabian (2003)

Aug 30		Aug 31		Sep 01		Sep 02		Sep 03		Sep 04		Sep 05		Sep 06			
0000	1200	0000	1200	0000	1200	0000	1200	0000	1200	0000	1200	0000	1200	0000			
UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C	UT C			
	SW 0135	SW 1359		(SW) 0110	(SW) 1334	(SW) 0225		SW 1450		SW 1424		(SW) 0135		SW 0251	SW 1515	SW 0225	SW 1450
	QS 0901	QS 2125		(QS) 0835	(QS) 2059			QS 2213	QS 0924	QS 2148		(QS) 2303		QS 2236	QS 0946		

↑
Full ↑
Partial

Hurricane Isabel (2003)

Sep 09 0000 UTC		Sep 10 0000 UTC		Sep 11 0000 UTC		Sep 12 0000 UTC		Sep 13 0000 UTC		Sep 14 0000 UTC		Sep 15 0000 UTC		Sep 16 0000 UTC		Sep 17 0000 UTC		Sep 18 0000 UTC
SW 1335 (SW) 0045		SW 1425 (SW) 1309	SW 0135 (SW) 0200	SW 1400 (SW) 1515		SW 0226 (SW) 1515		SW 1450 (SW) 1425		SW 0201 (SW) 0316		SW 1541 (SW) 1425		SW 0251 (SW) 2226		SW 1515 (SW) 1631		SW 0226 (SW) 1450 (SW) 1631
QS 2053 (QS) 0803		QS 0917 (QS) 0803	QS 2141 (QS) 2115	QS 0851 (QS) 1006		QS 0940 (QS) 2230		QS 2204 (QS) 2319		QS 0914 (QS) 2319		QS 1029 (QS) 2253		QS 2253 (QS) 0937		QS 2341 (QS) 2226		QS 1051 (QS) 0937

↑
Full

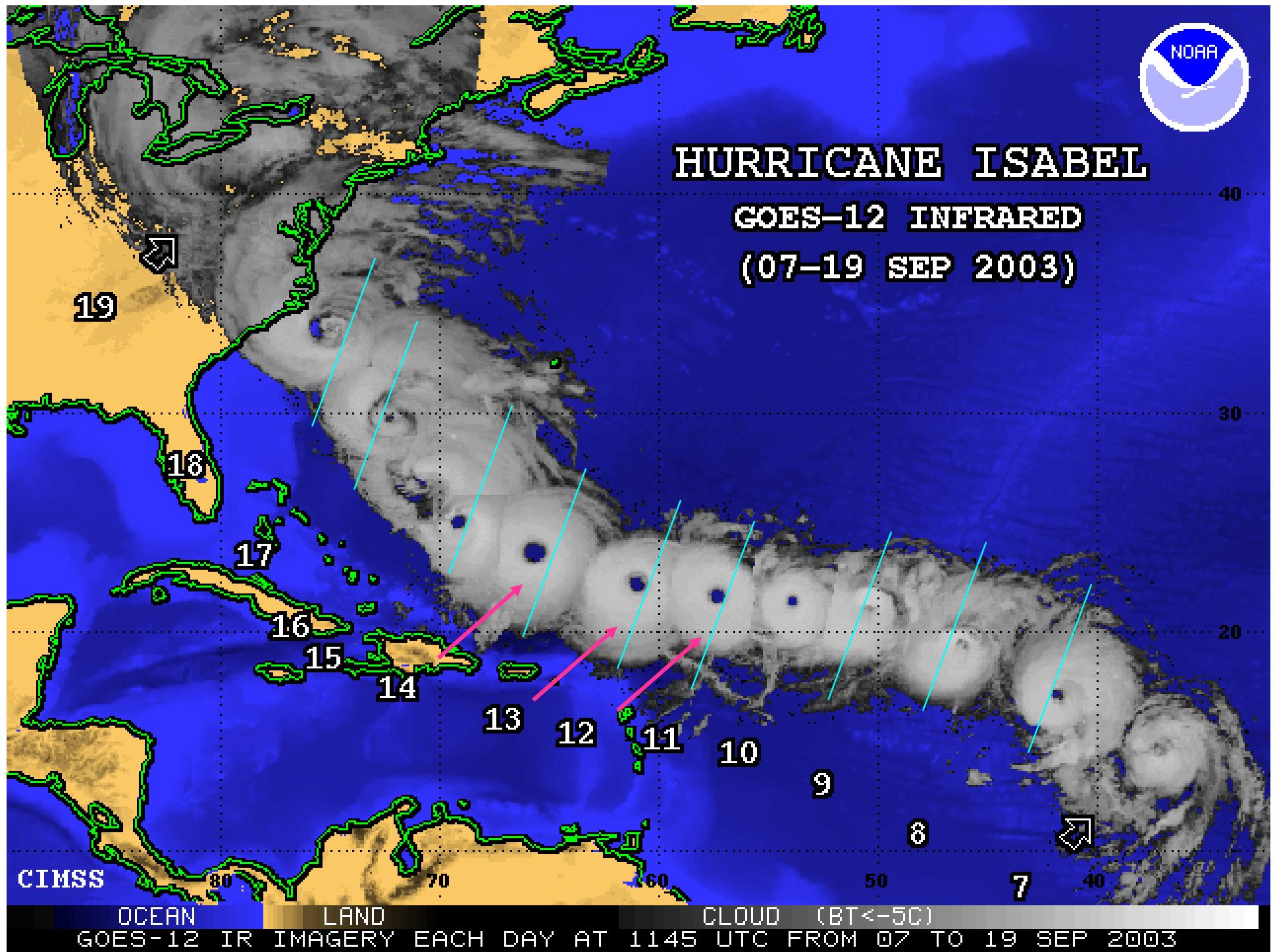
↑
Partial



HURRICANE ISABEL

GOES-12 INFRARED

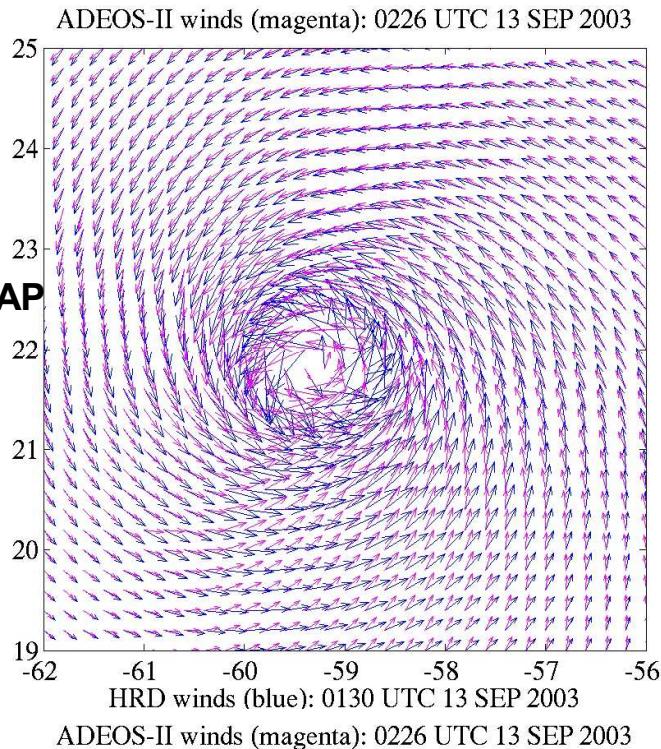
(07-19 SEP 2003)



Comparisons of Three Model Functions +BYU high-res and HWind

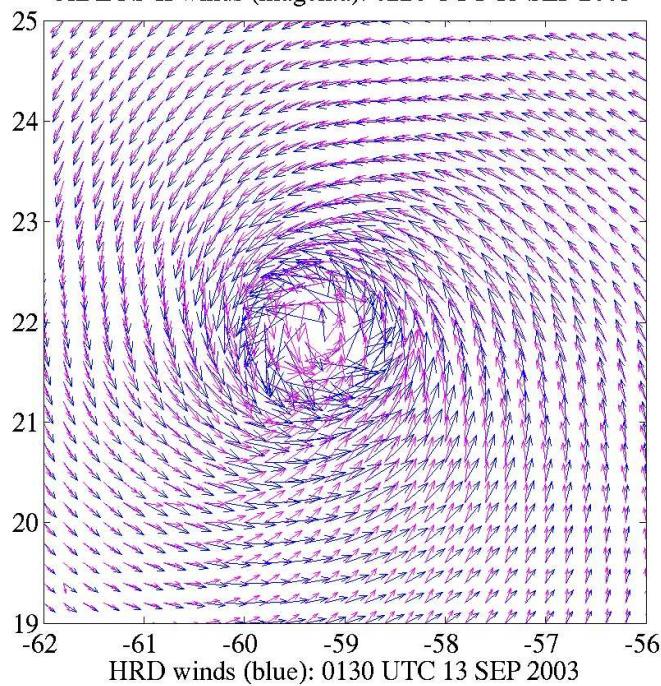
- QS-IWRAP (25km)
- QSCAT1 (25km)
- SCTC02 (25km)
- BYU High-Res (2km)
- HWIND (2km)

QS_IWRAP

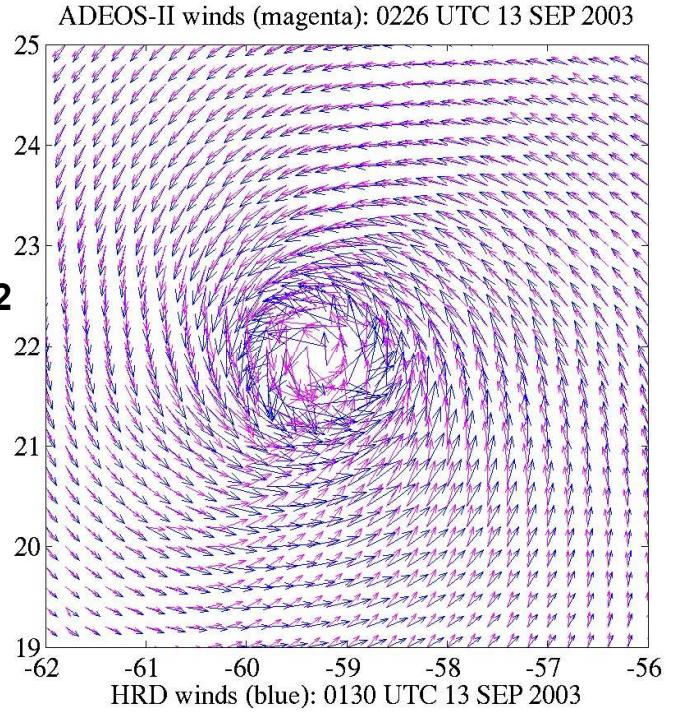


Isabel SeaWinds

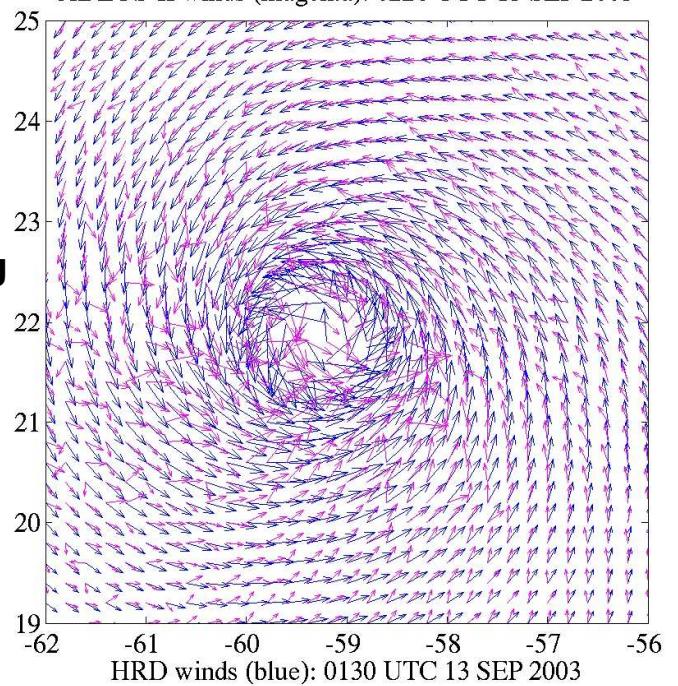
QSCAT1

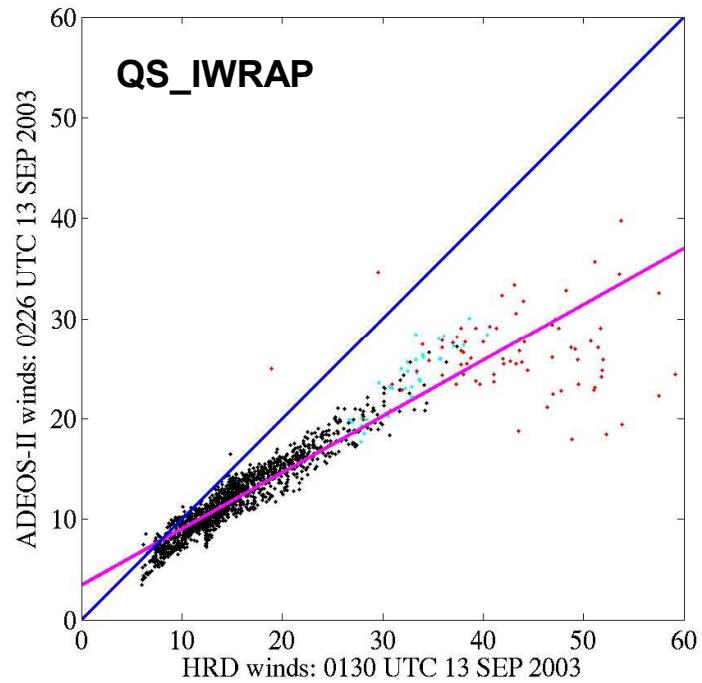


QSTC02

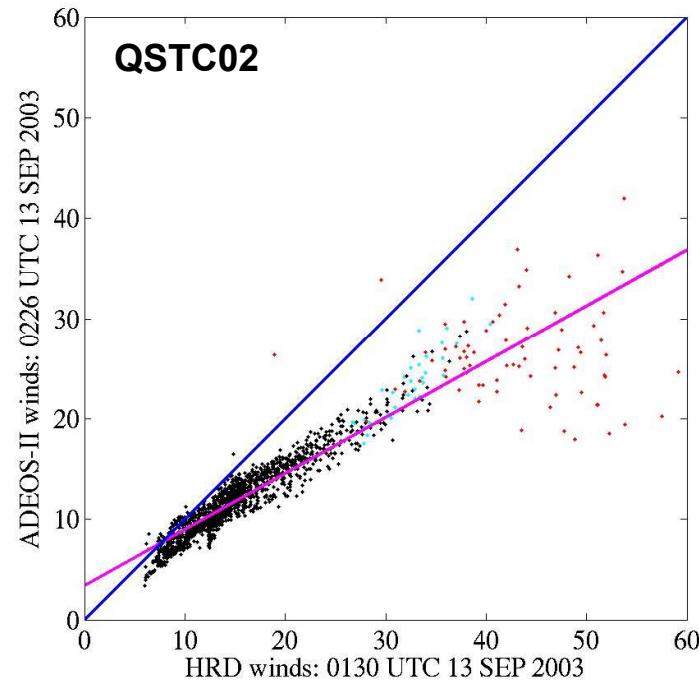


BYU



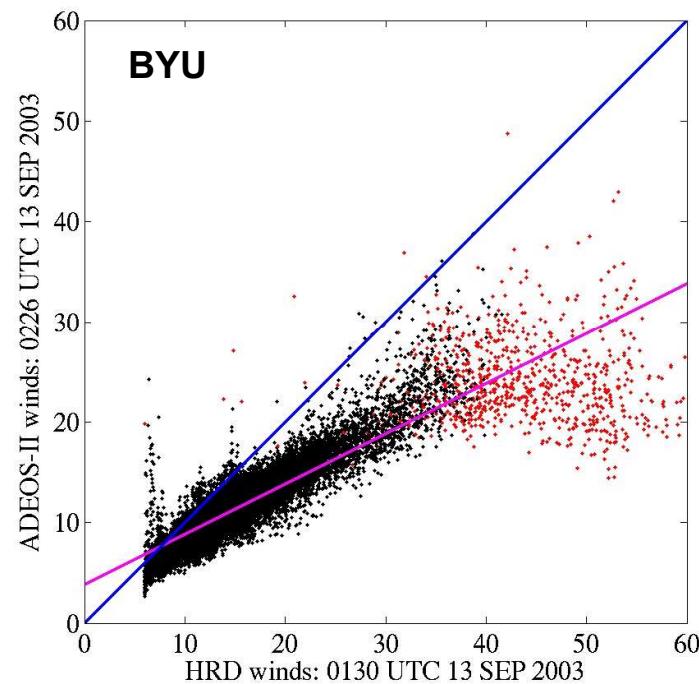
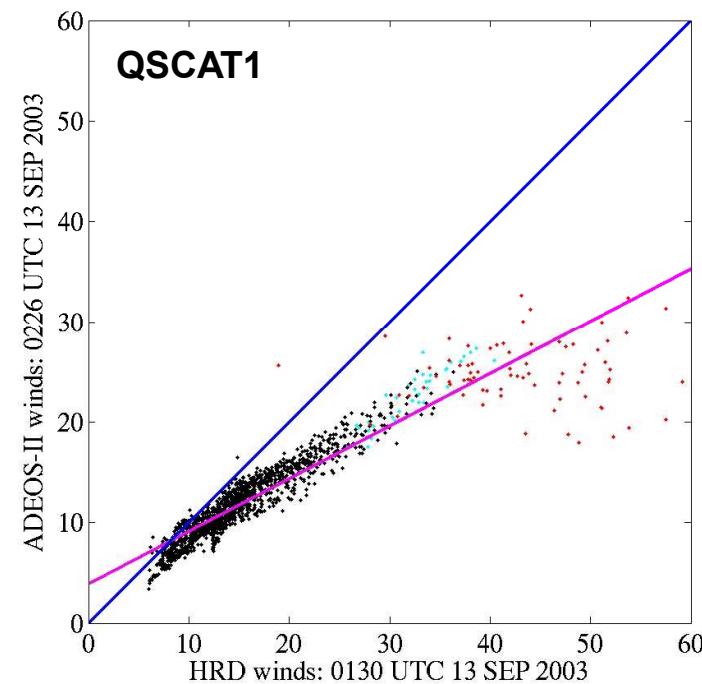


Isabel

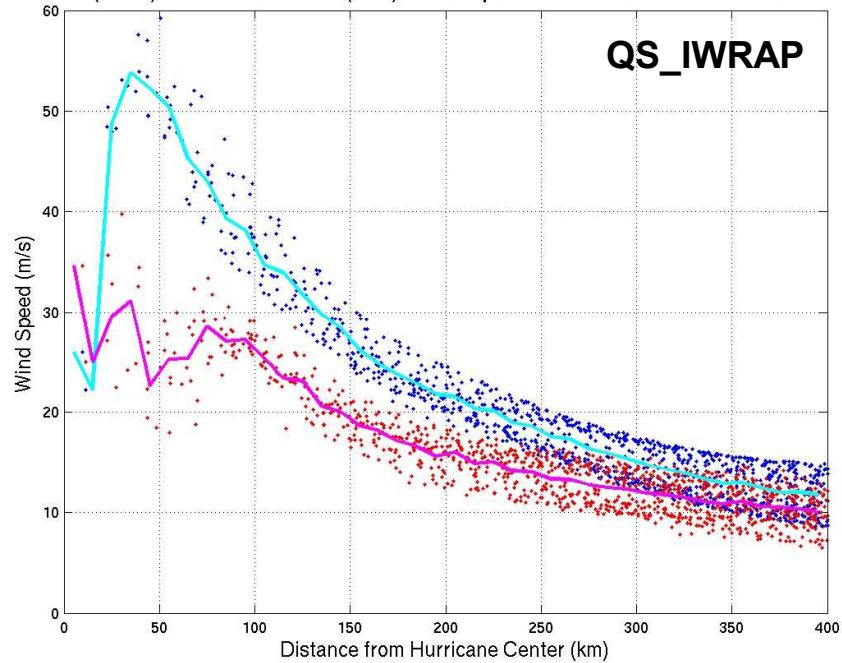


● Rain flagged

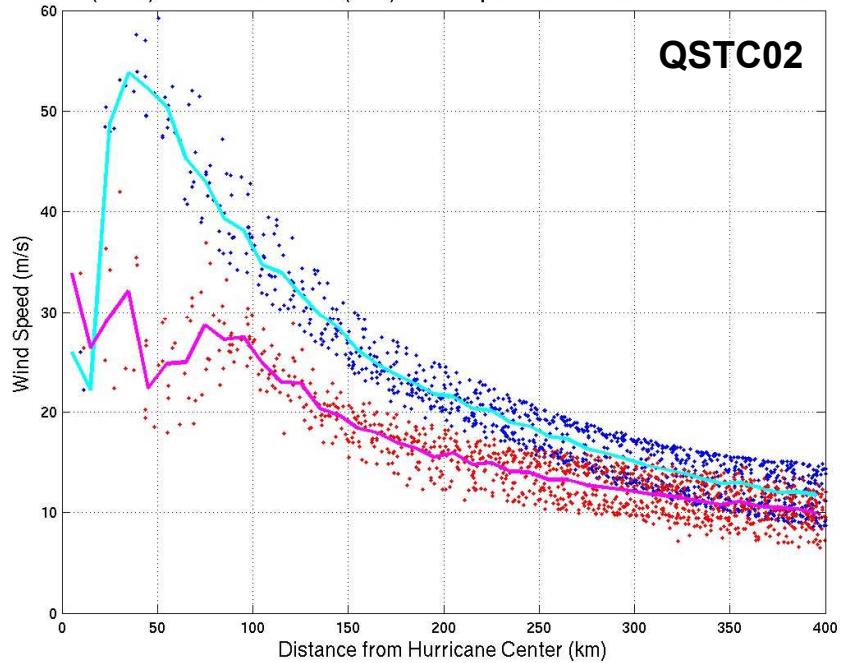
● Within 100 km radius



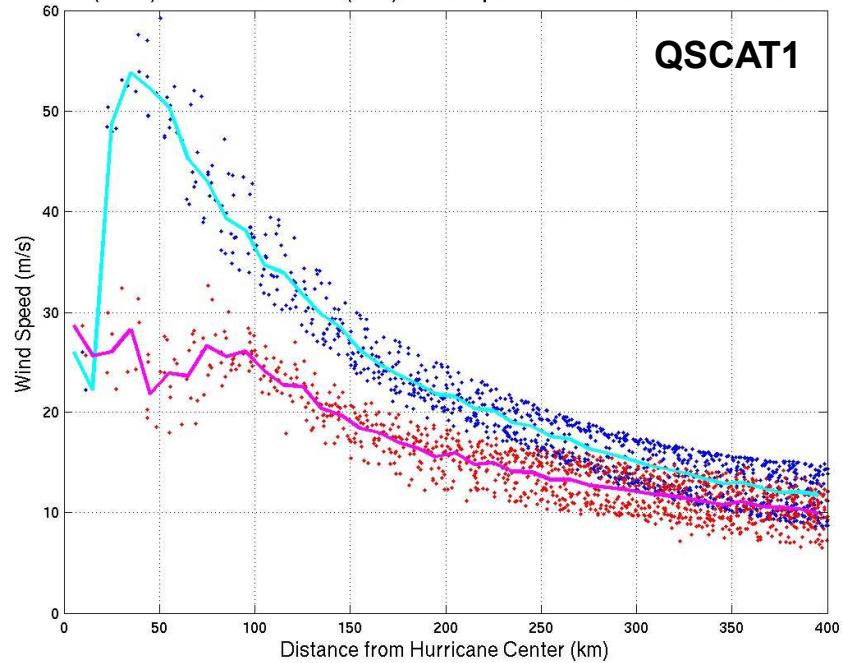
HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 13 SEP 2003



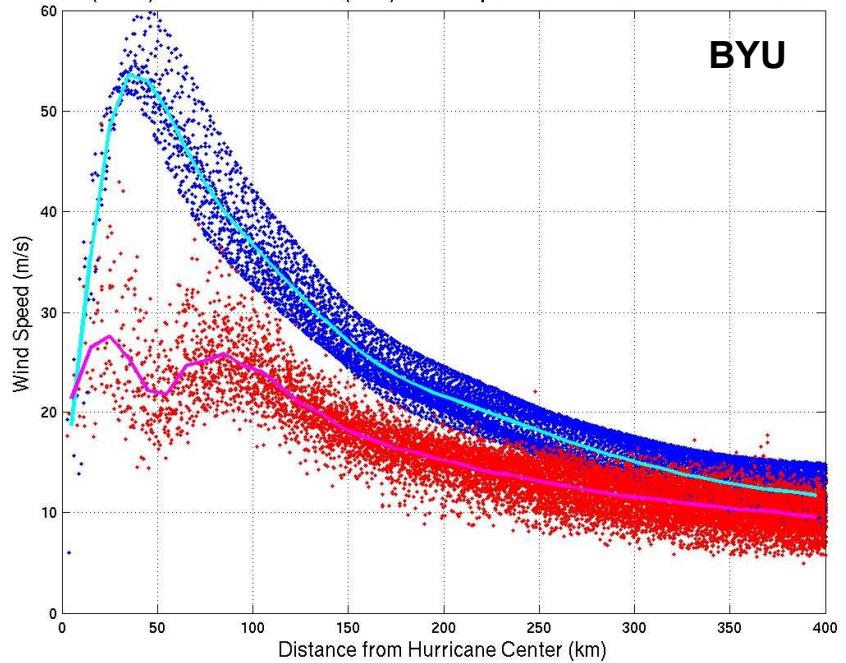
HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 13 SEP 2003



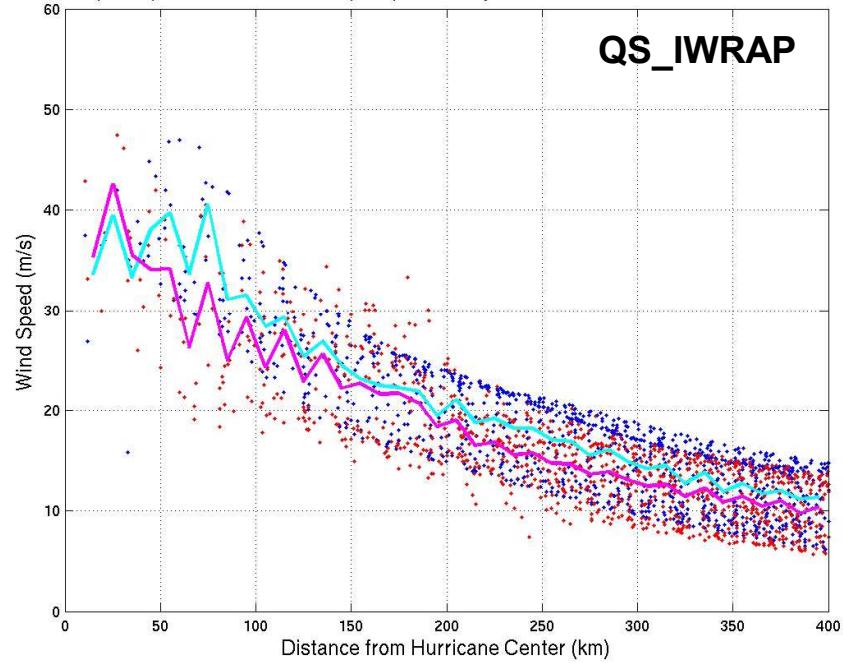
HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 13 SEP 2003



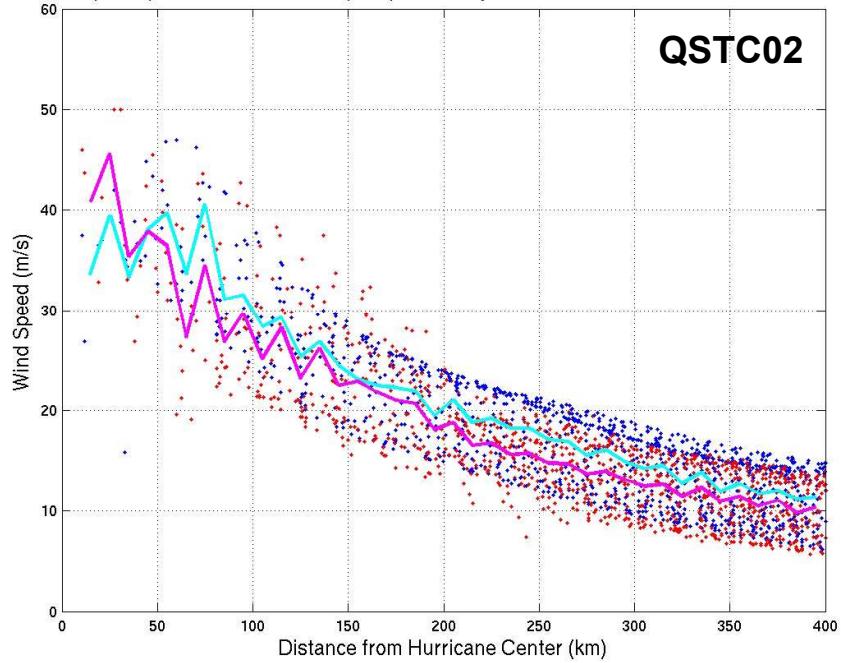
HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 13 SEP 2003



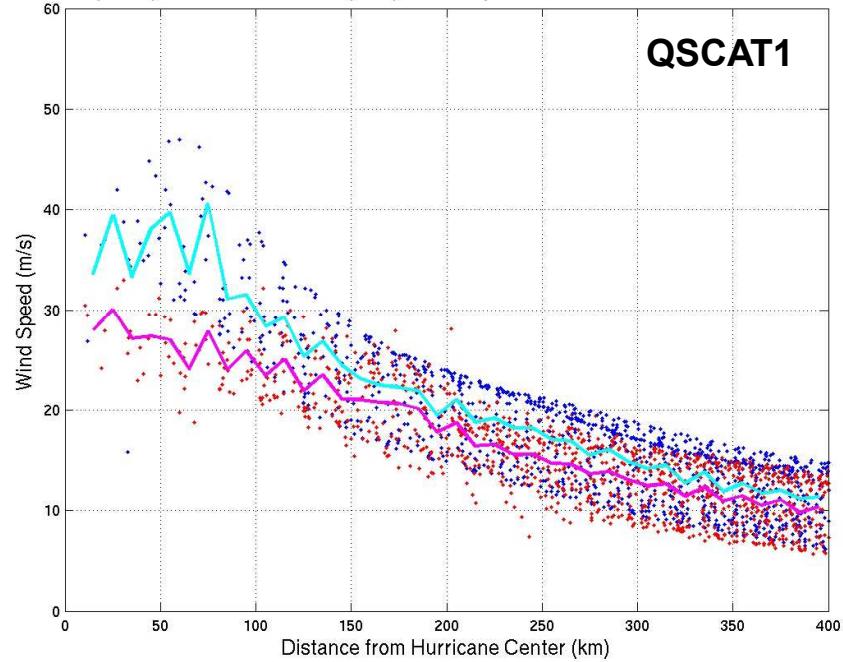
HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 05 SEP 2003



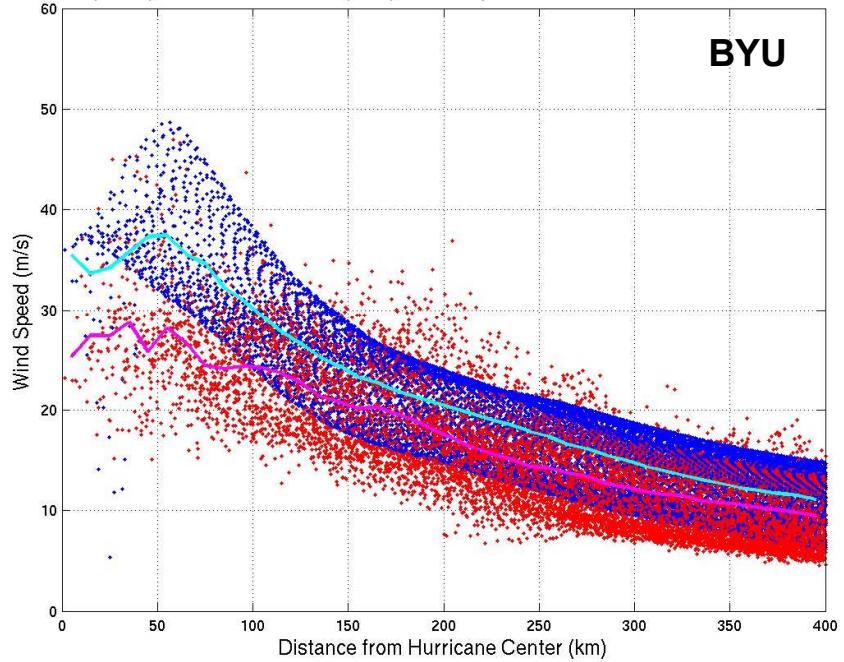
HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 05 SEP 2003



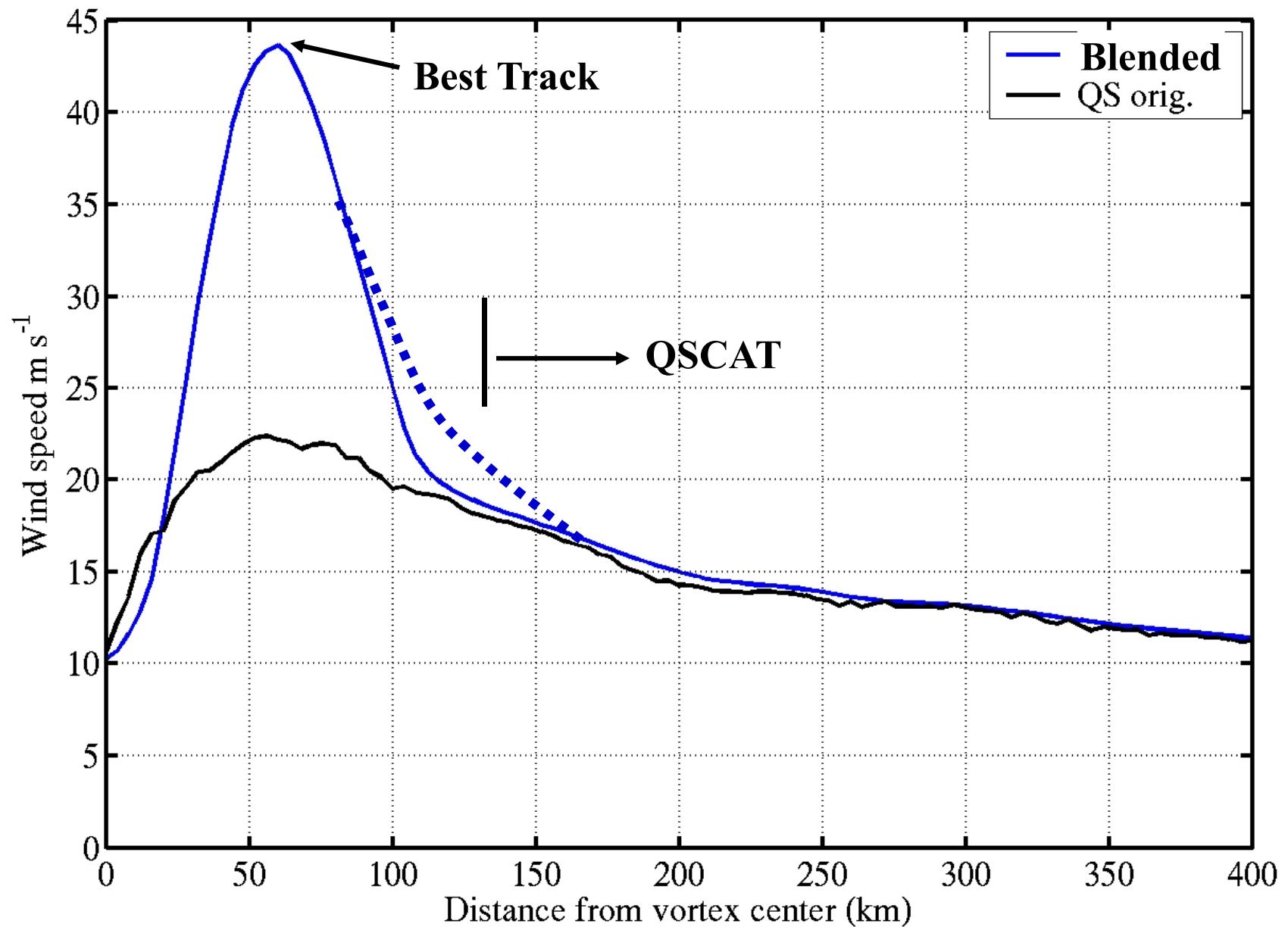
HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 05 SEP 2003



HRD (blue) and ADEOS-II (red) Windspeed at 0130 UTC 05 SEP 2003

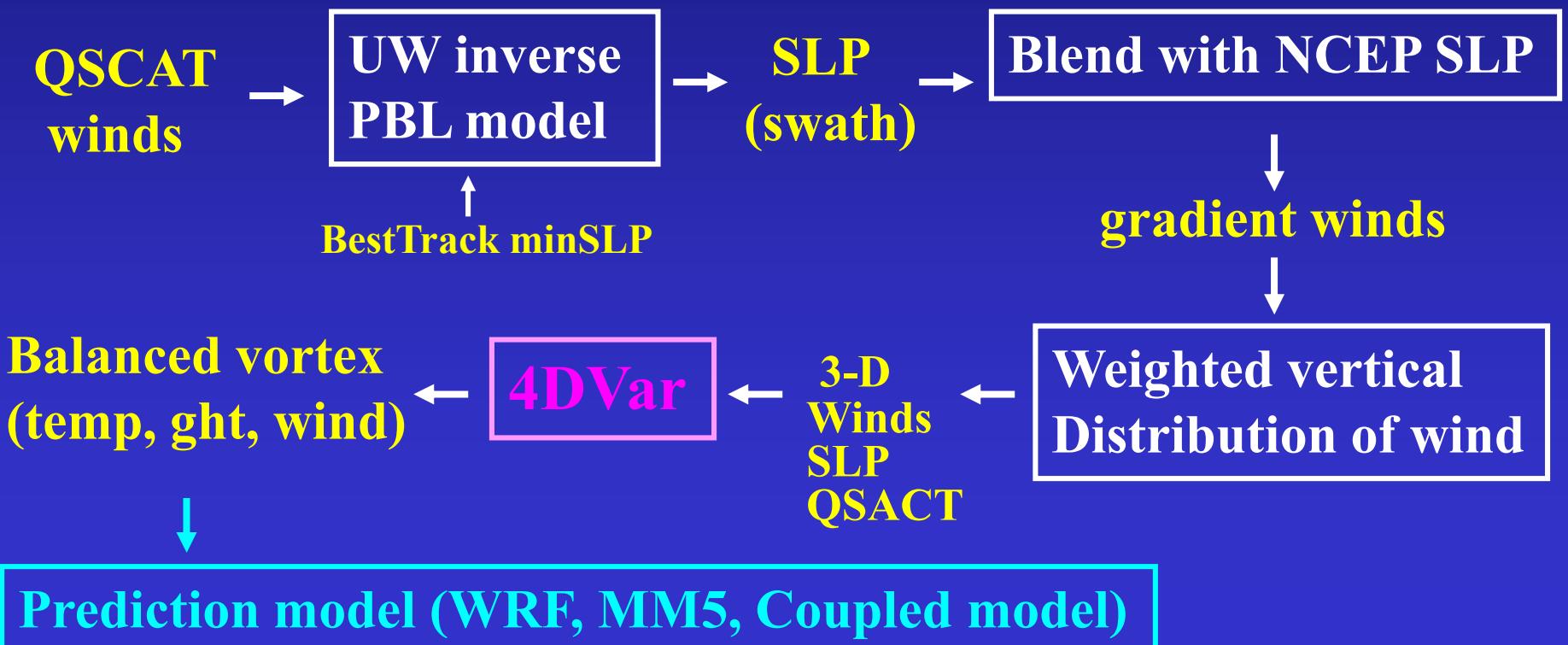


Profiles of Hurricane Isabel at 0000 UTC 08 SEP 2003

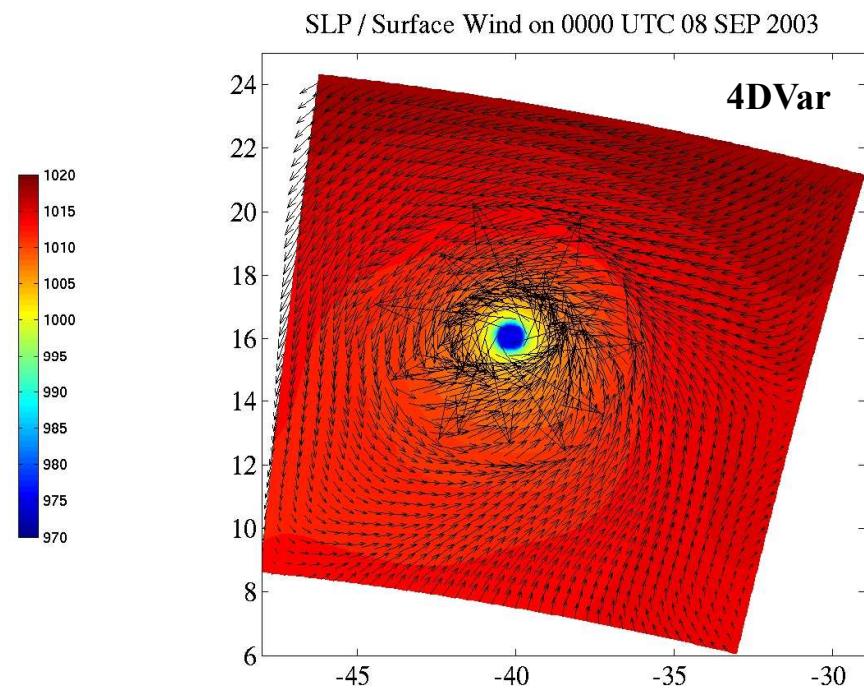
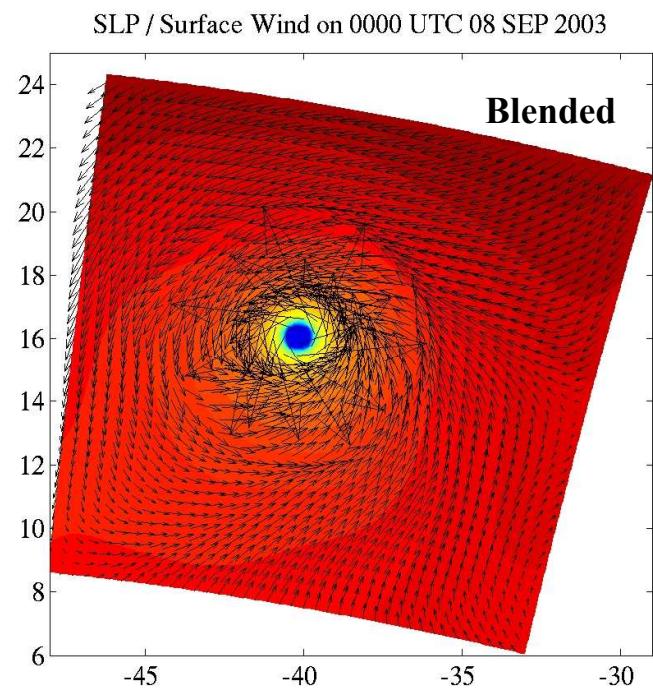
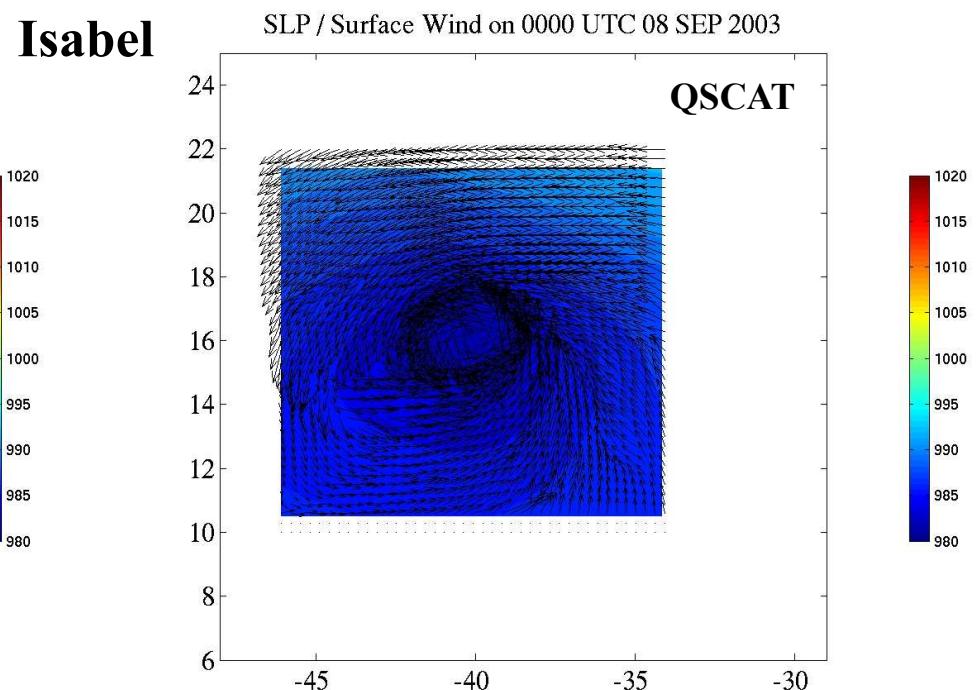
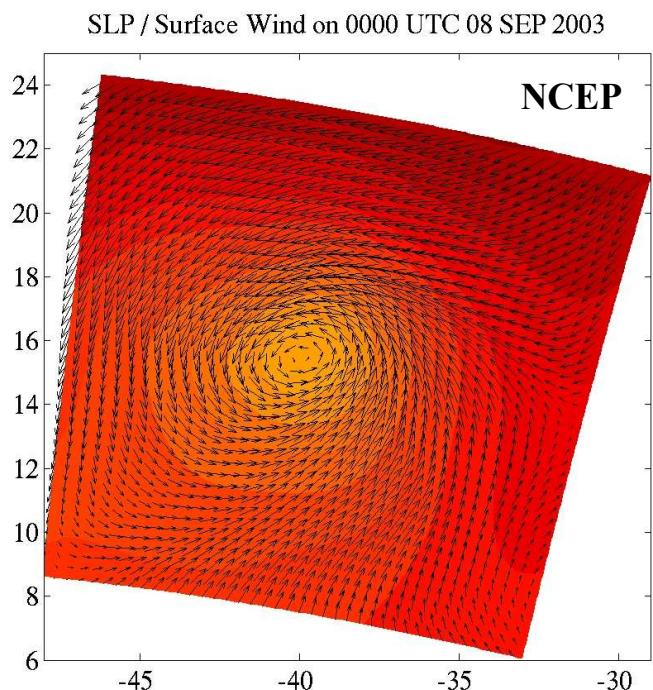


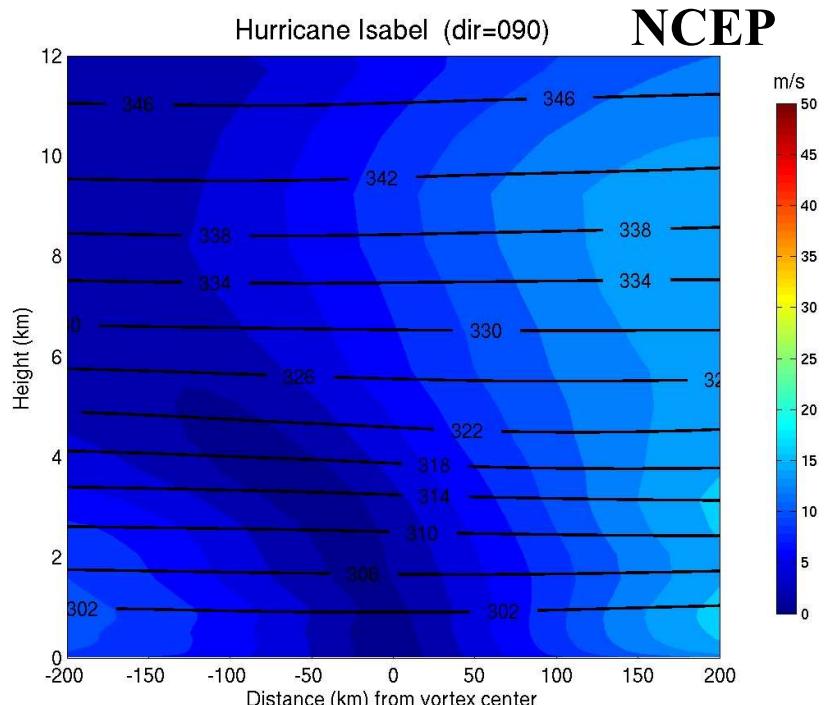
Initialization Method

- Construct 3-D vortex using QuikSCAT winds
- Generate dynamically/thermodynamically balanced initial vortex using 4DVar

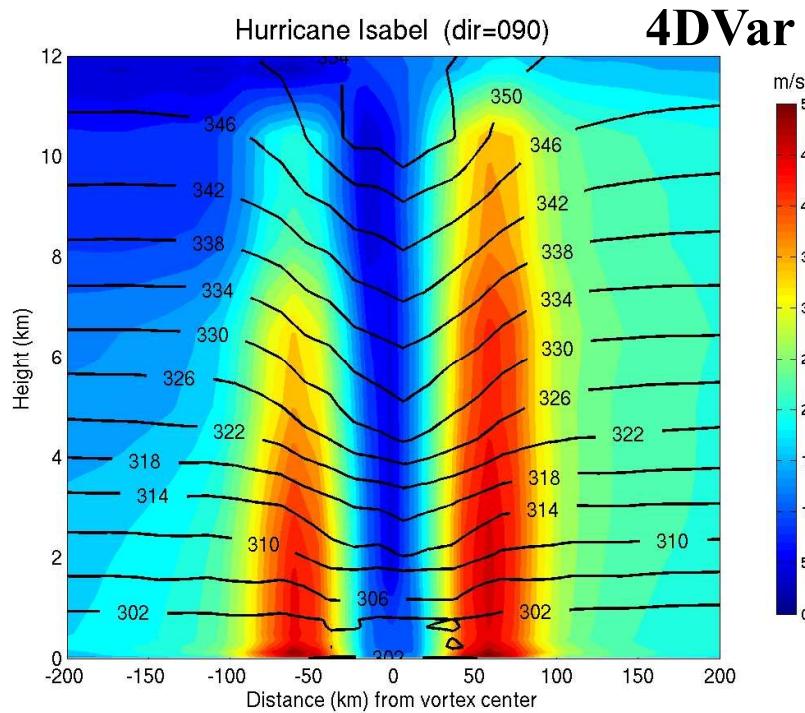
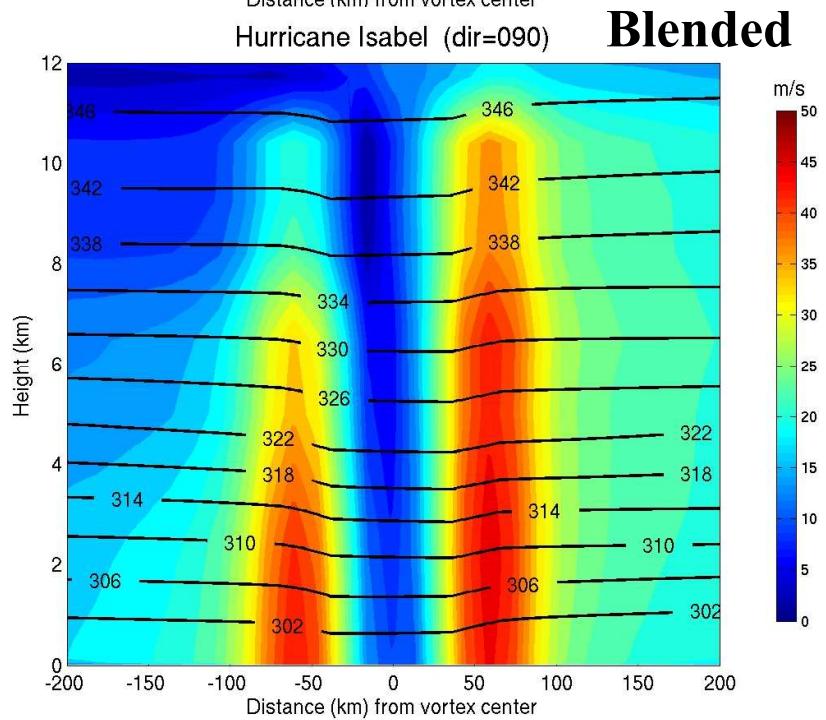


Experiments of Hurricanes Fabian and Isabel (2003)

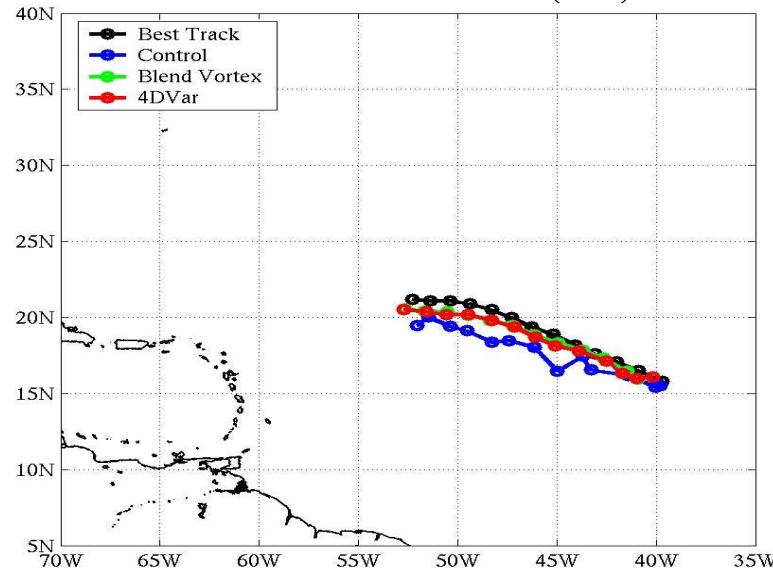




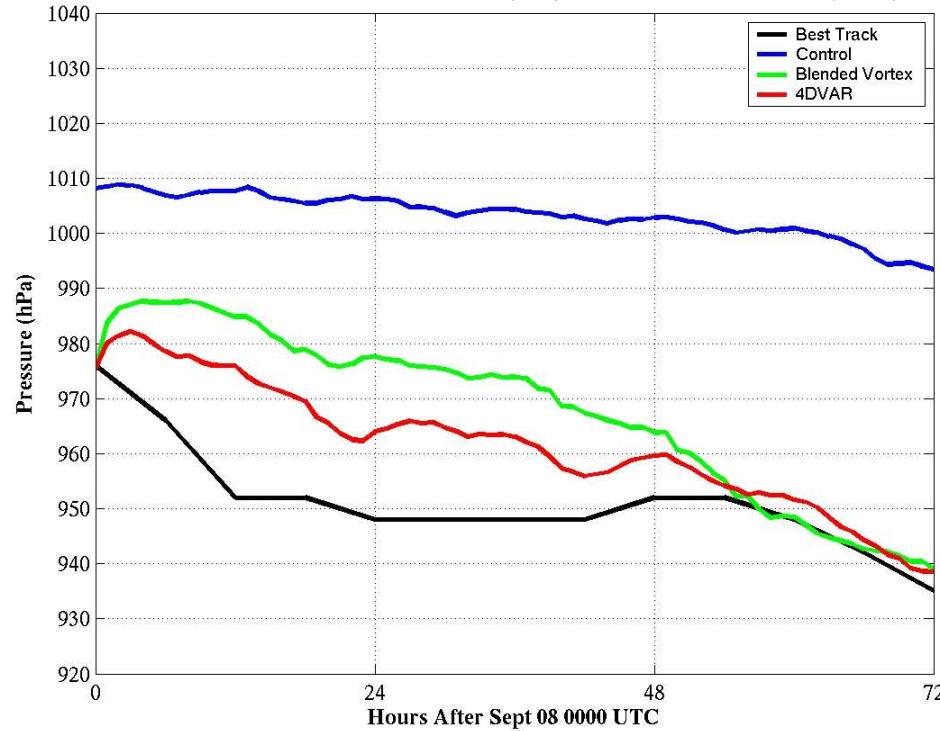
Vertical cross sections of potential temperature (black lines) and wind speed (color).



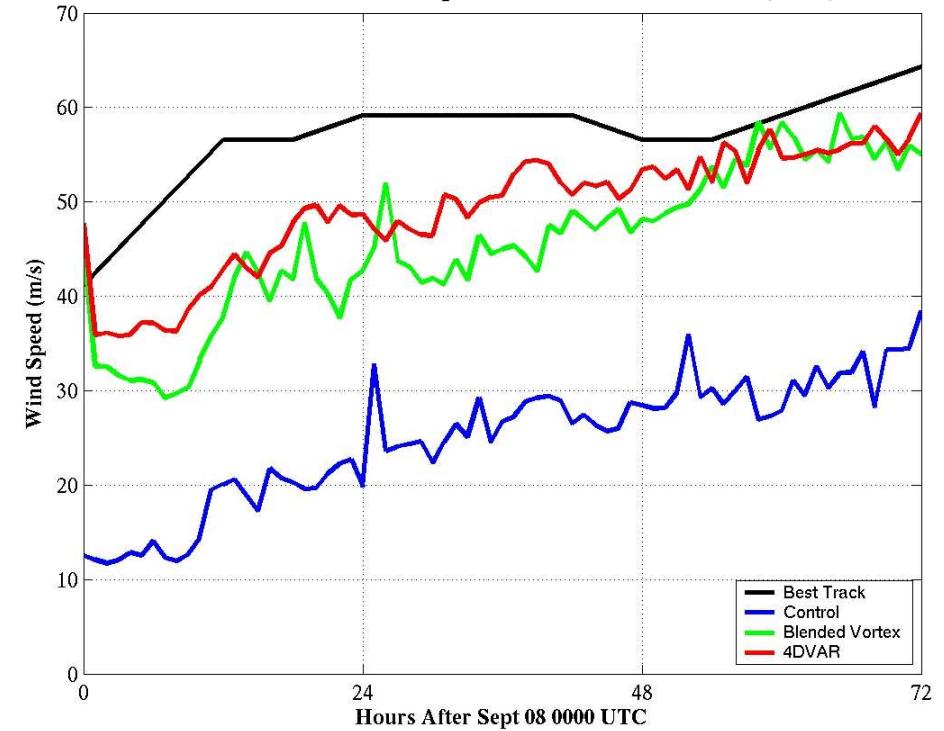
Tracks of Hurricane Isabel (2003)

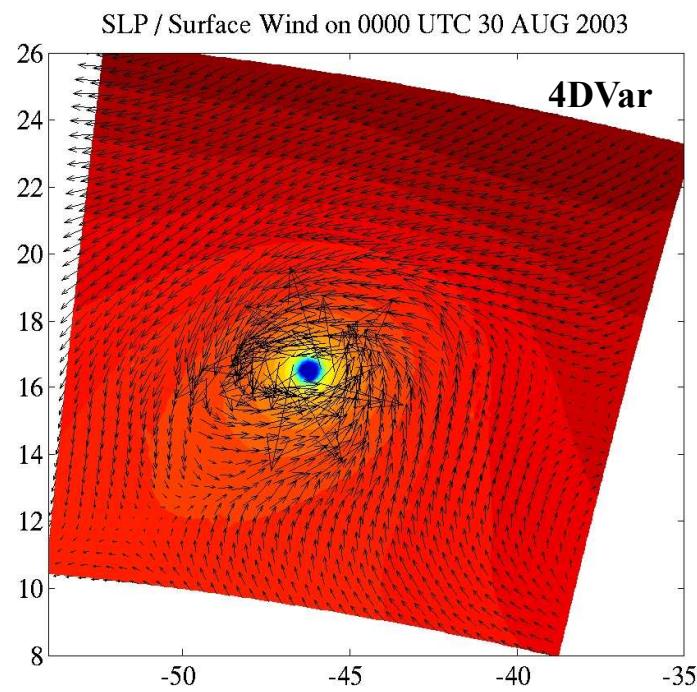
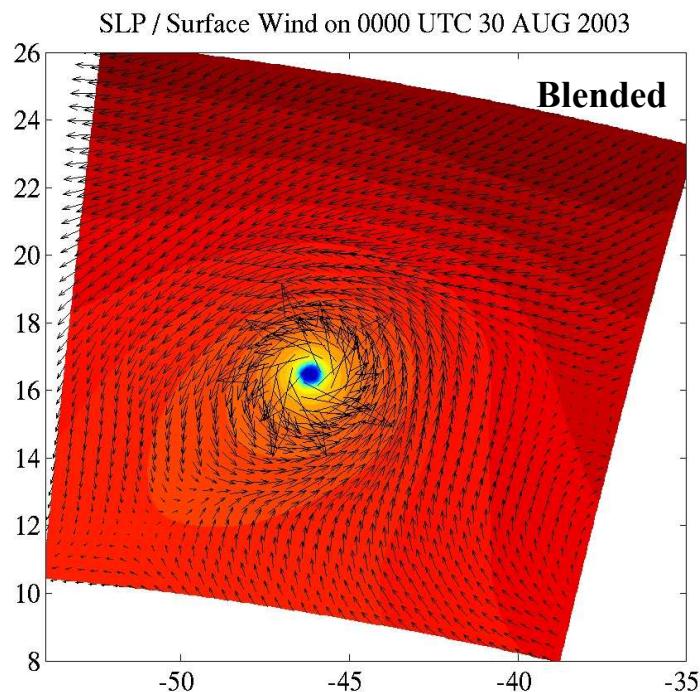
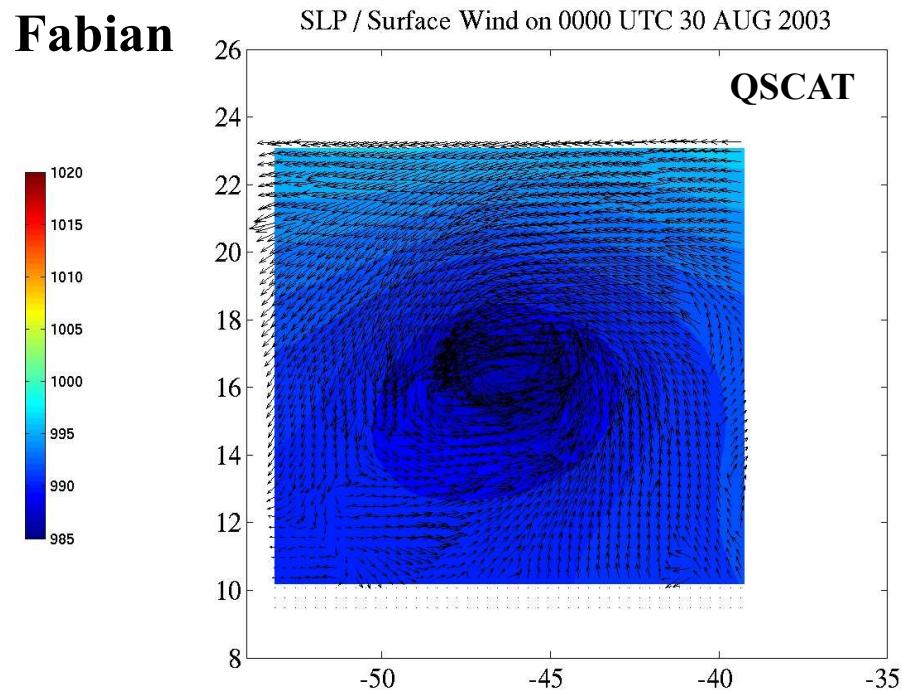
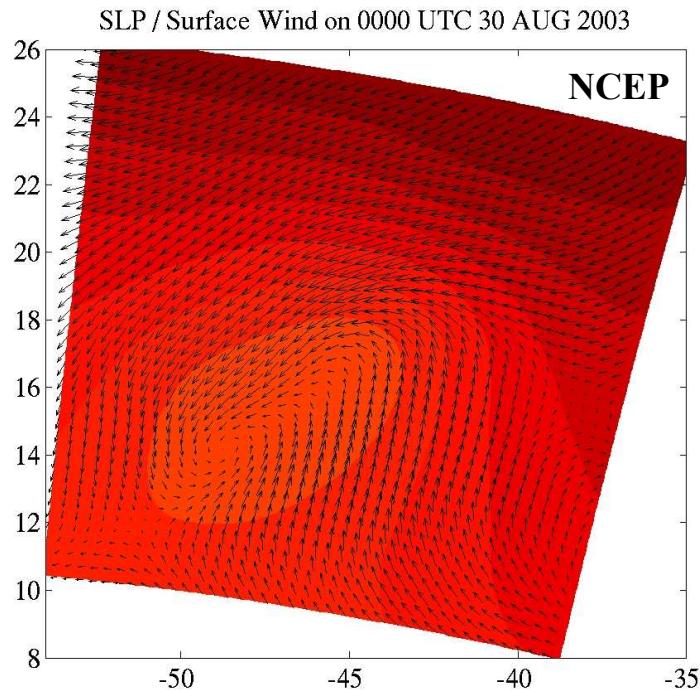


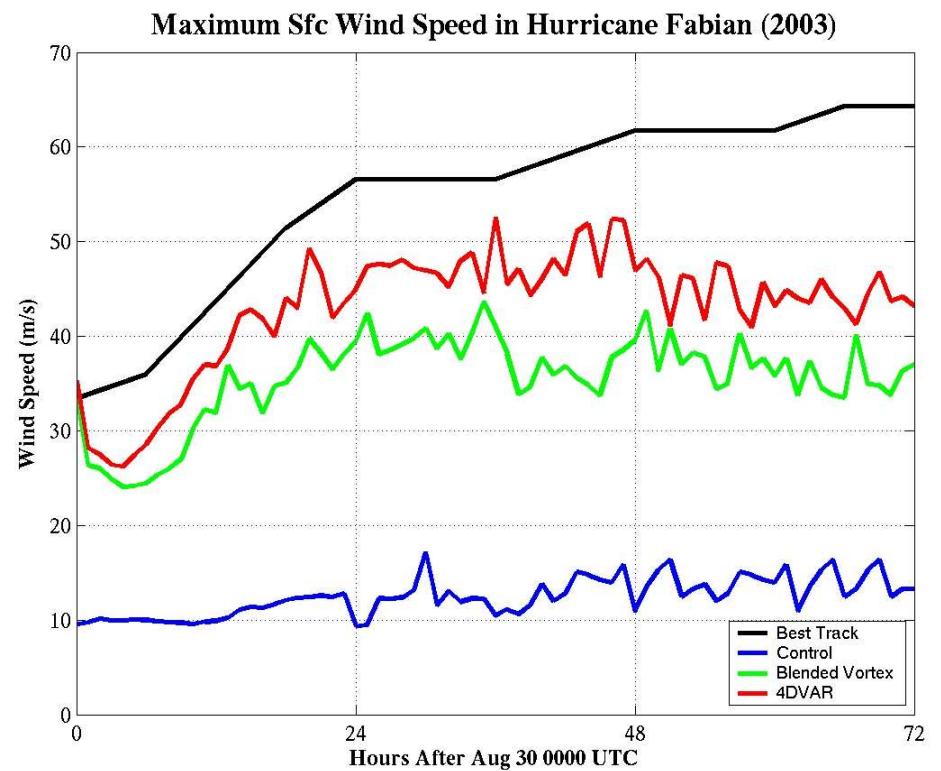
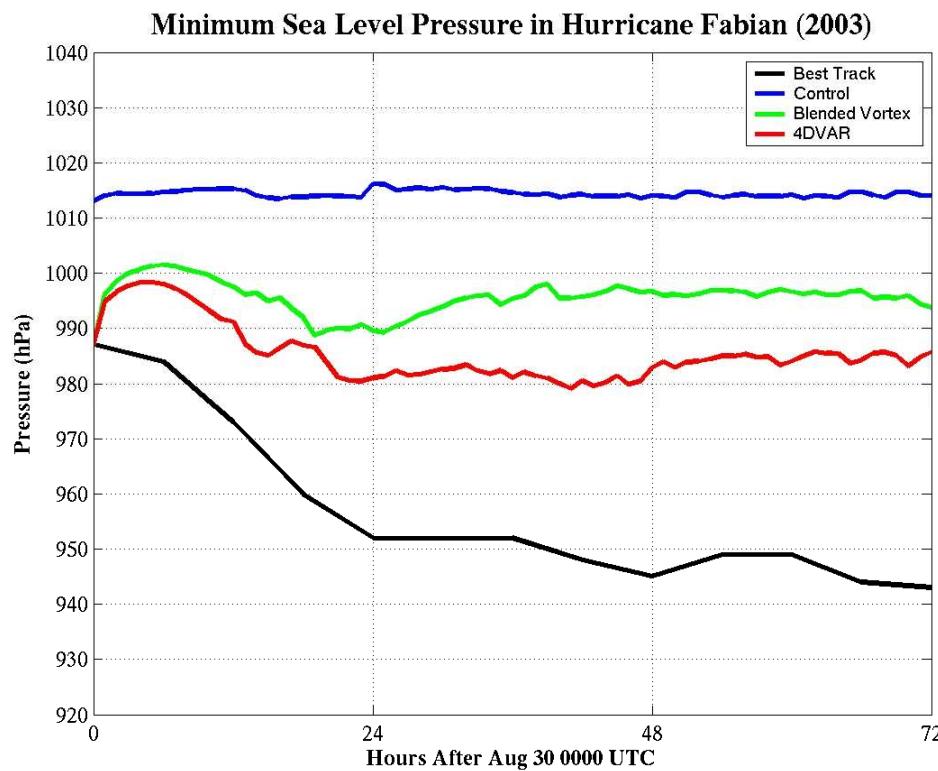
Minimum Sea Level Pressure (mb) in Hurricane Isabel (2003)



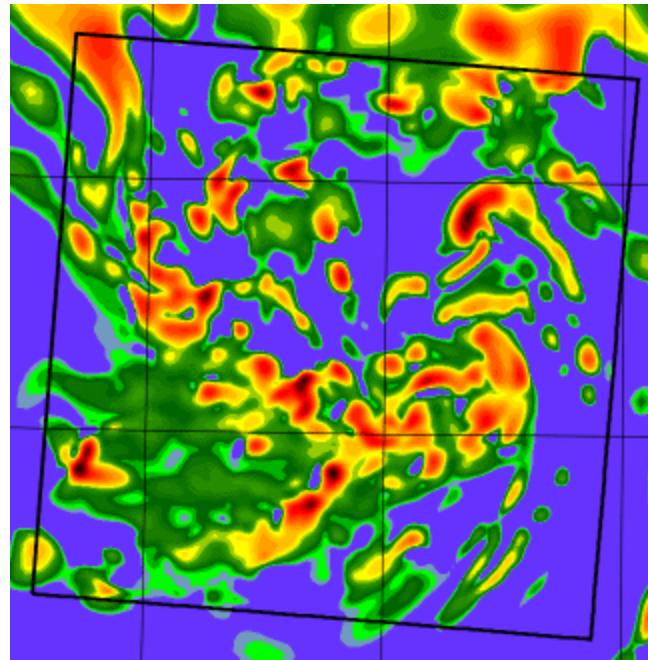
Maximum Sfc Wind Speed in Hurricane Isabel (2003)



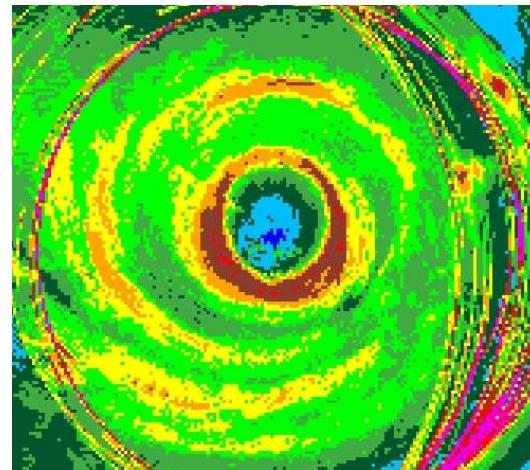




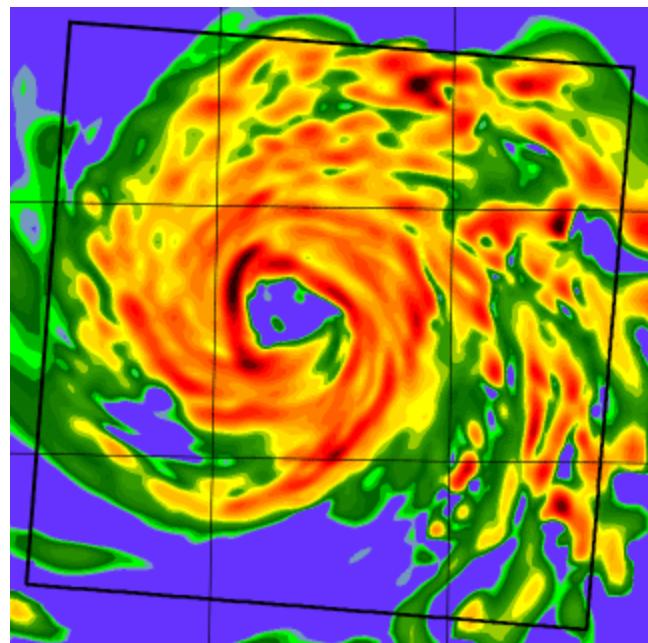
CTL NCEP



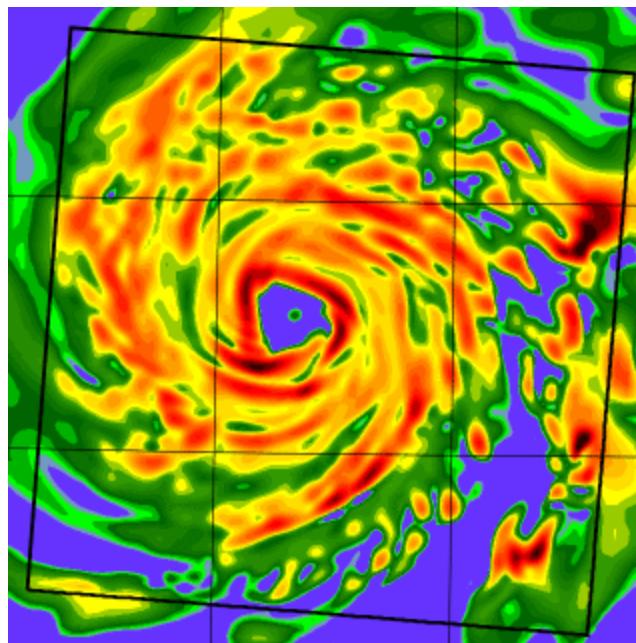
HRD P3 LF Radar Reflectivity



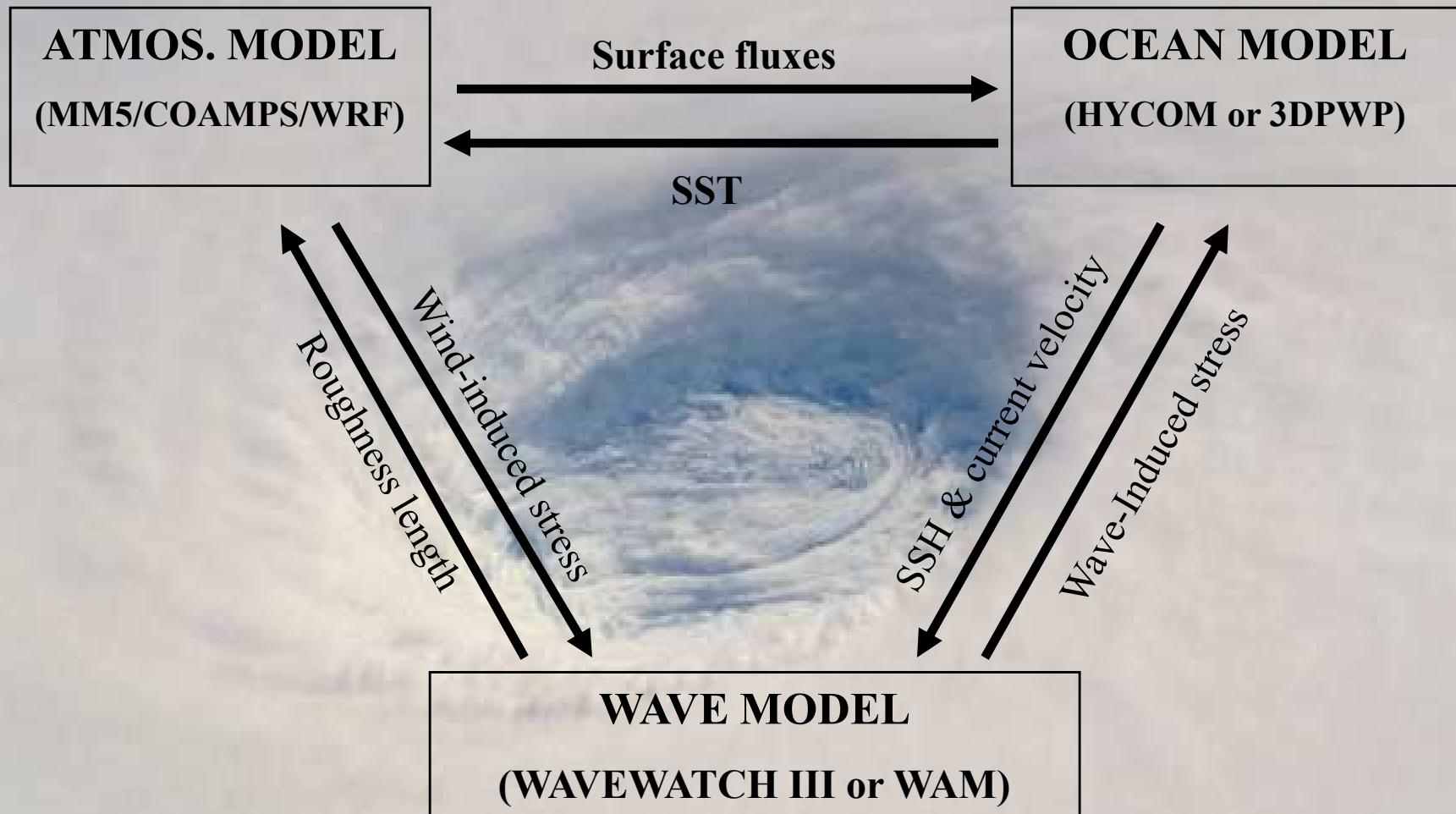
Qscat Blended



Qscat 4DVar



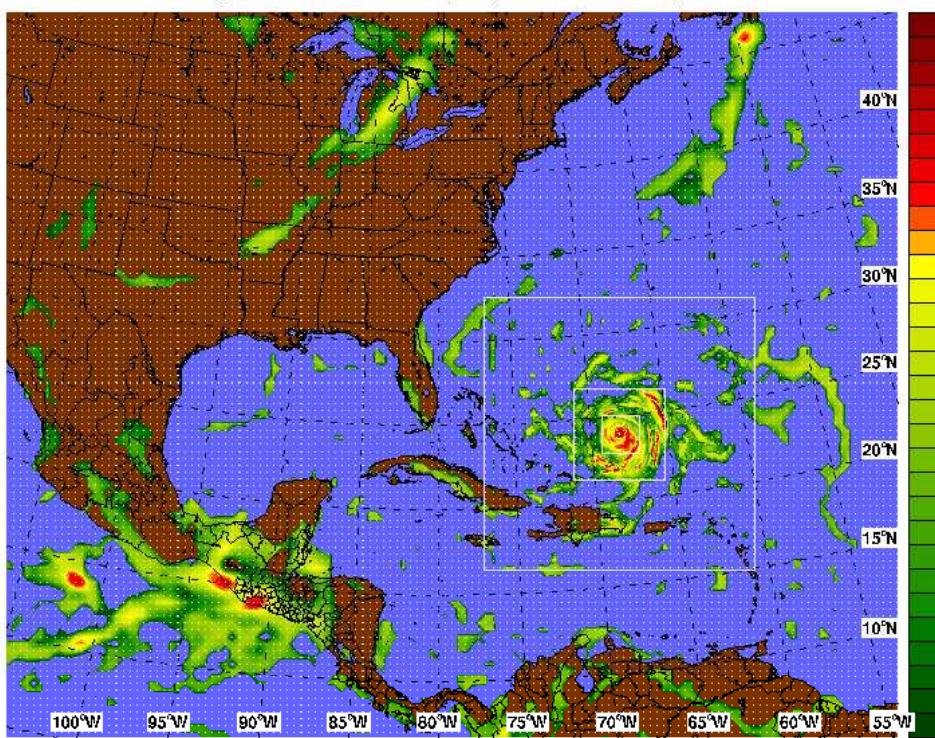
Coupled Atmosphere-Wave-Ocean Modeling System for Hurricane Predictions



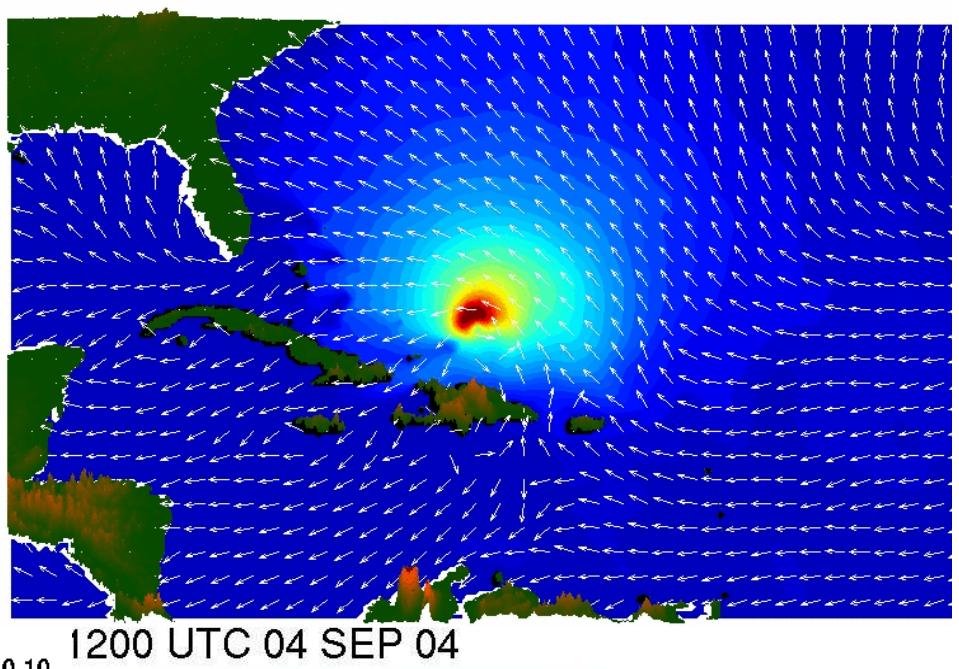
Chen et al. (2006)



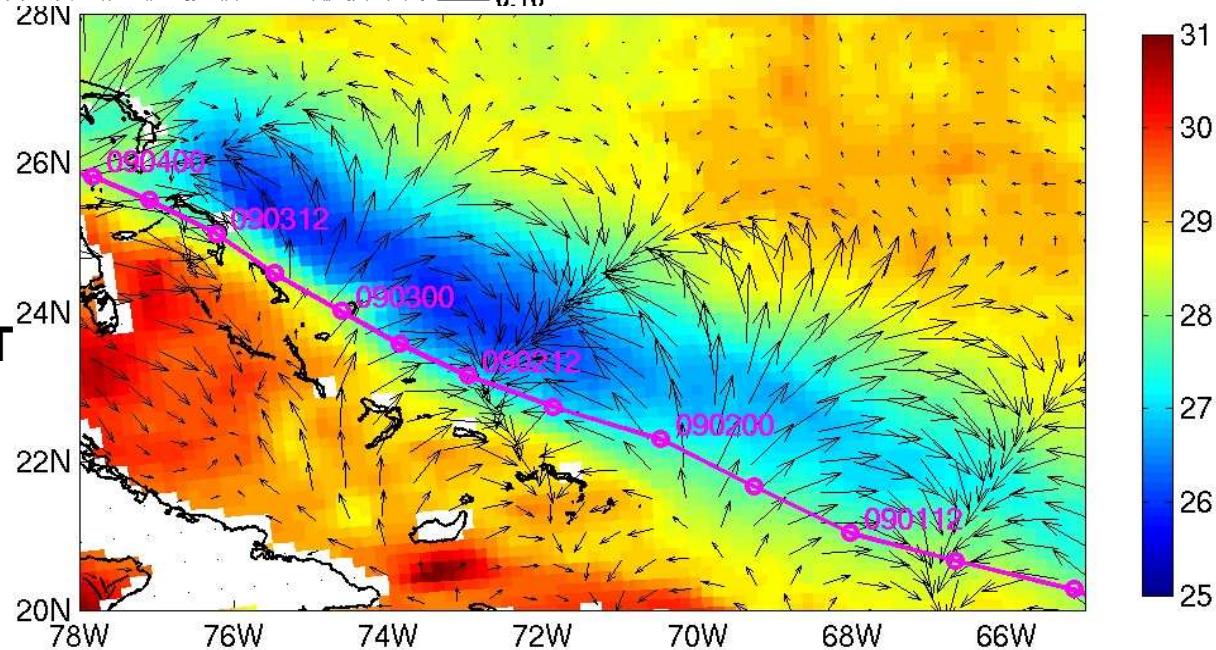
Hourly Rainfall Accumulation (mm) for 012 Mon 13 Sep 1999



Significant Wave Height / Wave Direction 20040902 0300UTC (Hurricane)

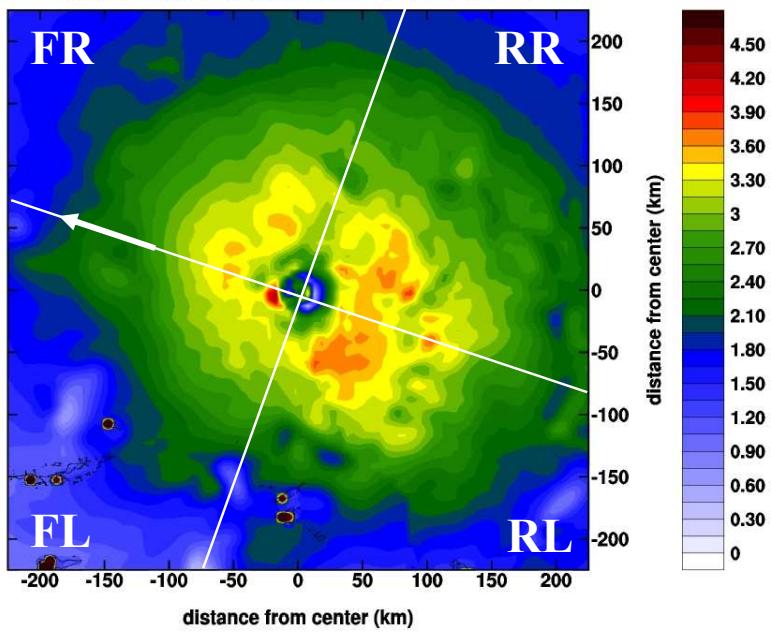


Coupled model SST and sfc current



Coupled

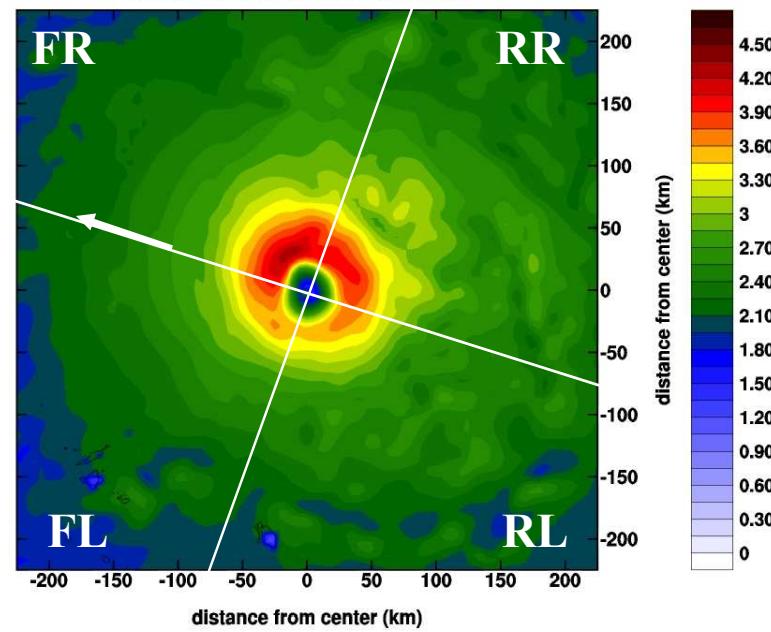
Frances Ocean/Wave Coupled $C_D(10^{-3})$ for 1200 UTC 31 Aug 2004



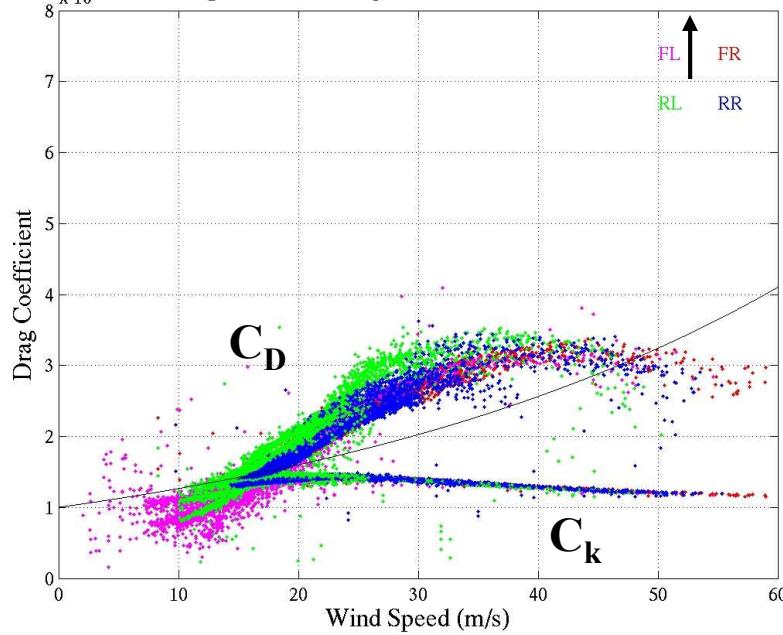
Hurricane Frances (2004)

Uncoupled

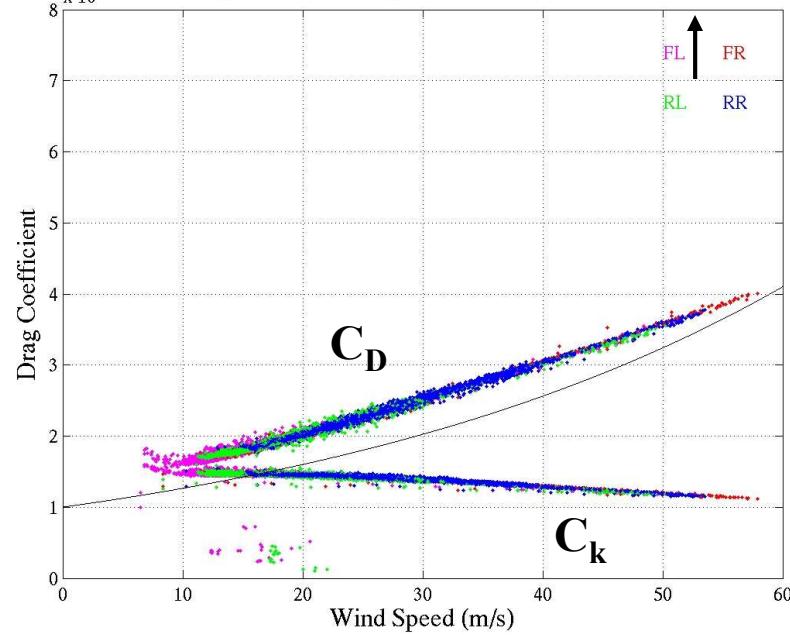
Frances Uncoupled $C_D(10^{-3})$ for 1200 UTC 31 Aug 2004



Coupled Model Drag Coefficients at 2004083112

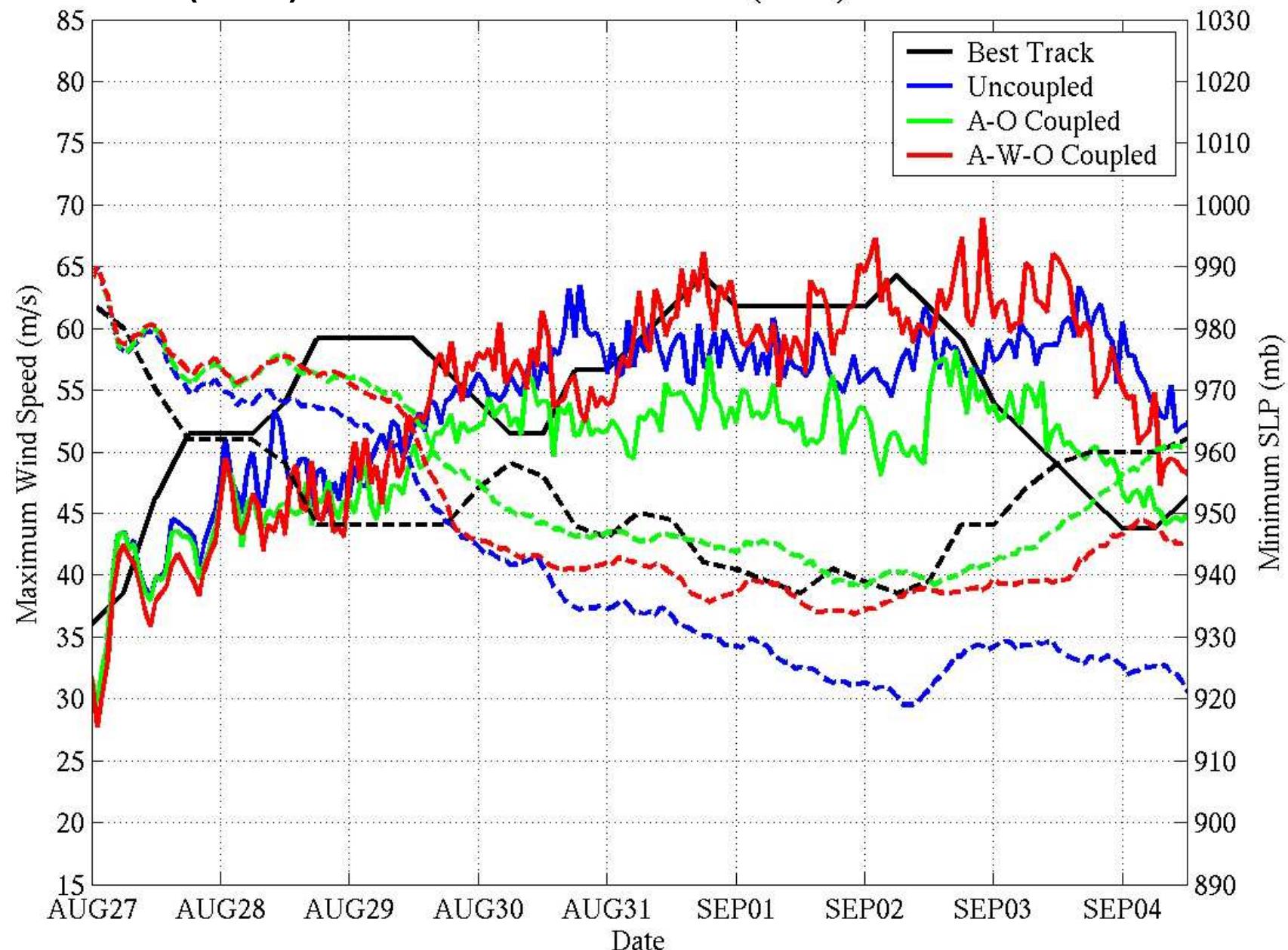


Uncoupled Model Drag Coefficients at 2004083112

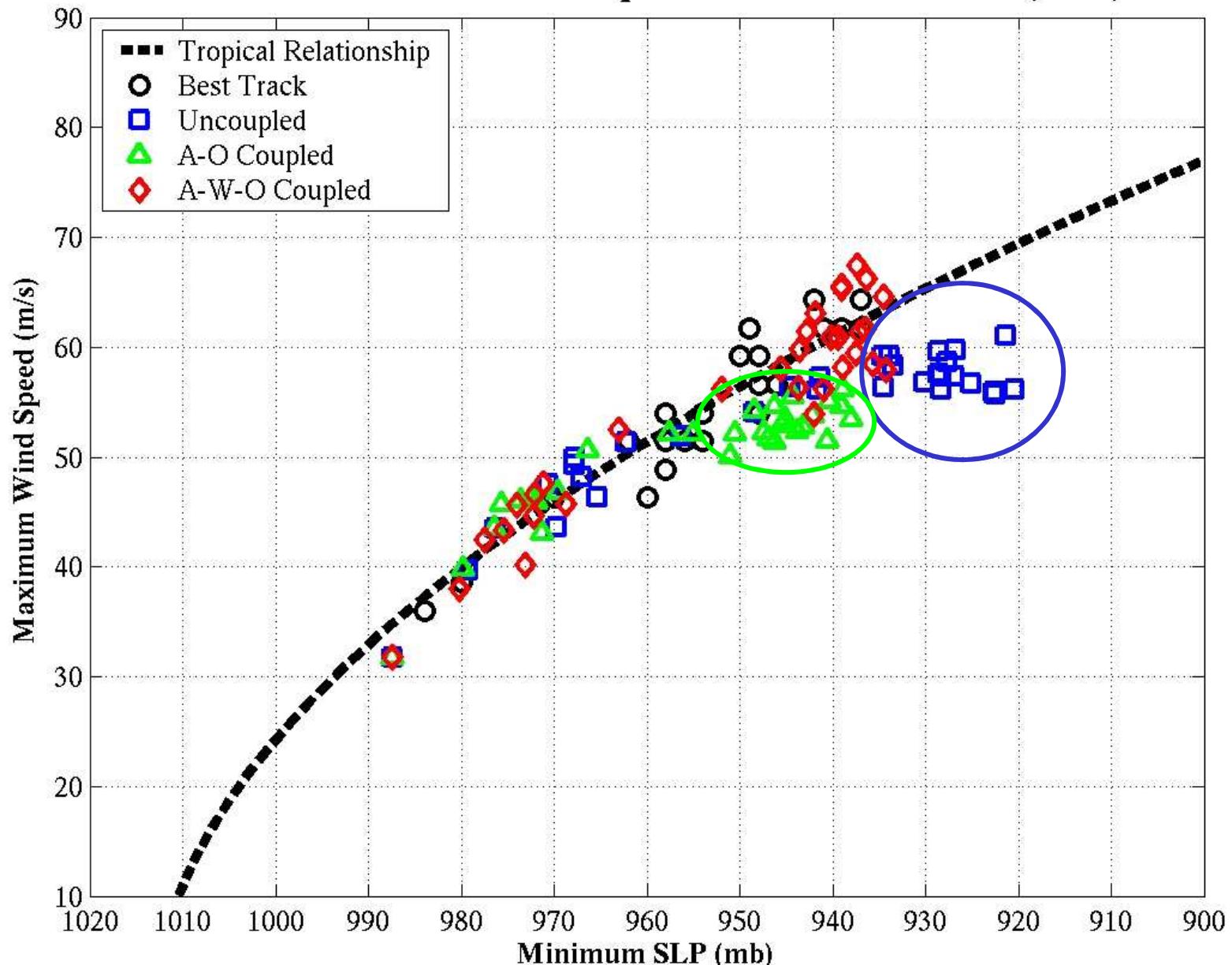


Chen et al. (2006)

Hurricane Frances (2004)

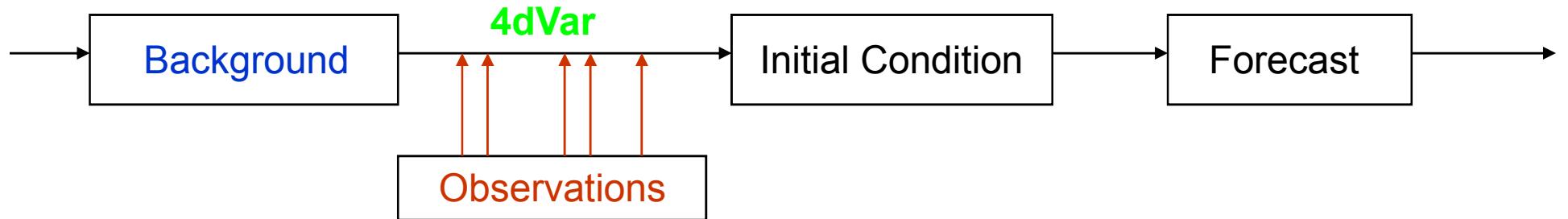


Chen et al. (2006)
Wind-Pressure Relationship of Hurricane Frances (2004)



Future Work

- How to improve data assimilation (DA)?
 - Traditional DA combines one ‘background’ estimate (from the model) with **observations**.



- Background and observations contain errors.
- Moreover, errors in the background field are **correlated**; e.g. surface wind field is correlated with surface pressure field, and the wind field aloft in a hurricane.

Future Work

- Errors in the background field need to be specified accurately in data assimilation
 - Current specification in 4dVar is poor
 - No time-dependence
 - No flow-dependent covariance structure
 - Prescribe background-error covariance via short-range MM5/WRF ensemble forecasts.
 - Exploit strengths of ensemble and 4dVar; potentially powerful in operational forecasts.

Hybrid Ensemble Kalman Filter / 4dVar

- Improved ensemble-based background-error covariance is fed into 4dVar, to provide a new initial state.
- A new **ensemble of initial states** is then produced via adding the above initial state to a linear combination of perturbations computed from the background ensemble.
- Generate **probabilistic forecasts** of hurricane track, intensity and rainfall.

